

Woollahra Local Planning Panel (Public Meeting)

Thursday 15 August 2024 1.00pm

Minutes



Woollahra Local Planning Panel (Public Meeting) Minutes

Thursday 15 August 2024 Held under clause 25 of Schedule 2 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

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Woollahra Local Planning Panel (Public)

Minutes of the Meeting held on 15 August 2024 at 1.00pm.

Present:	Penny Holloway Glennys James Larissa Ozog Ronald Schaffer	(Chair) (Expert) (Expert) (Community Representative)
Staff:	Nick Economou Carolyn Nurmi Max Moratelli Thomas Wong	(Manager Development Assessment) (Governance Officer) (Team Leader) (Team Leader)

Note: The Panel was briefed by council staff on each Item prior to the meeting.

The Panel heard members of the public who registered to address at the commencement of the public meeting. The public meeting was closed at 2.00pm.

The Panel then deliberated and voted on each Item in a confidential meeting.

The decisions are recorded in these Minutes.

Leave of Absence and Apologies

Nil

Late Correspondence

Late correspondence was submitted to the Panel in relation to items: D1, D2 and D4

Declarations of Interest

Nil

ITEM No.	D1
FILE No.	DA358/2023/1
ADDRESS	3 Ormond Street, Paddington
PROPOSAL	Extensive alterations and additions to the existing terrace dwelling including landscaping

- **Note:** Late correspondence was tabled by The Paddington Society and Tony Moody.
- **Note:** Lucinda Pitt and Madeleine Tancred, objectors and Tony Moody for the Applicant, addressed the Panel.

Reasons for Decision

The Panel has undertaken a site inspection, considered any submissions and late correspondence and reviewed the assessment report prepared by Council officers that addresses the relevant matters detailed in Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The Panel did not have any heritage concerns in relation to the proposed development. However, the Panel considered that the height and siting of the proposed rear additions were inappropriate and would adversely impact on the adjoining properties at 1A Ormond and 1A Underwood Streets in terms of visual bulk, sense of enclosure, overshadowing, ventilation, access to light and privacy.

The Panel considered that a more sensitive design should be able to address the above issues via the provision of an increased separation between the properties.

The Panel is satisfied that the application be refused for the reasons set out below.

Resolved: Pursuant to Section 4.16 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

THAT the Woollahra Local Planning Panel, exercising the functions of Council, as the consent authority, refuse development consent to Development Application No.358/2023/1 for extensive alterations and additions to the existing terrace dwelling including landscaping on land at 3 Ormond Street Paddington, for the following reasons:

1. Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014, Part 1 Clause 1.2 Aims of Plan

The proposed development is unacceptable and does not comply with Part 1, Clause 1.2(2) aim (g).

g) it does not protect and enhance amenity and the natural environment.

2. Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014, Part 2 Land Use Table – R2 Low Density Residential Zone

The proposed development is unacceptable because it does not fulfil the following objective of the R2 Low Density Residential Zone for the following reason:

• The proposal does not provide for development that is compatible with the character and amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

3. Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015, Chapter C1 Paddington Heritage Conservation Area

The height and siting of the proposed rear additions are inappropriate and adversely impact on the adjoining properties at 1A Ormond and 1A Underwood Streets in terms of visual bulk, sense of enclosure, overshadowing, ventilation, access to light and privacy. In this regard the proposal is contrary to the following objectives/controls of Chapter C1 (Paddington Heritage Conservation Area) of WDCP 2015.

- <u>Part C1.4.3 Rear Elevations, Rear Additions, Significant Outbuildings and Yards</u> The proposed height of the rear addition would dominate the existing principal building form, would adversely impact on neighbouring amenities and are contrary to objective O2 and control C4.
- Part C1.4.8 Private Open Space, Swimming Pools, Lightwell Courtyards and Landscaping
 The proposal includes a roof terrace as private space, it does not detail adequate provision of unbuilt upon area and deep soil landscaping and is contrary to objectives O6 and O9 and controls C4 and C12.
- <u>Part C1.4.10 Acoustic and Visual Privacy</u> The proposed Second Floor rear bathroom windows would result in direct overlooking to adjoining private open spaces and are contrary to objectives O1, O2 and control C3.
- <u>Part C1.5.11 Satellite Dishes, Aerials, Air Conditioning Units and Other Site Facilities</u> The proposed location of the A/C condenser unit would impact the amenities of adjoining properties, detract from the significance of the building and the area and is contrary to objective O3 and controls C2, C3 and C4.

4. Insufficient and/or Inadequate Information

The submitted documentation does not provide sufficient detailing and information to allow for a thorough assessment of the impacts of the proposal. Insufficient and/or inadequate information includes, but it is not limited to, indication of the proposed finishes and material in the architectural drawings, general notes on the architectural drawings that clearly note the proposed works, colored shading for the proposed works (including elements cut in sections) in accordance with the Woollahra Council DA Guidelines.

Note: In accordance with the Woollahra Local Planning Panel Operational Procedures the votes are recorded on this planning matter.

For the Motion		n Against the Motion
Penelope Holloway Glennys James Larissa Ozog Ronald Schaffer		S
	4/0	
ITEM No. FILE No. ADDRESS PROPOSE MODIFICA	ED	D2 DA280/2022/3 2 Bay Street, Double Bay (previously known as 2, 4-10 Bay Street and 294-296 and 298 New South Head Road, Double Bay Internal and external modifications to approved commercial development
Note:	Late correspo	ondence was tabled by Eva Santo, Joyce Somm and Malcolm Young
Note: Malcolm Young and Planner, addressed		ng and Eva Santo, Objectors, George Karavanas, Consultant ressed the Panel.

Reasons for Decision

The Panel has undertaken a site inspection, considered any submissions and late correspondence and reviewed the assessment report prepared by Council officers that addresses the relevant matters detailed in Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

For the reasons generally in the assessment report, the Panel is satisfied that the application be modified.

