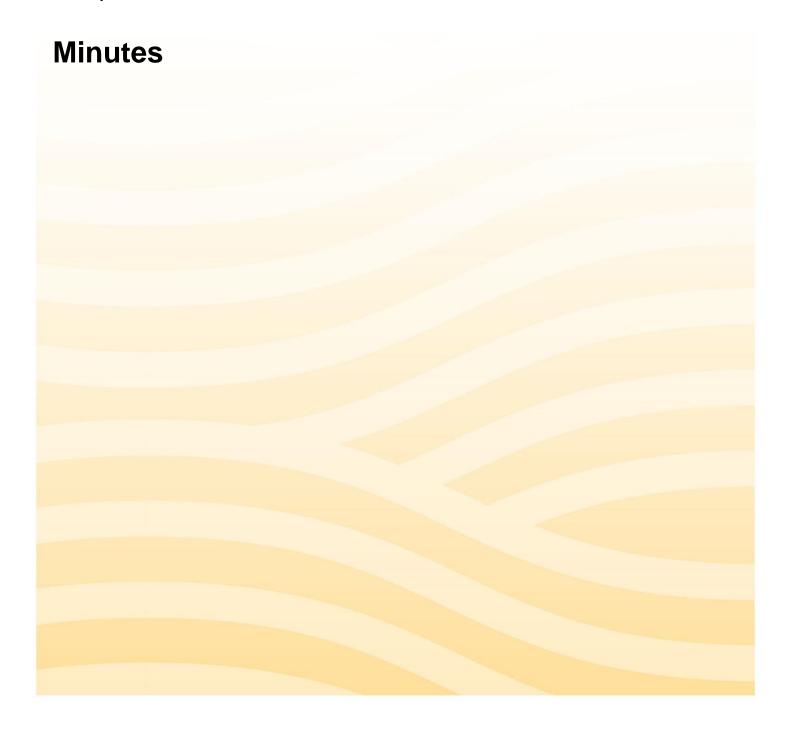


Application Assessment Panel

Tuesday 6 February 2024 3.00pm



Application Assessment Panel Minutes

Tuesday 6 February 2024

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Application Assessment Panel

Minutes of the Meeting held on 6 February 2024 at 3.00pm.

Present: Scott Pedder (Director – Planning & Place) (Chair)

Craig Jenner (Team Leader – Building & Compliance)
Anne White (Manager – Strategic Planning & Place)

Staff: Brett McIntyre (Senior Assessment Officer)

Carolyn Nurmi (Governance Officer)

Also in Attendance: Nil

1. Opening

The Chair declared the Application Assessment Panel Meeting of 6 February 2024 open and welcomed Panel members, staff and members of the public who are watching and listening to this meeting.

2. Acknowledgement of Country (Gadigal People and Birrabirragal People)

The Chair read the following Acknowledgement of Country:

I would like to acknowledge that we are here today on the land of the Gadigal and Birrabirragal people, the traditional custodians of the land. On behalf of Woollahra Council, I acknowledge Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people attending today and I pay my respects to Elders past, present and emerging.

3. Leave of Absence and Apologies

Nil

4. Late Correspondence

Late correspondence was submitted to the committee in relation to Item D1

5. Disclosures of Interest

Nil

Item No: D1 Delegated to Committee

Subject: CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON 30 JANUARY

2024

Author: Sue O'Connor, Governance Officer

File No: 24/14293

Purpose of the The Minutes of the Application Assessment Panel of 30 January 2024

were previously circulated. In accordance with the guidelines for

Committees' operations it is now necessary that those Minutes be

formally taken as read and confirmed.

Alignment to Strategy 11.3: Ensure effective and efficient governance and risk

Delivery Program: management.

(Pedder/White)

Resolved:

Report:

THAT the Minutes of the Application Assessment Panel Meeting of 30 January 2024 be taken as read and confirmed.

ITEM No. D2

FILE No. DA300/2020/6

ADDRESS 30-36 Bay Street Double Bay

PROPOSED Modification to Conditions I.7 a) and I.23 a) relating to restrictions on

MODIFICATION window and door opening time

Note: Late correspondence was tabled by Brett McIntyre, Council's Senior Assessment

Officer.

Note: Neil Perry, Restaurant Owner, Matthew Barakat, Owner addressed the Panel.

Reason for Decision

The application has been assessed within the framework of the matters for consideration under Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and is recommended for approval because:

- The development consent as proposed to be modified, is considered to be substantially the same as the originally approved development;
- The proposed modifications satisfy section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979;
- It is considered to be satisfactory with all relevant planning policies including the objectives of WLEP 2014 and WDCP 2015;
- It will not have adverse effects on the local built and natural environment nor any adverse social and economic impacts in the locality;
- All likely impacts to adjoining properties including any submissions made have been addressed in the report, or are considered to be satisfactory;
- The site is suitable for the proposed development; and
- The proposed modifications are in the public interest

(White/Jenner)

Resolved: Pursuant to Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, modify development consent to Development Application No. 300/2020/1 for the change of use to the ground floor premises from the approved retail shop to a new restaurant on land at 30-36 Bay Street Double Bay, subject to the following:

Modification Summary

DA Application Number (PAN Number)	Determination Date	Modification Description
(PAN Number)		
DA 2020/300/2 (73293)	30/04/2021	Addition of Condition A.3(a)
		Amendment of Conditions I.4 and I.5
DA 2020/300/3 (80632)	29/04/2021	Deletion of Conditions I.9(c) and (d)
DA 2020/300/4 (364708)	DA Withdrawn	N/A
DA 2020/300/5 (107774)	15/07/2021	Deletion of Condition I.7(c)
DA 2020/300/6 (364708)	06/02/2023	Amendment of Conditions I.7 and I.23

A. General Conditions

A.1 Conditions

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 4.16 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* ("the *Act*") and the provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000* ("the *Regulation*") such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 4.15 of the *Act*.

Standard Condition: A1 (Autotext AA1)

A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise, words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

Applicant means the applicant for this consent.

Approved Plans mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

AS or **AS/NZS** means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

BCA means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any Construction Certificate.

Council means Woollahra Municipal Council

Court means the Land and Environment Court

Local native plants means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

Stormwater drainage system means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- the collection of stormwater,
- the retention of stormwater,
- the reuse of stormwater,
- the detention of stormwater,
- the controlled release of stormwater; and
- connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

Owner means the owner of the site and successors in title to the site.

Owner-builder has the same meaning as in the Home Building Act 1989.

PC means the Principal Certifier under the Act.

Principal Contractor has the same meaning as in the *Act*, or where a Principal Contractor has not been appointed by the Owner of the land being developed Principal Contractor means the Owner of the land being developed.

Professional engineer has the same meaning as in the BCA.

Public place has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993.

Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.

SEE means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the Applicant.

Site means the land being developed subject to this consent.

Woollahra LEP means Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014

Woollahra DCP means Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015

Work for the purposes of this consent means:

- the use of land in connection with development,
- the subdivision of land,
- the erection of a building.
- the carrying out of any work,
- the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the demolition of a building,
- the piling, piering, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- the delivery to or removal from the site of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an occupation certificate.