Resolved: Pursuant to Section 4.56 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

THAT the Woollahra Local Planning Panel, exercising the functions of Council, as the consent authority, modify development consent to Development Application No. 280/2022/1 for construction of a five (5) storey commercial building over (3) three levels of car parking on land at 2 Bay Street Double Bay, subject to the following:

Modification Summary

DA Application Number Determination Modification Description		
(PAN Number)	Date	
DA2022/280/2	16/08/2023	Amend Conditions A.3(b), A.4, A.11, A.15, C.2,
(PAN-352182)		C.8, C.9, C.11 and K.14.
		Add Condition A.16.
DA2022/280/3	15/08/2024	Amend Conditions A.4, C.12, C.15 and I.3
(PAN-410336)		Add Condition A.17

A. General Conditions

A.1 Conditions

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 4.16 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* ("the *Act*") and the provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000* ("the *Regulation*") such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 4.15 of the *Act*. Standard Condition: A1 (Autotext AA1)

A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise, words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

Applicant means the applicant for this consent.

Approved Plans mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

AS or **AS/NZS** means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

BCA means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any Construction Certificate.

Council means Woollahra Municipal Council

Court means the Land and Environment Court

Local native plants means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

Stormwater drainage system means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- the collection of stormwater,
- the retention of stormwater,
- the reuse of stormwater,
- the detention of stormwater,
- the controlled release of stormwater; and
- connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

Owner means the owner of the *site* and successors in title to the *site*. *Owner-builder* has the same meaning as in the *Home Building Act 1989*. *PC* means the Principal Certifier under the *Act*.

Principal Contractor has the same meaning as in the *Act*, or where a Principal Contractor has not been appointed by the Owner of the land being developed Principal Contractor means the Owner of the land being developed.

Professional engineer has the same meaning as in the BCA.

Public place has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993.

Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.

SEE means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the Applicant.

Site means the land being developed subject to this consent.

Woollahra LEP means Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014

Woollahra DCP means Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015

Work for the purposes of this consent means:

- the use of land in connection with development,
- the subdivision of land,
- the erection of a building,
- the carrying out of any work,
- the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the demolition of a building,
- the piling, piering, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an occupation certificate.
- Note: Interpretation of conditions Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council. Standard Condition: A2 (Autotext AA2)

A.3 Deferred Commencement Consent (section 4.16(3) of the Act, section 76 of the Regulation)

This is a deferred commencement consent pursuant to s4.16(3) of the Act. Development consent is granted subject that this consent is not to operate until the Applicant satisfies the Council, in accordance with the Regulation, as to the matters specified in this condition:

- a) Pursuant to s4.17(1)(b) and (5) of the Act, development consent DA69/2021 (as modified) is required to be surrendered.
- b) A notice of surrender of DA69/2021 (as modified) must be submitted to Council in accordance with s4.17 (5) of the Act and s67 of the Regulation. The notice of surrender must be submitted after completion of the shoring works and bulk excavation works constructed in accordance with development consent DA69/2021 and construction certificates No. 2200075-01 for Stage 1 works and No. 220075-02 for Stage 2 works.
- c) Prior to the surrender of DA69/2021, the Applicant is to satisfy the Council that conditions B.1 B.6 of DA69/2021 have been complied with

Period within which evidence must be produced

The Applicant must produce evidence to Council sufficient enough to enable it to be satisfied as to those matters above within 365 days (1 year) of the date of determination.

Section 76(3) and (4) of the Regulation.

If the evidence is not produced with within 365 days (1 year) of the date of determination this deferred commencement consent is of no effect, the consent does not operate and no Construction Certificate can be issued. No development can lawfully occur under this consent unless it operates.

Note: Nothing in the *Act* prevents a person from doing such things as may be necessary to comply with this condition. (See section 4.16(3) of the *Act*)

This consent does not operate until Council has acknowledged compliance with this condition in writing.

Note: Implementing the development prior to written confirmation of compliance may result in legal proceedings. If such proceedings are required Council will seek all costs associated with such proceedings as well as any penalty or order that the Court may impose. No *Construction Certificate* can be issued until all conditions including this condition required to be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate* have been satisfied. Standard Condition: A3 (Autotext AA3)

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

A.4 Approved Plans and Supporting Documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with both the architectural plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant unless modified by any following condition.

Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
Dwg. No.	Architectural Plans	All prepared by	All dated Mar
DA00 F	Site + Site Analysis Plan	LawtonHurley Architecture	2023
DA01 C	Basement 2 Plan	Interiors Planning	
DA02 C	Basement 1 Plan	-	
DA03 D	Ground Lower Plan		
DA04 D	Ground Upper Plan		
DA05 E	Level 1 Plan		
DA06 D	Level 2 Plan		
DA07 D	Level 3 Plan		
DA08 E	Level 4 Plan		
DA09 E	Roof Plan	-	
DA10 E	Streetscape Elevations		
DA11 E	East Elevation	-	
DA12 E	North Elevation	-	
DA13 D	West Elevation		
DA14 D	South Elevation		
DA15 C	Section Looking West		
DA16 D	Section Looking North	-	
DA17 D	External Finishes	-	
DA50 D	Part Section Looking North	-	
DA51 C	Part Section Looking West		
Ref No- 2223	Street Tree Arboricultural	Mark Kokot – Rain Tree Consulting Arboricultural	15/03/2023
Rei NO- 2225	Pruning Specification Report	Management	15/03/2023
Plan No. s		Management	
DA_01/03,DA_02/03,			
DA_03/03,DA_04/03,	Landscape Plan	Wyer & CO.	30/03/2023
DA_05/03 (Rev 4)			
		Mark Kokot – Rain Tree	
Ref No: 5122	Arboricultural Impact	Consulting Arboricultural	10/08/2022
	Assessment Report (AIA)	Management	
22023	Traffic Letter – Memorandum	TTPP	15 Mar 2023
20220527.1/0106A/R	Acoustic Report	Acoustic Logic	01.06.2022
1/JHT, Revision 1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
20220527.2/0803A/R	Acoustic Addendum Letter	Acoustic Logic	06.03.2023
1JHT			
20220527.2/0603A/R	Acoustic Specification	Acoustic Logic	06.03.2023
2/JHT, Revision 2			
86253.03.R.002.Rev	Contaminated Land -	Douglas Partners Pty Ltd	03.06.2022
1 PSI.docx	Preliminary Site Investigation		
	Report (Stage 1)		
86253.03	Contaminated Land –	Douglas Partners Pty Ltd	08.08.2022
R.008.Rev0	Conceptual Remedial Action		
00.004	Plan (Stage 3)	4701	
22-991	Stormwater Management	AT&L	21/05/2002
DAC-100-B	Plans		31/05/2022
DAC-101-B			31/05/2022
DAC-103-B DAC-111-B			31/05/2022 31/05/2022
DAC-112-B			31/05/2022
DAC-112-B DAC-151-B			31/05/2022
DAC-151-B DAC-152-B			31/05/2022
DAC-152-B DAC-153-B			31/05/2022
DAC-174-B			31/05/2022
Rev 2	Flood Risk Assessment	Catchment Simulation	27.05.2022
		Solutions	