Note: Interpretation of conditions - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council.

Standard Condition: A2 (Autotext AA2)

A.3 Approved Plans and Supporting Documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with both the architectural plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant unless modified by any following condition.

Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
Dwg No. DA01 Issue A	Ground Floor Plan	All by Lawton Hurley	January 2021
Dwg No. DA01 Issue A	First Floor Plan	Architects	August 2020
19234	Parking Statement	TTPP	30 June 2020
20201241.2/1801A/R0/HC	Acoustic Report	Acoustic Logic	18/01/2021

Note: Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the Applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)

Standard Condition: A5 (Autotext AA5)

A.3(a) Approved Amended (s4.55) Plans and supporting documents

Those acting upon or under this amended consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the approved plans and supporting documents listed in the original consent, as amended by the amended architectural approved plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents as submitted by the Applicant listed below otherwise than modified by further condition(s). Where the plans relate to amendments, alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
DA01 Issue C	Ground Floor Plan	All by Lawton Hurley	All dated
DA02 Issue C	Level 1 Floor Plan		February 2021

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions modifying the development imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)Standard Condition: A6 (Autotext AA6)

[Added on 30/04/2021 under DA300/2020/2 (PAN - 73293)]

A.3(b) Approved Amended (s4.55) Plans and supporting documents

Those acting upon or under this amended consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the approved plans and supporting documents listed in the original consent, as amended by the amended architectural approved plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents as submitted by the Applicant listed below otherwise than modified by further condition(s). Where the plans relate to amendments, alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
20230758.1/0108A/R0/JHT	Acoustic Report	Acoustic Logic	01/08/2023

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions modifying the development imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)Standard Condition: A6 (Autotext AA6)

[Added on 06/02/2023 under DA300/2020/6 (PAN-364708)]

A.4 Ancillary Aspects of Development (section 4.17(2) of the Act)

The Owner must procure the repair, replacement or rebuilding of all road pavement, kerb, gutter, footway, footpaths adjoining the site or damaged as a result of work under this consent or as a consequence of work under this consent. Such work must be undertaken to Council's satisfaction in accordance with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012) unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the Owner's expense.

Note: This condition does not affect the Principal Contractor's or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs.

Standard Condition: A8 (Autotext AA8)

A.5 Development Consent is not granted in relation to Signage

This approval does not give consent to the installation of any advertising/signage (see **note** below) located to the frontage of the subject site which encroaches onto or over Council's road reserve of Bay Street or Guilfoyle Avenue.

Note: This condition does not apply to any advertising and/or signage which is permitted under Division 2 (Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code) of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

B.1 Construction Certificate Required Prior to Any Demolition

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 6.6 of the *Act*.

In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a Principal Certifier, and Notice of Commencement under the *Act*.

Note: See Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc [2001]
NSWLEC 125.
Standard Condition: B1 (Autotext BB1)

B.2 Public Road Assets Prior to Any Work/Demolition

To clarify the condition of the existing public infrastructure prior to the commencement of any development (including prior to any demolition), the Applicant or Owner must submit to Council a full record of the condition of the public road infrastructure adjacent to the development site.

The report must be submitted to Council **prior to the commencement of any work** and include photographs showing current condition and any existing damage fronting and adjoining the site to the:

- road pavement,
- kerb and gutter,
- footway including footpath pavement and driveways,
- retaining walls within the footway or road, and
- drainage structures/pits.

The reports are to be supplied in both paper copy and electronic format in Word. Photographs are to be in colour, digital and date stamped.

If the required report is not submitted then Council will assume there was no damage to any infrastructure in the immediate vicinity of the site prior to the commencement of any work under this consent.

Note: If the Applicant or Owner fails to submit the asset condition report required by this condition and damage is occasioned to public assets adjoining the site, Council will deduct from security any costs associated with remedying, repairing or replacing damaged public infrastructure. Nothing in this condition prevents Council making any claim against security held for this purpose Standard Condition: B7

C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate

C.1 Modification of details of the development (section 4.17 (1) (g) of the Act)

The approved plans and the Construction Certificate plans and specification, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation, must detail the following amendments:

- a) The proposed fixed windows are to be a minimum of 10.38mm laminated Glazing with the minimum Rw35.
- b) The proposed sliding glass doors and windows are to be a minimum of 6.38mm laminated Glazing Aluminium Fame with the minimum Rw34 and minimum TL as shown below:

Minimum TL of the Proposed 6.38mm Laminated Glazing with Bi-Fold Frame (Rw34)

63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k
16.7	19.9	26.6	29.3	32.8	31.9	33.9	39.9

- c) The maximum openable area on each façade is to comply with the following;
 - i. **Eastern façade facing Bay Street:** maximum allowable openable glazed façade (before 9.00pm) is 3.0m long (as highlighted in red below); and
 - ii. **North-eastern façade facing Guilfoyle Avenue:** maximum allowable openable glazed façade (before 9.00pm) is 4.0m long (as highlighted in blue below).

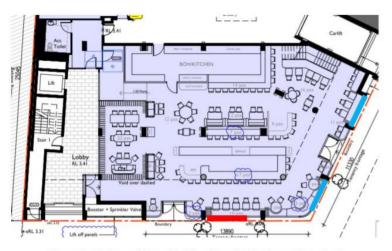


Figure 2 - Mark-up of Openable Glazed Façade (daytime and evening)

- All external doors being fitted with self-closing devices.
- e) In order to ensure that amplified music in the venue does not to exceed a sound pressure level of 70 dB(A) L10, an appropriate tamper proof noise limiter device shall be fixed to such equipment and shown on the construction certificate plans.
- f) Speakers are to be vibration isolated from the building structure by NRD type rubber mounts or equal.

Note: The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the Construction Certificate drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 4.15 of the Act.

Note: Clause 146 of the Regulation prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate subject to this condition unless the Certifying Authority is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

Note: Clause 145 of the Regulation prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate that is inconsistent with this consent.

C.2 Payment of Long Service Levy, Security, Contributions and Fees

The Certifying Authority must not issue any certificates under section 6.4 of the *Act* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, Subdivision Certificate or Occupation Certificate, as will apply.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code			
	LONG SERVICE LEVY under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986					
Long Service Levy www.longservice.nsw.gov.au/bci/levy/other- information/levy-calculator	Contact LSL Corporation or use No online calculator					
SECURITY under section 4.17(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979						
Property Damage Security Deposit -making good any damage caused to any property of the Council	\$8,780.00	No	T115			
DEVELOPMENT LEVY under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011 This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded at www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au						
Development Levy (section 7.12)	\$850.00 + Index Amount	Yes, quarterly	T96			
INSPECTION FEES under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993						
Security Administration Fee	\$202.00	No	T16			
TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES	\$9,832.00 plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy					

Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment

The long service levy under section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act 1986*, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate. The levy can be paid directly to the Long Service Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Corporation website www.longservice.nsw.gov.au or the Long Service Corporation on 131 441.

How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

- cash deposit with Council,
- credit card payment with Council, or
- bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution,
- the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable],
- the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent,
- the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, and
- the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

How will the section 7.12 levy (formerly known as 94A levy) be indexed?

To ensure that the value the development levy is not eroded over time by increases in costs, the proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the levy.

Do you need HELP indexing the levy?

Please contact Council's Customer Service Team on ph 9391 7000. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted development levy will delay the issue of any certificate issued under section 6.4 of the *Act* and could void any such certificate (eg Construction Certificate, Subdivision Certificate, or Occupation Certificate).

Deferred or periodic payment of section 7.12 levy (formerly known as 94A levy) under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011

Where the Applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 7.12 levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- the reasons given,
- whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities,
- whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of the Plan, and
- whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely
 affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

- the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution,
- the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable],
- the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person
 who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to
 the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent,
- the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, and
- the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or periodic payment of the section 7.12 levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the Plan. The Applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid.

Standard Condition: C5

C.3 Waste Storage - Commercial

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must make provision for:

 A dedicated and enclosed waste and recycling storage area behind the building line or within non-habitable areas of the building.
 Standard Condition: C18 (Autotext: CC18)

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C.4 Structural Adequacy of Existing Supporting Structures

A certificate from a professional engineer (structural engineer), certifying the adequacy of the existing supporting structure to support the additional loads proposed to be imposed by the development, must be submitted with the Construction Certificate application.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that the existing structure is able to support the additional loads proposed.

Standard Condition: C35 (Autotext CC35)

C.5 Professional Engineering Details

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydrogeological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the application for any Construction Certificate.

Note: This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged Construction Certificates. Standard Condition: C36

C.6 Light and Ventilation

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation, must detail all a lighting, mechanical ventilation or air-conditioning systems complying with Part F.4 of the BCA or clause 3.8.4 and 3.8.5 of the BCA Housing Provisions, inclusive of AS 1668.1, AS 1668.2 and AS/NZS 3666.1. If an alternate solution is proposed then the Construction Certificate application must include a statement as to how the performance requirements of the BCA are to be complied with and support the performance based solution by expert evidence of suitability. This condition does not set aside the mandatory requirements of the Public Health (Microbial Control) Regulation2000 in relation to regulated systems. This condition does not set aside the effect of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 in relation to offensive noise or odour.

Note: Clause 98 of the Regulation requires compliance with the BCA. Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prevents the issue of a *Construction Certificate* unless the *Accredited Certifier/Council* is satisfied that compliance has been achieved. Schedule 1, Part 3 of the *Regulation* details what information must be submitted with any *Construction Certificate*. It is the Applicant's responsibility to demonstrate compliance through the Construction Certificate application process. Applicants must also consider possible noise and odour nuisances that may arise. The provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997 have overriding effect if offensive noise or odour arises from the use. Applicant's must pay attention to the location of air intakes and air exhausts relative to sources of potentially contaminated air and neighbouring windows and air intakes respectively, see section 2 and 3 of <u>AS 1668.2</u>.

Standard Condition C59

C.7 Food Premises – Construction Certificate Plans and Specifications

The person with the benefit of this consent must submit to Council details for the construction and fit out of food premises. Such details must demonstrate compliance with the *Food Act* 2003, *Food Regulation* 2004; the *Food Standards Code* as published by Food Standards Australia and New Zealand and Australian Standard AS 4674-2004: *Construction and fit out of food premises*.

No *Construction Certificate* relating to the construction or fitout of food premises must be issued until Council's Environmental Health Officers' have advised in writing that the plans and specification are considered satisfactory.

The details for the construction and fit out of food premises, as considered satisfactory by Council's Environmental Health Officers' must form part of any *Construction Certificate*.

Note: The assessment of food premises fitout plans and specifications is subject to an adopted fee.

The construction and fitout of food premises is not listed under clause 161 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation* 2000 as a matter that a *Certifying Authority* may be satisfied as to. Hence, the detailed plans & specifications must be referred to Council and be to Council's satisfaction prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate* for such works.

Standard Condition: C65

C.8 Ventilation - Kitchen Exhaust- Smoke & Odour Control

- a) The discharge of air from the kitchen exhaust ventilation system(s) is considered an obnoxious discharge under Section 3.7 of Australian Standard 1668.2-1991. All exhaust air and spill air shall be discharged to atmosphere in such a manner as not to cause a danger or nuisance to occupants in the building, occupants of neighbouring buildings or members of the public.
- b) The design, construction and installation of the kitchen exhaust hood(s) shall comply with the requirements of Appendix E, 'Kitchen Exhaust Hoods' of AS 1668.2-1991 and Appendix F, 'Capture of Emissions By Kitchen Exhaust Hoods' of AS 1668.2-1991.
- c) A Smoke & Odour Impact Assessment Report is to be prepared by a suitably qualified engineer detailing the design specification of the proposed kitchen exhaust system, including all smoke and odour inhibiting controls and filtering systems.
- d) The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation, must detail all the kitchen exhaust ventilation system(s), including all smoke and odour controls and filtering systems. Upon completion and prior to occupation of the premises, the kitchen exhaust ventilation system(s) shall be certified by a qualified engineer that the system(s) has been installed in accordance with AS 1668.1 and AS 1668.2 and the design specification as detailed in the Smoke & Odour Impact Assessment Report.

C.9 Ventilation - Internal Sanitary Rooms

All internal sanitary rooms and laundry facilities not provided with natural ventilation must be provided with a system of mechanical exhaust ventilation in accordance with *Table B1 Minimum Exhaust Ventilation Flow Rates of AS 1668.2-1991*. Details of any proposed mechanical ventilation system(s) being submitted with the Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority demonstrating compliance with AS 1668 Parts 1 & 2.

D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work

D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u>

For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,

b) in the case of residential building work for which the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u> requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under the *Home Building Regulation* 2004, or
- b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.

Note: This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.

Note: All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia. Standard Condition: D1 (Autotext DD1)

D.2 Works (Construction) Zone – Approval and Implementation

A Works Zone may be required for this development. The Principal Contractor or Owner can apply for a works zone. If the works zone is approved the Principal Contractor or Owner must pay all fees for this Works Zone before it can be installed.

The Principal Contractor must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road as a Works Zone. All Works Zone signs must have been erected by Council to permit enforcement of the Works Zone by Council's Rangers and NSW Police before commencement of any work. Signs are not erected until full payment of works zone fees.

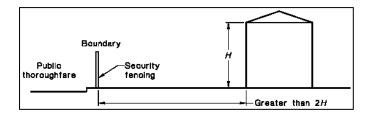
Note: The Principal Contractor or Owner must allow not less than four to six weeks (for routine applications) from the date of making an application to the Traffic Committee (Woollahra Local Traffic Committee) constituted under the clause 22 of the *Transport Administration (General) Regulation 2000* to exercise those functions delegated by the Roads and Maritime Services under section 50 of the *Transport Administration Act 1988*.

Note: The enforcement of the works zone is at the discretion of Council's Rangers and the NSW Police Service. The Principal Contractor must report any breach of the works zone to either Council or the NSW Police Service.