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
86253.03.R.001.Rev 0.docx	Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Report	Douglas Partners	03.06.2022
86253.03.R.011.Rev 0.docx	Dewatering Management Plan	Douglas Partners	19.10.2022
SYD2118 - 2-10 Bay Street, Double Bay rev: 01	ESD Statement - Project alignment with the provisions in Part E6.2 of the Woollahra DCP 2015	ADP Consulting Engineering	08.03.2023
Rev B	Construction & Demolition Waste Management Plan (SWMMP)	Elephants Foot Consulting	25.05.2022
Rev G	Operational Waste Management Plan (OWMP)	Elephants Foot Consulting	07.03.2023
P3144	Public Art Plan	UAP	May 2022
DA70 A	Section Looking West (bulk excavation)	All prepared by Lawton Hurley Architecture	All dated July 2023
DA71 A	Section Looking North (bulk excavation)	Interiors Planning	
DA72 A	Section Looking East (bulk excavation)]	
DA73 A	Section Looking South (bulk excavation)		

- **Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the Applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.
- **Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.) Standard Condition: A5 (Autotext AA5)

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

A.5 Ancillary Aspects of Development (section 4.17(2) of the Act)

The Owner must procure the repair, replacement or rebuilding of all road pavement, kerb, gutter, footway, footpaths adjoining the site or damaged as a result of work under this consent or as a consequence of work under this consent. Such work must be undertaken to Council's satisfaction in accordance with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012) unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the Owner's expense.

Note: This condition does not affect the Principal Contractor's or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs. Standard Condition: A8 (Autotext AA8)

A.6 Development Consent is Not Granted in Relation to Strata/or Stratum Subdivision and First-Use of the commercial/retail tenancies

This approval does not give consent to Strata Subdivision and First-Use of the commercial/retail tenancies (Retail 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5). A separate Development Consent or Complying Development Certificate, as appropriate, will need to be obtained prior to such development work commencing.

A.7 No Demolition works

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to any demolition works.

A.8 No Underpinning works

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to any works outside the boundaries of the subject property including any underpinning works to any structures on adjoining properties.

A.9 Vehicular Access and Garaging

Driveways and vehicular access ramps shall be designed to provide adequate ground clearance to the underside of B99 vehicles. In all respects, the proposed vehicle access including any parking spaces shall be designed and constructed to comply with the minimum requirements of AS2890.1 and Council's DCP.

A.10 General Terms of Approval – Roads Act 1993 (TfNSW - Classified Roads)

The following general terms of approval have been imposed by Transport for NSW (TfNSW) in relation to classified roads in accordance with Clause 2.122 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure)* 2021:

- 1. All buildings and structures (other than pedestrian footpath awnings), together with any improvements integral to the future use of the site are to be wholly within the freehold property (unlimited height or depth), along the New South Head Road boundary.
- 2. The developer is to submit design drawings and documents relating to the excavation of the site and support structures to TfNSW for assessment, in accordance with Technical Direction GTD2020/001.

The developer is to submit all documentation at least six (6) weeks prior to commencement of construction and is to meet the full cost of the assessment by TfNSW. Please send all documentation to development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au.

If it is necessary to excavate below the level of the base of the footings of the adjoining roadways, the person acting on the consent shall ensure that the owner/s of the roadway is/are given at least seven (7) day notice of the intention to excavate below the base of the footings. The notice is to include complete details of the work.

3. Any public utility adjustment/relocation works on the state road network will require detailed civil design plans for road opening /underboring to be submitted to TfNSW for review and acceptance prior to the commencement of any works.

The developer must also obtain necessary approvals from the various public utility authorities and/or their agents. Please send all documentation to development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au

A plan checking fee will be payable and a performance bond may be required before TfNSW approval is issued.

4. A Road Occupancy Licence (ROL) should be obtained from Transport Management Centre for any works that may impact on traffic flows on New South Head Road during construction activities. A ROL can be obtained through https://myrta.com/oplinc2/pages/security/oplincLogin.jsf

- Note: Should you have any further inquiries in relation to this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Vic Naidu, Land Use Planner, Land Use Planner, by email at development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au.
- **Note**: These conditions have not been imposed by Council but are required to be incorporate as conditions of development consent. Where there is any inconsistency between these general terms of approval and other conditions of this consent the more onerous requirement prevails.
- **Note**: In relation to local roads (not classified roads) development is not integrated development in respect of consent required under section 138 of the <u>Roads Act 1993</u> if, in order for the development to be carried out, it requires the development consent of Council and Roads Act Approval of Council. Separate Council approval is required for all works within the road as defined by the <u>Roads Act 1993</u> including works:
 - erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
 - dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
 - remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
 - pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
 - connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road Standard Condition: A14 (Autotext AA14)

A.11 General Terms of Approval – Water Management Act 2000 (WaterNSW)

The following General Terms of Approval (Ref: **IDAS1145721** issued on 16 December 2022) have been imposed by WaterNSW for proposed Water Supply Work (**dewatering**) requiring approval requiring approval under **Sections 89, 90** and **91** of the *Water Management Act 2000*:

- a) <u>GT0115-00001</u>: Groundwater must only be pumped or extracted for the purpose of temporary construction dewatering at the site identified in the development application. For clarity, the purpose for which this approval is granted is only for dewatering that is required for the construction phase of the development and not for any dewatering that is required once construction is completed.
- b) <u>GT0116-00001:</u> Before construction certificate 1 is issued for any excavation under the development consent, the applicant must: 1. apply to WaterNSW for, and obtain, an approval under the Water Management Act 2000 or Water Act 1912, for any water supply works required by the development; and 2. notify WaterNSW of the programme for the dewatering activity to include the commencement and proposed completion date of the dewatering activity Advisory Note: 3. An approval under the Water Management Act 2000 is required to construct and/or install the water supply works. For the avoidance of doubt, these General Terms of Approval do not represent any authorisation for the take of groundwater, <u>nor</u> do they constitute the grant or the indication of an intention to grant, any required Water Access Licence (WAL). A WAL is required to lawfully take more than 3ML of water per water year as part of the dewatering activity. 4. A water use approval may also be required, unless the use of the water is for a purpose for which a development consent is in force.
- c) <u>GT0117-00001:</u> A water access licence, for the relevant water source, must be obtained prior to extracting more than 3ML per water year of water as part of the construction dewatering <u>activity</u>. Advisory Notes: 1. This approval is not a water access licence. 2. A water year commences on 1 July each year. 3. This approval may contain an extraction limit which may also restrict the ability to take more than 3ML per water year without further information being provided to WaterNSW. 4. Note that certain water sources may be exempted from this requirement see paragraph17A, Schedule 4 of the Water Management (General) Regulation 2018.

- d) <u>GT0118-00001:</u> If no water access licence is obtained for the first 3ML / year (or less) of water extracted, then, in accordance with clause 21(6), Water Management (General) Regulation 2018, the applicant must: (a) record water taken for which the exemption is claimed, and (b) record the take of water not later than 24 hours after water is taken, and (c) make the record on WAL exemption form located on WaterNSW website "Record of groundwater take under exemption", and (d) keep the record for a period of 5 years, and (e) give the record to WaterNSW either via email to Customer.Helpdesk@waternsw.com.au or post completed forms to PO Box 398 Parramatta NSW 2124 (i) not later than 28 days after the end of the water year (being 30 June) in which the water was taken, or (ii) if WaterNSW directs the person in writing to give the record to WaterNSW on an earlier date, by that date.
- e) <u>GT0119-00001:</u> All extracted groundwater must be discharged from the site in accordance with Council requirements for stormwater drainage or in accordance with any applicable trade waste agreement.
- f) <u>GT0120-00001:</u> The design and construction of the building must prevent: (a)any take of groundwater, following the grant of an occupation certificate (and completion of construction of development), by making any below-ground levels that may be impacted by any water table fully watertight for the anticipated life of the building. Waterproofing of below-ground levels must be sufficiently extensive to incorporate adequate provision for unforeseen high water table elevations to prevent potential future inundation; (b)obstruction to groundwater flow, by using sufficient permanent drainage beneath and around the outside of the watertight structure to ensure that any groundwater mounding shall not be greater than 10 % above the pre-development level; and (c)any elevated water table from rising to within 1.0 m below the natural ground surface.
- g) <u>GT0121-00001:</u> Construction phase monitoring bore requirements GTA: a) A minimum of three monitoring bore locations are required at or around the subject property, unless otherwise agreed by WaterNSW. b) The location and number of proposed monitoring bores must be submitted for approval, to WaterNSW with the water supply work application. c) The monitoring bores must be installed and maintained as required by the water supply work approval. d) The monitoring bores must be protected from construction damage.
- h) <u>GT0122-00001:</u> Construction Phase Monitoring programme and content: a) A monitoring programme must be submitted, for approval, to WaterNSW with the water supply work application. The monitoring programme must, unless agreed otherwise in writing by WaterNSW, include matters set out in any Guide published by the NSW Department of Planning Industry and Environment in relation to groundwater investigations and monitoring. Where no Guide is current or published, the monitoring programme must include the following (unless otherwise agreed in writing by WaterNSW): i. Pre-application measurement requirements: The results of groundwater measurements on or around the site, with a minimum of 3 bore locations, over a minimum period of 3 months in the six months prior to the <u>submission</u> of the approval to WaterNSW. ii. Field measurements:

Include provision for testing electrical conductivity; temperature; pH; redox potential and standing water level of the groundwater; iii. Water quality: Include a programme for water quality testing which includes testing for those analytes as required by WaterNSW; iv. QA: Include details of quality assurance and control v. Lab assurance: Include a requirement for the testing by National Association of Testing Authorities accredited laboratories. b) The applicant must comply with the monitoring programme as approved by WaterNSW for the duration of the water supply work approval (Approved Monitoring Programme)

- i) <u>GT0123-00001:</u> (a) Prior to <u>the</u> issuing of the occupation certificate, and following the completion of the dewatering activity, and any monitoring required under the Approved Monitoring Programme, the applicant must submit a completion report to WaterNSW.
 (b) The completion report must, unless agreed otherwise in writing by WaterNSW, include matters set out in any guideline published by the NSW Department of Planning Industry and Environment in relation to groundwater investigations and monitoring. Where no guideline is current or published, the completion report must include the following (unless otherwise agreed in writing by WaterNSW): 1) All results from the Approved Monitoring Programme; and 2) Any other information required on the WaterNSW completion report form as updated from time to time on the WaterNSW website. c) The completion report must be submitted using "Completion Report for Dewatering work form" located on WaterNSW website
- j) <u>GT0150-00001:</u> The extraction limit shall be set at a total of 3ML per water year (being from 1 July to 30 June). The applicant may apply to WaterNSW to increase the extraction limit under this <u>condition</u>. Any application to increase the extraction limit must be in writing and provide all information required for a hydrogeological assessment. Advisory note: Any application to increase the extraction limit should include the following: Groundwater investigation report describing the groundwater conditions beneath and around the site and subsurface conceptualisation Survey plan showing ground surface elevation across the site Architectural drawings showing basement dimensions Environmental site assessment report for any sites containing contaminated soil or groundwater (apart from acid sulphate soils (ASS)) Laboratory test results for soil sampling testing for ASS If ASS, details of proposed management and treatment of soil and groundwater. Testing and management should align with the NSW Acid Sulphate Soil Manual
- k) <u>GT0151-00001:</u> Any dewatering activity approved under this approval shall cease after a period of two (2) years <u>from</u> the date of this approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by WaterNSW (Term of the dewatering approval). Advisory note: an extension of this approval may be applied for within 6 months of the expiry of Term.
- <u>GT0152-00001:</u> This approval must be surrendered after compliance with all conditions of this approval, and prior to <u>the</u> expiry of the Term of the dewatering approval, in condition GT0151-00001. Advisory note: an extension of this approval may be applied for within 6 months of the expiry of Term.
- m) <u>GT0155-00001:</u> The following construction phase monitoring requirements apply (Works Approval): a. The monitoring <u>bores</u> must be installed in accordance with the number and location shown, as modified by this approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing with WaterNSW. b. The applicant must comply with the monitoring programme as amended by this approval (Approved Monitoring Programme). c. The applicant must submit all results from the Approved Monitoring Programme, to WaterNSW, as part of the Completion Report
- Note: The GTA issued by WaterNSW do not constitute an approval under the *Water Management Act 2000.* The development consent holder must apply to WaterNSW for the relevant approval after development consent has been issued by Council and before the commencement of any work or activity.
- **Note**: These conditions have not been imposed by Council but are required to be incorporate as conditions of development consent. Where there is any inconsistency between these general terms of approval and other conditions of this consent the more onerous requirement prevails. Standard Condition: A16 (AA16)