Standard Condition: D10 (Autotext DD10)

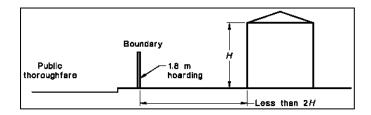
D.3 Security Fencing, Hoarding and Overhead Protection

Security fencing must be provided around the perimeter of the development site, including any additional precautionary measures taken to prevent unauthorised entry to the site at all times during the demolition, excavation and construction period. Security fencing must be the equivalent 1.8m high chain wire as specified in AS 1725.



Type A Hoarding

Where the development site adjoins a public thoroughfare, the common boundary between them must be fenced for its full length with a hoarding, unless the least horizontal distance between the common boundary and the nearest parts of the structure is greater than twice the height of the structure. The hoarding must be constructed of solid materials (chain wire or the like is not acceptable) to a height of not less than 1.8m adjacent to the thoroughfare.



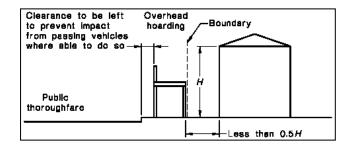
Type B Hoarding

Where a development site adjoins a public thoroughfare with a footpath alongside the common boundary then, in addition to the hoarding required above, the footpath must be covered by an overhead protective structure and the facing facade protected by heavy-duty scaffolding, unless either:

- a) the vertical height above footpath level of the structure being demolished is less than 4.0m; or
- b) the least horizontal distance between footpath and the nearest part of the structure is greater than half the height of the structure.

The overhead structure must consist of a horizontal platform of solid construction and vertical supports, and the platform must:

- a) extend from the common boundary to 200mm from the edge of the carriageway for the full length of the boundary,
- b) have a clear height above the footpath of not less than 2.1m,
- c) terminate 200mm from the edge of the carriageway (clearance to be left to prevent impact from passing vehicles) with a continuous solid upstand projecting not less than 0.5m above the platform surface, and
- d) together with its supports, be designed for a uniformly distributed live load of not less than 7 kPa.



The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that overhead protective structures are installed and maintained in accordance with the NSW "Code of Practice - Overhead Protective Structures 1995". This is code available at

www.safework.nsw.gov.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0008/52883/Overhead-protective-structures-Code-of-practice.pdf

All Hoardings

Security fencing, hoarding and overhead protective structure must not obstruct access to utilities services including but not limited to man holes, pits, stop valves, fire hydrants or the like.

Hoardings on Public Land

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road (footway) for required hoarding or overhead protection.

A creative hoarding (i.e. an approved artwork or historic image affixed to the hoarding) is required if the hoarding meets the criteria in Council's Creative Hoardings Policy (adopted March 2020). The cost of printing and affixing the creative hoarding is the responsibility of the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder. The Creative Hoardings Policy can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au

Note: The Principal Contractor or Owner must allow not less than two (2) weeks from the date of making a hoarding application for determination. Any approval for a hoarding or overhead protection under the *Roads Act 1993* will be subject to its own conditions and fees.

Note: Council seeks to increase public art in the public domain by requiring artwork or historic images on hoardings located on public land. Under the Creative Hoardings Policy an application for a hoarding proposed on public land will require an approved artwork or historic image affixed to the hoarding if the hoarding meets the criteria in section 3 of the Policy:

A. Hoardings proposed on land zoned B2 Local Centre, or B4 Mixed Use, or SP2 Infrastructure under Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014 AND erected for 8 weeks or more

OR

- B. Hoardings proposed on land located along a State classified road (regardless of the zone) AND erected for 8 weeks or more OR
- C. Hoardings proposed in any other location than that referred to in A. and B. above AND erected for 12 weeks or more, except where:
 - i. the capital investment value of the work to which the hoarding relates is less than \$1 million

OR

- ii. the land is zoned R2 Low Density Residential OR
- iii. the land is zoned R3 Medium Density Residential and the hoarding located in a lane or street that does not have through traffic (eg a cul-de-sac or no through road).

Artwork and historic images for the hoardings are assessed and approved in accordance with the Creative Hoardings Policy. Details of the artwork or images proposed to be affixed to the hoardings must be submitted with Council's form "Application for a permit to use a footpath for the erection of a hoarding/scaffolding".

The Creative Hoardings Policy can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or for more information contact Council's Cultural Development Team.

Standard Condition: D11 (Autotext DD11)

D.4 Site Signs

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that the sign/s required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is/are erected and maintained at all times.

Clause 98A of the Regulation provides:

Erection of signs

• For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.

- A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision `work or demolition work is being carried out:
 - showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifier for the work, and
 - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
 - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
- Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
- This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition
 work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls
 of the building.
- This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 6.28 of the *Act*, to comply with the Building Code of Australia.

Clause 227A of the Regulation provides:

Signs on development sites

If there is a person who is the Principal Certifier or the Principal Contractor for any building work, subdivision work or demolition work authorised to be carried out on a site by a development consent or complying development certificate:

Each such person MUST ensure that a rigid and durable sign showing the person's
identifying particulars so that they can be read easily by anyone in any public road or
other public place adjacent to the site is erected in a prominent position on the site
before the commencement of work, and is maintained on the site at all times while this
clause applies until the work has been carried out.

Note: Clause 227A imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000 if these requirements are not complied with.

Note: If Council is appointed as the Principal Certifier it will provide the sign to the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by clause 98A and clause 227A of the *Regulation*.

Standard Condition: D12 (Autotext DD12)

D.5 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided:

- a) must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b) must be connected to a public sewer, or
- c) if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the Council, or
- d) if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the Council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

accredited sewage management facility means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993 applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

approved by the Council means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

public sewer has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals)* Regulation 1993.

sewage management facility has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government* (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

Note: This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with SafeWork NSW requirements. Standard Condition: D13 (Autotext DD13)

D.6 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifier, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (Part 6, Division 6.3 of the *Act*)

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- A Construction Certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b) The person having the benefit of the development consent has:
 - appointed a Principal Certifier for the building work, and
 - notified the Principal Certifier that the person will carry out the building work as an Owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- c) The Principal Certifier has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
 - notified the consent authority and the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
 - notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- d) The person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an Owner-builder, has:
 - appointed a Principal Contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
 - notified the Principal Certifier of any such appointment, and
 - unless that person is the Principal Contractor, notified the Principal Contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
 - given at least 2 days' notice to the Council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

Note: *building* has the same meaning as in section 1.4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.

Note: *new building* has the same meaning as in section 6.1 of the *Act* and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

Note: The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 6.6(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a Construction Certificate) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.

Note: Construction Certificate Application, PC Service Agreement and Notice of Commencement forms can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au

Note: It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 6.6(2) of the *Act*.

Standard Condition: D15 (Autotext DD15)

E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work

E.1 Compliance with BCA and Insurance Requirements under the *Home Building Act 1989*

For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA),
- b) in the case of residential building work for which the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u> requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the *Regulation*, or
- b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.

Note: All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia. Standard Condition: E1 (Autotext EE1)

E.2 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—2001: *The Demolition of Structures*.

Standard Condition: E2 (Autotext EE2)

E.3 Requirement to Notify about New Evidence

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination, heritage significance, threatened species or other relevant matters must be immediately notified to Council and the Principal Certifier.

Standard Condition: E4 (Autotext EE4)

E.4 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder as required by the Principal Certifier, any PC service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the Principal Certifier is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*.

Critical stage inspections means the inspections prescribed by the Regulations for the purposes of section 6.5 of the Act or as required by the Principal Certifier and any PC Service Agreement.

Note: The PC may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the PC be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

Note: The PC may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of Compliance Certificates, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development.

Standard Condition: E5 (Autotext EE5)

E.5 Hours of Work – Amenity of the Neighbourhood

- a) No work must take place on any Sunday or public holiday.
- b) No work must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday.
- c) No work must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- d) The following work **must not** take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday:
 - (i) piling,
 - (ii) piering,
 - (iii) rock or concrete cutting, boring or drilling,
 - (iv) rock breaking,
 - (v) rock sawing,
 - (vi) jack hammering, or
 - (vii) machine excavation.
- e) No loading or unloading of material or equipment associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
- f) No operation of <u>any equipment</u> associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
- g) No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

Note: The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

Note: Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to a separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

Note: The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RMS and NSW Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

Note: Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2017*.

Note: NSW EPA Noise Guide is available at www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm
Standard Condition: E6 (Autotext EE6)

E.6 Public Footpaths – Safety, Access and Maintenance

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

- a) Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.
- b) Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.

- c) Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d) Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e) Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.
- f) Provide a clear safe pedestrian route a minimum of 1.5m wide.
- g) Protect heritage listed street name inlays in the footpath which are not to be removed or damaged during development.

This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 148B of the *Road Transport Act 2013*, section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* or section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* except that at all time compliance is required with:

- a) Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set): *Manual of uniform traffic control devices* and all relevant parts of this set of standards.
- b) Australian Road Rules.

Note: Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* allows the NSW Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose.

Note: Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* provides that a person must not:

- erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
- dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
- remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
- pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
- connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road,
- otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.

Note: Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the Council including:

- Part C Management of waste:
 - a. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
 - b. Place waste in a public place
 - c. Place a waste storage container in a public place.
- Part E Public roads:
 - a. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
 - b. Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road.

 Standard Condition: E7 (Autotext EE7)

E.7 Placement and Use of Skip Bins

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place; and
- b) where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules.

Note: Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.

Standard Condition: E21 (Autotext EE21)

E.8 Dust Mitigation

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with "Dust Control - Do it right on site" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences.
- b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used.
- c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers.
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied.
- f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust.
- g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.

Note: "Dust Control - Do it right on site" can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or obtained from Council's office.

Note: Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from www.safework.nsw.gov.au and www.epa.nsw.gov.au. Other specific conditions and advice may apply.

Note: Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.

Standard Condition: E23 (Autotext EE23)

E.9 Food Premises - Construction and Fitout

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that all construction and fitout of the food premises complies with the details for the food premises submitted to and considered satisfactory by Council's Environmental Health Officers but no less compliant than with the *Food Act* 2003, *Food Regulation* 2004; the *Food Standards Code* as published by Food Standards Australia and New Zealand and AS 4674-2004: *Construction and fit out of food premises*.

This condition has been imposed to protect public health and ensure that food premises are easily maintained in a clean condition fit for food preparation and consumption.

Standard Condition: E29

E.10 Site Waste Minimisation and Management – Demolition

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from demolition activities:

- a) the provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work,
- b) an area is to be allocated for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (giving consideration to slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets, vegetation and access and handling requirements),
- c) provide separate collection bins and/or areas for the storage of residual waste,
- d) clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the bins and/or storage areas,
- e) implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour, health risks and windborne litter, and
- f) minimise site disturbance, limiting unnecessary excavation.

When implementing the SWMMP the Applicant must ensure:

- a) footpaths, public reserves and street gutters are not used as places to store demolition waste or materials of any kind without Council approval,
- b) any material moved offsite is transported in accordance with the requirements of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997,*
- c) waste is only transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility,

- d) generation, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous waste and special waste (including asbestos) is conducted in accordance with relevant waste legislation administered by the NSW Environment Protection Authority, and relevant occupational health and safety legislation administered by SafeWork NSW, and
- e) evidence such as weighbridge dockets and invoices for waste disposal or recycling services are retained.

Note: Materials that have an existing reuse or recycling market should not be disposed of in a land fill. Reuse and recycling opportunities are decreased when asbestos is not carefully removed and segregated from other waste streams.

Standard Condition: E31 (Autotext EE31)

E.11 Site Waste Minimisation and Management - Construction

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from construction activities:

- a) the provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work,
- b) arrange for the delivery of materials so that materials are delivered 'as needed' to prevent the degradation of materials through weathering and moisture damage,
- c) consider organising to return excess materials to the supplier or manufacturer,
- d) allocate an area for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (considering slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets and vegetation),
- e) clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the storage areas,
- f) arrange contractors for the transport, processing and disposal of waste and recycling and ensure that all contractors are aware of the legal requirements for disposing of waste.
- g) promote separate collection bins or areas for the storage of residual waste,
- h) implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour and health risks, and windborne litter,
- i) minimise site disturbance and limit unnecessary excavation,
- j) ensure that all waste is transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility, and
- k) retain all records demonstrating lawful disposal of waste and keep them readily accessible for inspection by regulatory authorities such as Council, the NSW EPA or SafeWork NSW. Standard Condition: E32 (Autotext EE32)

F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 6 of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)

F.1 Change of Building Use of Existing Building Requires Occupation Certificate (section 6.9 of the *Act*)

A person must not effect a change of building use for the whole or any part of an existing building unless an Occupation Certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part. Standard Condition: F2 (Autotext FF2)

F.2 Amended Plan of Management (POM) to be submitted and approved

Prior to the issue of any *Occupation Certificate* or occupation or use of any licensed restaurant (food and drinks premises):

- a) The POM shall be amended to include details of all operational and management procedures of the premises. The POM shall include, but is not limited to, its amenity within the neighbourhood of the premises, compliance with conditions (relating to patron capacity, approved hours of operation, any trial periods, noise conditions, handling of complaints), the behaviour of patrons, liquor practices (if licensed, including the responsible service of alcohol), staffing roles and responsibilities (including security personnel if required), management of patrons within the premises and their exit and dispersal from the area, and other such operational matters to ensure compliance with relevant regulatory requirements.
- b) The POM shall be approved by Council prior to the commencement of operation of the restaurant.

F.3 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier works-as-executed (WAE) plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA confirming that the works, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant construction certificate, the BCA and relevant Australian Standards.

Works-as-executed plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA must include but may not be limited to:

- a) Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical/Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b) All flood protection measures.
- c) All garage/car park/basement car park, driveways and access ramps comply with Australian Standard AS 2890.1: Off-Street car parking.
- d) All stormwater drainage and storage systems.
- e) All mechanical ventilation systems.
- f) All hydraulic systems.
- g) All structural work.
- h) All acoustic attenuation work.
- i) All waterproofing.
- i) Such further matters as the Principal Certifier may require.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet development standards as defined by the *Act*, comply with the BCA, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.