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

A.12 Tree Preservation & Approved Landscaping Works

All landscape works shall be undertaken in accordance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report and pruning specification as applicable.

- a) The following trees shall be retained
 - Trees on Council Land

Council Ref No.	Species	Location	Dimension (metres)	Tree Value
1-5	<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> (Chinese Elm)	Bay Street frontage	10 x 5	\$25,000.00

The tree/s required to be retained should appear coloured green on the construction certificate plans.

b) The following trees shall be pruned in accordance with Australian Standard Pruning of Amenity Trees (AS 4373) and Workcover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry, to the minimum extent necessary to provide clearance to the new development:

Council Ref No.	Species	Location	Approved pruning (extent of pruning)
1, 2, 3 &4	<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> (Chinese Elm)	Bay Street frontage	In accordance with the Pruning Specification Report, written By Mark Kokot – Rain Tree Consulting Arboricultural Management, dated 15/03/2023 Selective pruning (S/7.2.4) and Crown modification (S/7.3) which incorporates Reduction pruning (S/7.3.2) and Crown lifting (S/7.3.3).
5	<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> (Chinese Elm)	Bay Street frontage	Remedial pruning in accordance with the Pruning Specification Report, written By Mark Kokot – Rain Tree Consulting Arboricultural Management, dated 15/03/2023.

This consent to prune does not permit the holder, or any other person or agent, to enter any property for the purpose of undertaking approved tree works, without the consent of the owner of the property.

Only a Council authorised contractor will be allowed to undertake the pruning of trees located on Council managed land under the supervision of Council's Coordinator of Trees Maintenance and the Project Arborist for the proposed development having a minimum Australian Qualification Framework (AQF) Level

The pruning shall be in accordance with Council's Tree Management Policies, *AS* 4373-2007 *Pruning of* Amenity *Trees* and the pruning specification outlined in the Street Tree Arboricultural Pruning Specification Report, written By Mark Kokot – Rain Tree Consulting Arboricultural Management, dated 15/03/2023. For the purpose of arranging a contractor, Council's Coordinator Public Trees (02 9391 7000) shall be contacted a minimum of 4 weeks prior to the erection of scaffolding and pruning works. The cost of the pruning and any associated works shall be the responsibility of the applicant. Council shall arrange a quote from a Council approved contractor and forward to the applicant. The pruning works shall only commence upon receipt of the quoted fee to Council. The contractor shall be working under the direct supervision and instruction of a Council Officer and the project arborist only. The trees required to be pruned should appear coloured blue on the construction certificate plans.

A.13 Establishment of Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) Fence

Tree Protection Zones shall be established around all trees to be retained and in accordance with Section 4 of the *Australian Standard Protection of Trees on Development Sites* (AS 4970- 2009). Tree protection zones must also comply with the following requirements;

a) Trunk protection shall be installed around the trunks of the following trees:

Council Ref No.	Species
1-5	<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> (Chinese Elm)

Trunk protection shall consist of a padding material such as hessian or thick carpet underlay wrapped around the trunk. Hardwood planks (50mm x100mm or similar) shall be placed over the padding and around the trunk of the tree at 150mm centres. The planks shall be secured with 8 gauge wire at 300mm spacing. Trunk protection shall extend a minimum height of 2 metres or to the maximum possible length permitted by the first branches.

- b) A sign identifying the Tree Protection Zone shall be erected on each side of the protection fence indicating the existence of a TPZ. Signage must be visible from within the development site.
- c) No excavation, construction activity, grade changes, storage of materials, stockpiling, siting of works sheds, preparation of mixes or cleaning of tools is permitted within the calculated radial Tree Protection Zones of Tree No.s 1 5, unless specified in this consent.
- d) Establishment of Ground protection

The existing paved pedestraina footpath surface shall remain in situ to provide ground protection with the Tree Protection Zones of Tree No.s 1- 5.

- e) The site supervisor must be made aware of all tree protection requirements associated with these conditions of consent by the project arborist. Any subsequent site personnel and contractors to the site must be made aware of all tree protection requirements by the site foreman.
- f) The project arborist shall provide written certification of compliance with the above condition.

A.14 Arborists Documentation and Compliance Checklist

The site arborist shall provide written certification that all tree protection measures and construction techniques relevant to this consent have been complied with. Documentation for each site visit shall include:

- A record of the condition of trees to be retained prior to and throughout development
- Recommended actions to improve site conditions and rectification of noncompliance
- Recommendations for future works which may impact the trees

All compliance certification documents shall be kept on site by the Site Foreman. As a minimum the following intervals of site inspections must be made:

Stage of arboricultural inspection and supervision	Compliance documentation and photos shall be included
Prior to the demolition of any building or construction and prior to the commencement of any development work	 Project Arborist to hold pre construction site meeting with the principal contractor to discuss methods and importance of tree protection measures and resolve any issues in relation to feasibility of tree protection requirements that may arise. Project Arborist to mark all trees approved for removal under DA consent. The project arborist shall install or supervise the installation of trunk protection and ensure ground protection remains in situ for the duration of the development.
During any development work	 The project arborist shall supervise all demolition and excavation works within the Tree Protection Zones of nominated trees listed in this consent. The project arborist shall supervise the hand excavation along the perimeter of approved footings closest to Tree No.s 1 – 5. The condition of exposed roots shall be managed and documented in accordance with Arboricultural Impact Assessment Report, written by Mark Kokot – Rain Tree Consulting, dated 10/08/2022. After engaging an authorised Council tree pruning contractor Tree No.s 1 – 5 shall be pruned under the supervision of Council's Coordinator of Trees Maintenance and the Project Arborist for the proposed development having a minimum Australian Qualification Framework (AQF) Level 5 in accordance with Council's Tree Management Policies, <i>AS 4373-2007 Pruning of Amenity Trees</i> and the pruning Specification network, written By Mark Kokot – Rain Tree Consulting Arboricultural Management, dated 15/03/2023. Any root pruning of Tree No.s 1 – 5 must be carried out under the supervision of the project arborist and in accordance with this consent.
Prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate	 The project arborist shall supervise the dismantling of tree protection measures After all demolition, construction and landscaping works are complete the project Arborist shall assess that the subject trees have been retained in the same condition and vigour. If changes to condition are identified the project Arborist should provide recommendations for remediation.

Inspections and compliance documentation shall be made by an arborist with AQF Level 5 qualifications.

Additional site visits shall be made when required by site arborist and/or site foreman for ongoing monitoring/supervisory work.

A.15 Construction Certificate – Staging of Works

The approved works which are subject of DA280/2022 must be undertaken and facilitated as a maximum of four (4) Construction Certificate stages, more specifically being:

- **Construction Certificate 1** Bulk excavation;
- Construction Certificate 2 Slab on ground with in-ground drainage services;
- Construction Certificate 3 Balance of superstructure; and
- **Construction Certificate 4** Building services, façade and external works (balance of works)

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

A.16 Development Consent is Not Granted in Relation to these Matters

- This Consent does not approve any shoring works that are constructed in accordance with development consent DA69/2021 and construction certificate No. 2200075-01 for Stage 1 works and No. 220075-02 for Stage 2 works.
- Development consent is granted for the commercial use of the shoring works constructed in accordance with development consent DA69/2021 and construction certificate No. 2200075-01 for Stage 1 works.
- This Consent does not approve any bulk excavation works that are constructed in accordance with development consent DA69/2021 and No. 220075-02 for Stage 2 works.
- Development consent is granted for the commercial use of the bulk excavation works constructed in accordance with development consent DA69/2021 and No. 220075-02 for Stage 2 works.

[Added under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

A.17 Approved Amended (section 4.56) Plans and Supporting Documents

Those acting upon or under this amended consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the approved plans and supporting documents listed in the original consent, as amended by the amended architectural approved plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents as submitted by the Applicant listed below otherwise than modified by further condition(s).

Where the plans relate to amendments, alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
Dwg. No.	Architectural Plans	All prepared by LawtonHurley Architecture Interiors Planning	
DA00 G	Site + Site Analysis Plan		Dec 2023
DA01 E	Basement 2 Plan		Mar 2024
DA02 E	Basement 1 Plan		Mar 2024
DA03 F	Ground Lower Plan		Mar 2024
DA04 E	Ground Upper Plan		Dec 2023
DA05 F	Level 1 Plan		Dec 2023
DA06 E	Level 2 Plan		Dec 2023
DA07 E	Level 3 Plan		Dec 2023
DA08 G	Level 4 Plan		Apr 2024
DA09 F	Roof Plan		Dec 2023
DA11 F	East Elevation		Dec 2023
DA12 F	North Elevation		Dec 2023
DA13 E	West Elevation		Dec 2023
DA14 E	South Elevation		Dec 2023
DA15 E	Section Looking West		Dec 2023
DA16 E	Section Looking North		Dec 2023
DA17 D	External Finishes		Aug 2023
DA18 E	GFA Plans		Dec 2023
DA50 E	Part Section Looking North		Nov 2023
DA51 E	Part Section Looking West		Nov 2023
22023	Traffic and Parking Impact	TTPP	17 January
	Assessment		2024
22023	Traffic Response to Council's RFI, Rev A	TTPP	13 March 2024

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions modifying the development imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.) Standard Condition: A6 (Autotext AA6)

[Added under DA2022/280/3 (PAN-410336)]

B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any Building or Construction

Nil.

C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, Excluding Conditions C3, C4, C5, C8, C9, C10, C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16. C17, C18, C19, C20 and C21 which must be satisfied prior to the issue of the relevant Construction Certificate.

C.1 Payment of Long Service Levy, Security, Contributions and Fees

The Certifying Authority must not issue any certificates under section 6.4 of the *Act* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, Subdivision Certificate or Occupation Certificate, as will apply.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
LONG SERVICE LEVY			
under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
Long Service Levy	Contact LSL		
www.longservice.nsw.gov.au/bci/levy/other-	Corporation or use	No	
information/levy-calculator	online calculator		
SECURITY under section 4.17(6) of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 1979			
Property Damage Security Deposit -			
making good any damage caused to any	\$404,360.00	No	T115
property of the Council			
Tree Damage Security Deposit – making good	\$25,000.00	No	T114
any damage caused to any public tree			
Infrastructure Works Bond (s138) -			
completing any public work required in	\$102,500.00	No	T113
connection with the consent.			
DEVELOPMENT LEVY			
under Woollahra Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan 2021			
This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded at www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au			
Development Levy (section 7.12)	\$17,0750.00	Yes,	T96
	+ Index Amount	quarterly	
INSPECTION FEES			
under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993			
Public Tree Management Inspection Fee	\$221.34	No	T45
Public Road/Footpath Infrastructure Inspection	\$1,230.00	No	
Fee			
Security Administration Fee	\$215	No	T16
TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS,	\$704,276.34 plus any relevant indexed		
LEVIES AND FEES	amounts and long service levy		

Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment

The long service levy under section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act 1986*, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate. The levy can be paid directly to the Long Service Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Corporation website <u>www.longservice.nsw.gov.au</u> or the Long Service Corporation on 131 441.

How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

- cash deposit with Council,
- credit card payment with Council, or
- bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.
- The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:
- the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution,
- the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable],
- the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent,
- the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, and
- the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

How will the section 7.12 levy (formerly known as 94A levy) be indexed?