Note: The PC may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, development standards, BCA, and relevant Australia Standards. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).

Note: The PC must submit to Council, with any Occupation Certificate, copies of WAE plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA upon which the PC has relied in issuing any Occupation Certificate.

Standard Condition: F7 (Autotext FF7)

F.4 Food Premises - Inspection and Registration

Prior to the issue of any *Occupation Certificate* or occupation or use of any food premises:

- a) The *Principal Contractor* or *owner* must arrange an inspection of the fit out of the Food Premises by Council's Environmental Health Officer;
- b) A satisfactory final inspection must have been undertaken by Council's Environmental Health Officer; and

c) The *owner* or *occupier* must have registered the Food Premises (Notification of conduct under section 100 of the *Food Act* 2003).

Note: Notification can be done on-line <u>at www.foodnotify.nsw.gov.au</u>

Note: Inspections are subject to payment of the adopted inspection fee.

Note: Section 100 of the Food Act 2003 requires:

"100 Notification of conduct of food businesses

(1) The proprietor of a food business must not conduct the food business unless the proprietor has given written notice, in the approved form, of the information specified in the Food Safety Standards that is to be notified to the appropriate enforcement agency before the business is conducted. Maximum penalty: 500 penalty units in the case of an individual and 2,500 penalty units in the case of a corporation."

Note: Accredited Certifiers are unable to issue Compliance Certificates in relation to compliance with the Food Act 2003, Food Regulation 2004; the Food Standards Code and the Australian Standard AS 4674-2004: Construction and fit out of food premises; since these are not matters which an Accredited Certifier can be satisfied in relation to under Clause 161 of the Regulation. This condition can only be satisfied following an inspection and sign off from Council's Environmental Health Officers.

Standard Condition: F15

F.5 Maintenance of the Kitchen Exhaust

The proprietor(s) of the subject site shall enter into a contract agreement for the regular maintenance and cleaning of the odour control units and filtering systems. A copy of the contract agreement shall be made available to Council's Health Services Section prior to the occupation of the building.

F.6 Acoustic certification

Prior to the issue of any *Occupation Certificate* or occupation or use of the licensed restaurant (food and drinks premises), certification shall be provided from an appropriately qualified acoustic specialist certifying that the works required by condition C.1 of this consent have been satisfactorily completed.

G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate

Not applicable.

H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (section 6.4 (c))

H.1 Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures

The Principal Contractor or Owner must remove from the land and any adjoining public place:

- a) the site sign,
- b) ablutions,
- c) hoarding,
- d) scaffolding, and
- e) waste materials, matter, article or thing.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to the issue of the Final Occupation Certificate.

Standard Condition: H12 (Autotext HH12)

I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development

I.1 Hours of Operation of Licensed Premises

The hours of operation for the licensed premises are restricted to 8:00am – 10:00pm Monday to Sunday.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood by commercial or retail trading including, but not limited to, external impacts associated with clients attending the site for business or otherwise.

Note: This condition does not apply to deliveries to, or dispatches from, the site of wholesale goods or internal activities that occur under the approved hours of use. General use and deliveries or dispatches may be restricted by hours of use conditions. This condition does not restrict the operation of noise pollution laws.

Standard Condition: 12 (Autotext: II2)

I.2 Extended Hours of Operation for Licensed Premises –Reviewable Condition

The hours of operation for the Licensed premises are extended as follows:

- a) 7.00am to 8.00am Monday to Sunday, with no service of alcohol during this period;
- b) 10.00pm to 12.00 midnight Monday to Sunday.

This condition is a reviewable condition as referred to under section 4.17(10B-10D) of the *Act*. The extended trading hours will be reviewed in accordance with **Condition I.3**.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood.

Note: Council's consideration of the extended hours of operation of licensed premises will take into account:

- a) compliance of the premises in terms of security and its general management;
- b) the number and nature of substantiated complaints regarding the operation of the premises;
- c) compliance with the conditions of this consent; and
- d) any other matters considered relevant to the environmental evaluation of the premises. Standard Condition: I4 (Autotext: II4)

I.3 Review of Extended Hours of Operation for Licensed Premises

Council will review the extended trading hours as referred to in **Condition I.2** generally as follows:

- a) one (1) year following the issue of any Occupation Certificate applicable to this application (if works are proposed) or the date of development consent (if no works are proposed),
- b) two (2) years following the first review, and
- c) each five (5) years thereafter.

The review will be undertaken in accordance with clause 124D of the *Regulation*. This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood.

Note: A review will only be undertaken if Council has satisfactory evidence to suggest the extended trading hours are unduly impacting on the amenity of the neighbourhood or NSW Police has requested a review.

Note: The review will be presented to the equivalent delegated decision making panel that determined the application and all stakeholders will be notified of the meeting.

Note: As a result of a review a reviewable condition may be changed. Standard Condition: 15 (Autotext: 115)

I.4 Maximum Patron Capacity

The total number of patrons on the premises at any time shall not exceed one hundred and twenty-four (124). A sign must be displayed in a prominent position in the premises stating the maximum number of persons (124) that are permitted in the premises.

Any person/s attending the premises for the purpose of 'takeaway' products/services will not be considered a 'patron' as detailed above, provided no food and or drink is consumed by those persons on the premises.

[Amended on 30/04/2021 under DA300/2020/2 (PAN - 73293)]

I.5 Signage to be Displayed – Licensed Premises

Signage (in lettering not less than 15mm in height on a contrasting background) is to be erected in a prominent position near the principal entry to the premises in accordance with clause 98D of the *Regulation*.

The signage shall state the following and may change from time to time due to reviewable conditions in accordance with **Condition I.3**:

"Approved hours of operation:

Monday to Sunday and Public Holidays: 7am to 12 midnight

Approved patron capacity:

Maximum of one hundred and twenty-four (124) patrons

Upon leaving please respect local residents by minimising noise."

The signage required by this condition is to be erected prior to the commencement of operations. This condition has been imposed to clearly identify the hours and patron capacity of the licensed premises.

Standard Condition: 19 (Autotext: II1)

[Amended on 30/04/2021 under DA300/2020/2 (PAN - 73293)]

I.6 Neighbourhood Amenity – Licensed Premises (NSW Police requirements)

The Management of the premises:

- a) Shall ensure no patrons to enter or depart the premises through the Bay Street access point after 9:00 PM.
- b) Shall ensure persons entering and leaving the premises do not crowd or loiter in the vicinity of the premises in such manner that pedestrian movement is obstructed or hindered.
- c) Shall ensure that the manner in which the business of the premises is conducted and/or the behaviour of persons entering and leaving the premises does not cause undue disturbance to the amenity of the neighbourhood. In this regard, the Management shall be responsible for the control of noise and litter generated by persons and/or premises operations. If so directed by Council or by NSW Police, the Management is to employ private security staff to ensure that this condition is complied with.

- d) Shall record in a Register full details of any disturbance complaint/s made by a person to Management or staff in respect to the manner in which the business of the premises is conducted and/or the behaviour of persons entering or leaving the premises. Such recording will include time, date, nature of the complaint/s and any complainant details if provided.
- e) Shall respond to any disturbance complaint/s in a timely and effective manner. All actions undertaken by Management / staff to resolve such compliant/s shall be recorded in the Register.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood.