To ensure that the value the development levy is not eroded over time by increases in costs, the proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2021 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the levy.

Do you need HELP indexing the levy?

Please contact Council's Customer Service Team on ph 9391 7000. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted development levy will delay the issue of any certificate issued under section 6.4 of the *Act* and could void any such certificate (eg Construction Certificate, Subdivision Certificate, or Occupation Certificate).

Deferred or periodic payment of section 7.12 levy (formerly known as 94A levy) under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 202

Where the Applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 7.12 levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- the reasons given,
- whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities,
- whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of the Plan, and
- whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

• the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution,

- the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable],
- the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent,
- the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, and
- the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or periodic payment of the section 7.12 levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the Plan. The Applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid. Standard Condition: C5

C.2 Road and Public Domain Works

A separate application under Section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993 is to be made to, and be approved by Council as the road authority, for the following infrastructure works prior to the issuing of **any** Construction Certificate **3**. The infrastructure works must be carried out at the applicant's expense:

1. <u>Vehicular Crossing Works</u>

- a) The removal of all redundant vehicular crossings and the construction of Council's standard kerb and gutter with associated full road restoration for the full frontage of the site in Brooklyn Lane in accordance with Council's standard driveway drawing RF2_D and to the satisfaction of Council's Assets Engineers.
- b) The removal of all redundant vehicular crossings including layback and gutter and the construction of Council's standard kerb and gutter with associated road restoration for the full frontage of the site in Bay Street in accordance with Council's standard driveway drawing RF2_D and to the satisfaction of Council's Assets Engineers.
- c) The construction of a new 5.6m wide vehicular crossing in Brooklyn Lane in accordance with Council's standard driveway drawing RF2_D and to the satisfaction of Council's Assets Engineers. The new vehicular crossing shall be constructed at right angle to the street kerb in plain concrete and the centreline of the new crossing shall be aligned with the centreline of the internal driveway at the property boundary. Design longitudinal profiles, starting from the road centreline to the parking slab, along each edge/side of the proposed driveway must be submitted for assessment.

2. Road & Footpath Works

- a) The reconstruction of full width footpath with Double Bay pavers for the full frontage of the site in New South Head Road and Bay Street in accordance with Council's Specification and to the satisfaction of Council's Assets Engineers. A maximum crossfall of max. 3% shall be provided for the full width footpath from the property boundary towards the top of kerb. A design longitudinal surface profile (scale 1:100) and cross sections (scale 1:50) at every 5 metres interval must be submitted for assessment.
- b) The reinstatement of all damaged kerb and gutter in Bay Street and New South Head Road in accordance with Council's and TfNSW's Specifications and to the satisfaction of Council's Assets Engineers.

- 3. Drainage works
 - a) The construction of two new kerb inlet pit with a 1.8m precast lintel in Brooklyn Lane for the proposed stormwater connection in accordance with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works and to the satisfaction of Council's Assets Engineers. One of the new kerb inlet pit shall be located at a minimum distance of 0.5m from any vehicular crossing and within the frontage of the site. The grates shall be Class D, "bicycle friendly" type.
 - b) The extension of Council's underground drainage system shall be made by using minimum Class 4, 375mm RRJ steel reinforced concrete pipes (RCP) with a minimum fall of <u>1%</u> to comply with Council's Specification. Detailed design including longitudinal section of the proposed 375mm RCP shall be prepared by a suitably qualified civil engineer. Trench details shall be included in the design drawings to comply with Council's Specification and AS3725. The existing downstream kerb inlet pit is to be reconstructed if deemed defective during construction by Council's Assets Engineers.
 - c) The developer shall be responsible for carrying out all service investigations to allow a gravity connection.
- 4. <u>Structures on Council's Property</u>
 - a) The submission of drawings and certificate from a professional engineer (structural engineer), for the proposed awning over Council's property.
 - b) Observe condition for the creation of positive covenant requirements.
- 5. <u>Bond</u>
 - a) A bond of \$102,500 will be used as security to ensure the satisfactory completion of the infrastructure works. The security or bank guarantee must be the original unconditional bank guarantee with no expiry date.
 - b) Council may use all or part of the Infrastructure Bond as well as the Property Damage Security Deposit to meet the cost of removing or completing the works if they do not meet Council's requirements.
 - c) The Deposit/Bond will not be released until Council has inspected the site and is satisfied that the Works have been completed in accordance with Council approved drawings and to Council requirements
 - **Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.
 - Note: Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.
 - Note: The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Roads Act 1993* approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the Applicant to seek to amend this consent.
 Note: See section K. Advisings of this consent titled *Roads Act Application*.
 - Standard Condition: C13 (Autotext CC13)

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

C.3 Waste Storage – Compliance with Approved Operational Waste Management Plan (OWMP)

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required to be submitted with application for Construction Certificate 4 to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail provisions for waste management in accordance with the approved OWMP.

C.4 Utility Services Generally

The Construction Certificate 3 plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must demonstrate that all utility services (telecommunications, electricity, gas, water and waste water) will be provided underground. All service ducts, pipes and conduits must be provided within the fabric of the building (excluding stormwater down pipes).

Where telecommunications and electricity are provided from existing poles in the road they must, in accordance with the relevant suppliers' requirements, be carried to the site underground directly to the main switch board within the fabric of the building.

Note: Where adequate provision has not been made for an electrical sub-station within the building, this may necessitate the lodgement of an application to amend this consent under section 4.55 of the *Act* to detail the location, landscape/streetscape impacts and compliance with AS2890 as applicable.

The location of service poles and substations required by the relevant suppliers must be shown upon the plans submitted with Construction Certificate 3 application together with a letter from each relevant supplier setting out their requirements.

Proposed water pipes, waste pipes, stack work, duct work, mechanical ventilation plant and the like must be located within the building unless expressly shown upon the approved DA plans. Details confirming compliance with this condition must be shown on the Construction Certificate 3 plans and/or detailed within the Construction Certificate 3 specifications. Required external vents or vent pipes on the roof or above the eaves must be shown on the Construction Certificate 3 plans.

Note: The intent of this condition is that the design quality of the development must not be compromised by cables, pipes, conduits, ducts, plant, equipment, electricity substations or the like placed such that they are visible from any adjoining public place. They must be contained within the building unless shown otherwise by the approved development consent plans.