Note: The lead agency for the enforcement of this condition is NSW Police. Standard Condition: I10 (Autotext: II10)

I.7 Operation in Accordance with the Acoustic Report

The operation and management of the premises shall generally be in accordance with the approved Acoustic Report prepared by Acoustic Logic, referenced 20230758.1/0108A/R0/JHT and dated 18/01/2021 [listed in Condition A.3(b)] as provided below, where not conditioned elsewhere in this consent;

- a) All external windows and doors shall be closed, except for the entering and exiting of patrons/staff after 10pm every night, subject to Conditions I.6 a) and I.23, to minimise noise disruption to surrounding residential receivers.
- b) Amplified music within the venue is not to exceed a sound pressure level of 70 dB(A) L10 and an appropriate tamper proof noise limiter device shall be fixed to such equipment.
- c) Deleted.
- d) A prominent notice shall be placed within the premises to remind patrons to minimise the noise levels at any time.
- e) Signs are to be displayed at the entrance of the restaurant reminding patrons to minimise noise when departing the premise, especially after 9pm.
- f) Speakers are to be vibration isolated from the building structure by NRD type rubber mounts or equal.

[Deletion of Condition I.7(c) on 15/07/2021 under DA300/2020/5 (PAN - 107774)] [Amendment of Condition I.7(a) on 06/02/2023 under DA300/2020/6 (PAN-364708)]

I.8 Copies of Consents, Registers and Management Plans – Licensed Premises

A full copy of all current development consents (including approved plans) for the operation of the premises, any Registers required and any required Plan of Managements must be kept on the premises and made available for inspection immediately upon request by Council Officers, Police Officers and/or L&G Authorised Officers.

Standard Condition: I12 (Autotext: II12)

I.9 Sale/Consumption of Liquor

Licensed Restaurant (On-Premises License)

- a) No liquor may be sold, supplied or consumed on the premises except with the approval and authorisation from the relevant Liquor Authority.
- b) The primary use of the premises must be that of a restaurant with the provision of genuine meals, prepared upon the premises, to patrons seated at comfortable dining positions.
- c) Delete.
- d) Delete.

- The sale and/or supply of liquor must cease 15 minutes prior to the cessation of the respective hours of operation for the specified seating areas.
- f) No patron shall be permitted to take glasses or open containers of liquor off the premises.
- g) Management is responsible for ensuring the number of patrons in the premises does not exceed the approved capacity specified in **Condition I.4**.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood. Standard Condition: I14 (Autotext: II14)

[Deletion of Conditions I.9(c) and (d) on 29/04/2021 under DA300/2020/3 (PAN - 80632)]

I.10 Operation in Accordance with Plan of Management (POM)

- a) The operation and management of the premises shall be in accordance with the Council approved POM at all times (Refer to Note 1 below).
- b) The approved POM shall be adopted by the Management, and filed with Council and the Licensing Police of the Eastern Suburbs Police Area Command prior to the commencement of operation of the restaurant.
- c) The plan shall be reviewed (at minimum) on an annual basis, and at any time there is a change in business ownership of the premises, to ensure harms that arise are mitigated.
- d) Where there is any inconsistency between the POM and the conditions of this consent, the conditions of this consent prevail.
- Note 1: The approved POM in this condition refers to that in **Condition F.2** in this consent. The POM must be approved by Council prior to the commencement of operation of the restaurant
- Note 2: The approved POM must not be altered or amended without the written consent of Council. Standard Condition: I15 (Autotext: II15)

I.11 No outdoor entertainment

No sound reproduction device nor any form of entertainment is to be operated exterior to the premise.

I.12 Garbage Collection

The garbage area must be maintained at all times to ensure that a breeding ground is not created for pests and must be capable of being easily and effectively cleaned.

All garbage containers must have tight fitting lids and be large enough or in sufficient numbers to contain all the waste produced by the business while awaiting the next removal from the premises.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood. Standard Condition: I16 (Autotext: II16)

I.13 Glass Sorting and Collection

Glass must not be emptied or transferred from one receptacle to another anywhere in a public place. All glass must be emptied/transferred within the premises and removed in containers.

Bottle and/or glass sorting, recycling or collection shall only take place between the following hours:

- a) 8.00am to 8.00pm Monday to Saturday
- b) 10.00am to 8.00pm Sunday and Public Holidays

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbouring residents. Standard Condition: I17 (Autotext: II17)

I.14 Surveillance Cameras (CCTV)

Licensed Premises

The Management must maintain a closed-circuit television (CCTV) system on the premises.

The CCTV system must comply with the following requirements:

- a) It must operate continuously from opening time until one hour after closing.
- b) It must record in digital format at a minimum of six frames per second.
- c) Any recorded image must specify the time and date of the image.
- d) The system's cameras must cover:
 - i) all entry and exit points of the premises,
 - ii) the footpath immediately adjacent to the premises, and
 - iii) all publicly accessible areas (other than toilets) on the premises, from floor level to a minimum height of two metres.
- e) CCTV recordings must be retained for at least 30 days.
- f) Signage shall be clearly displayed adjacent to the principal entry alerting persons entering the premises that CCTV is in operation.

Note: The lead agency for enforcement is NSW Police. Standard Condition: I21

I.15 Parking Permits (Special Condition)

Future tenants and residents of the proposed development will not be eligible for resident or visitor parking permits.

I.16 Waste Collection - Commercial

General waste collection (excluding bottle and/or glass sorting, recycling or collection) is to be undertaken ONLY between the hours of:

- a) 7.00am to 9.00pm Monday to Friday, and
- b) 8.00am to 8.00pm Saturday, Sunday and Public Holidays

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbouring residents. Standard Condition: I31 (Autotext: II31)

I.17 Waste Management - Commercial

The owner and/or occupier must comply with the approved site waste minimisation and management plan (SWMMP) and with Woollahra DCP 2015, Chapter E5–Waste Management.

All waste must be presented for collection in a receptacle. Waste receptacles must be presented no earlier than the close of business on the day before collection. Waste and recycling bins/crates must be removed from the road or footpath within 1 hour of collection or otherwise is accordance with the approved SWMMP.

Receptacles are not to be stored in any public place at any time. Waste and recycling receptacles must be stored at all times within the boundaries of the site.

This condition does not apply to the extent that Activity Approval exists under the *Local Government Act 1993* or the *Roads Act 1993* and subject that all conditions of such approval(s) are complied with.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and Woollahra DCP are complied with during the ongoing operations of the development.

Note: No waste will be collected by Council that isn't presented properly. The waste must be

presented with lid closed to reduce littering.

Standard Condition: I32

I.18 Food Premises - Maintenance of Food Premises

The food premises must be maintained in accordance with the *Food Act* 2003, *Food Regulation* 2004; the Food Standards Code as published by Food Standards Australia and New Zealand and Australian Standard AS 4674-2004: *Construction and fit out of food premises*.

This condition has been imposed to protect public health.

Note: The provisions of the Food Act 2003 may change over time and irrespective of this condition compliance with this *Act*, regulations, food standards and other standards adopted under the Food Act (as amended) are mandatory. The *Food Act* and applicable regulations can be accessed free of charge at www.legislation.nsw.gov.au. Standard Condition: I41

I.19 Noise Control

The use of the premises must not give rise to the transmission of *offensive noise* to any place of different occupancy. *Offensive noise* is defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Note: Council will generally enforce this condition in accordance with the *Noise Guide for Local Government* (http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm) and the *Industrial Noise Guidelines* (http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/industrial.htm) publish by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Other state government authorities also regulate the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997.

Useful links:

Community Justice Centres—free mediation service provided by the NSW Government (www.cjc.nsw.gov.au).

Department of Environment and Conservation NSW, Noise Policy Section web page (www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise).

New South Wales Government Legislation home page for access to all NSW legislation, including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the Protection of the Environment Noise Control Regulation 2000 (www.legislation.nsw.gov.au).

Australian Acoustical Society—professional society of noise-related professionals (www.acoustics.asn.au/index.php).

Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants—professional society of noise related professionals (www.aaac.org.au).

Department of Gaming and Racing - (<u>www.dgr.nsw.gov.au</u>). Standard Condition: I56

I.20 Maintenance of Sound Attenuation

Sound attenuation must be maintained in accordance with the *acoustic report*. Standard Condition: 157

I.21 Noise from Licensed Premises

The L_{A10} noise level emitted from the licensed premises shall not exceed the background noise level in any Octave Band Centre Frequency (31.5 Hz – 8k Hz inclusive) by more than 5dB(A) between 07:00 am and 12:00 midnight at the boundary of any affected residence.

The L_{A10} noise level emitted from the licensed premises shall not exceed the background noise level in any Octave Band Centre Frequency (31.5 Hz – 8k Hz inclusive) between 12:00 midnight and 07:00 am at the boundary of any affected residence.

Notwithstanding compliance with the above, the noise from the licensed premises shall not be audible within any habitable room in any residential premises between the hours of 12:00 midnight and 07:00 am.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Note: dB(A) is a value used for 'A-weighted' sound pressure levels 'A' frequency weighting is an adjustment made to approximate the response of the human ear.

Note: Licensed premises means premises licensed under the Liquor Act 2007

Note: For the purposes of this condition, the LA10 is the A-weighted sound pressure level that is exceeded for 10% of the time over which a given sound is measured.

Note: The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the L_{A90} level measured by a sound level meter over the applicable period.

Note: This condition is identical to the minimum standard condition imposed by the Casino Liquor and Gaming Control Authority (the Authority). The Authority may specify other standards in respect of the above condition under the *Liquor Act* 2007, and associated Regulations. Section 79 of the *Liquor Act* 2007 provides an informal mechanism for complaints to be made (by residents, Police, local consent authorities and others) where the amenity of local neighbourhoods is unduly disturbed by the conduct of licensed premises including registered clubs (or their patrons).

The Director of Liquor and Gaming is responsible for resolving such complaints and may impose temporary or permanent conditions on any licence. For further information go to the NSW Office of Liquor and Gaming and Racing's website: (www.olgr.nsw.gov.au).

Note: Interior noise levels of licensed premises which exceed safe hearing levels are not supported or condoned by Council.

Standard Condition: I58

I.22 Noise from Mechanical Plant and Equipment

The noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the mechanical plant and equipment is operating must not exceed the *background noise level*. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed *background noise level* at any time.

The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the $L_{A90,\ 15\ minute}$ level measured by a sound level meter.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Note: Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the:

NSW Industrial Noise Policy (http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind_noise.pdf) ISBN 0 7313 2715 2, dated January 2000, and

Noise Guide for Local Government (http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm)

ISBN 1741370671, dated December 2004.

Standard Condition: 159

I.23 External Doors and windows

The external doors and windows must comply with the following requirements:

- a) All external doors and windows must be kept closed after 10:00 pm except for the ingress/egress of patrons and staff and subject to c) below;
- b) All external doors must be installed with self-closing devices; and

c) No patrons are to enter or depart the premises through the doors on the Bay Street frontage after 9:00 pm.

[Amendment of Condition I.23(a) on 06/02/2023 under DA300/2020/6 (PAN-364708)]

J. Miscellaneous Conditions

Not applicable.

K. Advisings

K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent and Environmental Laws

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence**. Failure to comply with other environmental laws is also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- a) Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- b) Issue notices and orders;
- c) Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- d) Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

Warnings as to potential maximum penalties

Maximum penalties under NSW environmental laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

Warning as to enforcement and legal costs

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

Note: The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious.

Standard Advising: K1 (Autotext KK1)

K.2 Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992

The *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* (DDA) makes it against the law for public places to be inaccessible to people with a disability. Compliance with this development consent, the Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015 Chapter E8 – Adaptable Housing and the BCA does not necessarily satisfy compliance with the DDA.

The DDA applies to existing places as well as places under construction. Existing places must be modified and be accessible (except where this would involve "unjustifiable hardship").

Note: Further advice can be obtained from the Australian Human Rights Commission website www.humanrights.gov.au/our-work/disability-rights/about-disability-rights or call 9284 9600 or 1300 656 419. Standard Advising: K3 (Autotext KK3)

K.3 Builder's Licences and Owner-builders Permits

Section 6.6(2)(d) of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appoint a Principal Contractor for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

The Owner(s) must appoint the Principal Certifier. The Principal Certifier must check that the required insurances are in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989* for the residential building work.

Note: For more information go to the NSW Fair Trading website www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/building-and-renovating
Standard Condition: K5 (Autotext KK5)

K.4 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The Principal Certifier does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the Principal Certifier is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia.

Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the "NSW Guide to Standards and Tolerances 2017" are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the Principal Contractor's or Owner-builder's supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The Principal Certifier does not undertake this role.

Council, as the Principal Certifier or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the Principal Contractor, contractors and the Owner.

Note: For more information on the *NSW Guide to Standards and Tolerances* go to the NSW Fair Trading website www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/building-and-renovating/after-you-build-or-renovate/guide-to-standards-and-tolerances or call 133 220. Standard Condition: K6 (Autotext KK6)

K.5 SafeWork NSW Requirements

The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and quidelines control and regulate the development industry.

Note: For more information go to the SafeWork NSW website www.safework.nsw.gov.au or call 131 050. Standard Condition: K7 (Autotext KK7)

K.6 Appeal

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact Brett McIntyre, Assessment Officer, on (02) 9391 7157.

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land and Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14 (Autotext KK14)

K.7 Recycling of Demolition and Building Material

It is estimated that building waste, including disposable materials, resulting from demolition, excavation, construction and renovation, accounts for almost 70% of landfill. Such waste is also a problem in the generation of dust and the pollution of stormwater. Council encourages the recycling of demolition and building materials.

Standard Condition: K17 (Autotext KK17)

There being no further business the meeting con	cluded at 3.09pm
Assessment Panel Meeting held on 6 Febr	inclusive are the Minutes of the Application uary 2024 and confirmed by the Application February 2024 as correct.
Chairperson	Secretary of Committee