The Construction Certificate 3 plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail the replacement of all private sewer pipes between all sanitary fixtures and Sydney Water's sewer main where they are not found by inspection to be UPVC or copper with continuously welded joints.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that where private sewer pipes are old, may leak or may be subject to root invasion (whether from existing or proposed private or public landscaping) that existing cast iron, concrete, earthenware or terracotta pipes be replaced with new UPVC or copper continuously welded pipes between all sanitary fixtures and Sydney Waters sewer main. Leaking sewer pipes are a potential source of water pollution, unsafe and unhealthy conditions which must be remedied in the public interest. Standard Condition: C20 (Autotext CC20)

C.5 **Provision for Energy Supplies**

The Applicant must provide to the Certifying Authority a letter from Energy Australia setting out Energy Australia's requirements relative to the provision of electricity/gas supply to the development.

Any required electricity pillar and/or substation must be located within the boundaries of the site. Where an electricity pillar and electricity substation required within the site but no provision has been made to place it within the building and such substation has not been detailed upon the approved development consent plans an application under section 4.55 of the *Act* is required to be submitted to Council. Council will assess the proposed location of the required electricity pillar and/or substation.

The Construction Certificate 3 plans and specifications, required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail provisions to meet the requirements of Energy Australia.

Where the electricity pillar and/or substation is required, the Construction Certificate 3 plans and specifications must provide:

- a) A setback not less than 3m from the road boundary and dense landscaping of *local native plants* to screen the electricity pillar and/or substation from view within the streetscape.
- b) A setback not less than 3m from any other site boundary (fire source feature) and not within the areas required to be kept clear of obstructions to vehicle visibility pursuant to clause 3.2.4 of AS2890.1-1993(See: Figures 3.2 and 3.3).
- c) A setback to and not within the drip line of any existing tree required to be retained.
- d) A setback not less than the 10m from any NSW Fire Brigade booster connection as prescribed by clause 5.6.3(d)(iii) of AS 2419.1-1994 or be separated from any booster connections by a construction with a fire resistance rating of not less than FRL 90/90/90 for a distance of not less than 2 m each side of and 3 m above the upper hose connections in the booster assembly pursuant to clause 5.6.3(c)(ii) of AS 2419.1-1994, and
- e) The Owner shall dedicate to the appropriate energy authority, free of cost, an area of land adjoining the street alignment to enable an electricity pillar and/or substation to be established, if required. The size and location of the electricity pillar and/or substation is to be in accordance with the requirements of the appropriate energy authority and Council. The opening of any access doors must not intrude onto the public road reserve.
- **Note**: If the electricity pillar and/or substation is not located within the building its location, screening vegetation, all screen walls or fire separating walls must have been approved by the grant of development consent or amended development consent prior to the issue of *Construction Certificate 2* for those works. Documentary evidence of compliance, including correspondence from the energy authority is to be provided to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate. The Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the requirements of energy authority have been met prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.
- **Note:** This condition has been imposed because the application fails to provide sufficient detail (either by plans or by the Statement of Environmental Effects) demonstrating that provision has been made to Energy Australia's satisfaction for the provision of electricity supply to the building. Nevertheless, Council has no reason to believe that provision cannot be reasonably made for electricity to service the development.
- **Note**: Where it is proposed to shield any booster connection or any building from any electricity pillar and/or substation pursuant to clause 5.6.3(c)(ii) of AS 2419.1-1994 or by fire resisting construction under the BCA respectively and this construction has not been detailed upon the approved development consent plans such works should be considered inconsistent with consent pursuant to clause 145 of the *Regulation*. The Applicant must lodge with Council details for any such construction pursuant to section 4.55 of the *Act* to allow assessment under section 4.15 of the *Act*.
- **Note**: Electricity pillar and/or Substations must not be located within the minimum sight distance at driveway entrances under Australian Standard AS/NZS 2890 (Set)-2004 *Parking Facilities Set whether such driveways service the site or any adjoining land.* Standard Condition: C21

C.6 Soil and Water Management Plan – Submission and Approval

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit to the Certifying Authority a soil and water management plan complying with:

- a) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- b) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.

The Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the soil and water management plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any Construction Certificate.

Note: This condition has been imposed to eliminate potential water pollution and dust nuisance.

- **Note**: The International Erosion Control Association Australasia www.austieca.com.au lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.
- Note: The "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" publication can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au, and The Blue Book is available at www.environment.nsw.gov.au/stormwater/publications.htm.
- Note: Pursuant to clause 161(1)(a)(5) of the *Regulation* an Accredited Certifier may satisfied as to this matter. Standard Condition: C25

C.7 Tree Management Plan

The Construction *Certificate* plans and specifications shall show the following information:

- a) Trees to be numbered in accordance with these conditions:
 - shaded green where required to be retained and protected
 - shaded red where authorised to be removed
 - shaded yellow where required to be transplanted
 - shaded blue where required to be pruned
- b) References to applicable tree management plan, arborists report or transplant method statement.

This plan shall be kept on site until the issue of the final occupation certificate.

C.8 Professional Engineering Details

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, clause 7 of the *Environmental Planning and* Assessment (*Development Certification and Fire Safety*) Regulation 2021, must include detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydrogeological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional structural, hydrogeological, and geotechnical engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the application for Construction Certificate 1 and 2 for the associated scope of works.

Detailed professional electrical, hydraulic, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the application for Construction Certificate 3 and 4.

Note: This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged Construction Certificates. Standard Condition: C36

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

C.9 Engineer Certification

This development consent does NOT give approval to any works outside the boundaries of the subject property including any underpinning works to any structures on adjoining properties. Any structural design is not to incorporate any underpinning works which encroaches outside the boundaries of the subject property unless relevant consents have been granted. Engineer certification to this effect shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of Construction Certificate 1.

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

C.10 Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Design, Certification and Monitoring

The Construction Certificate plans and specification required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must be accompanied by a Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program together with civil and structural engineering details for foundation retaining walls, footings, basement tanking, and subsoil drainage systems, as applicable to the relevant Construction Certificate, prepared by a professional engineer, who is suitably qualified and experienced in geotechnical and hydrogeological engineering.

These details must be certified by the professional engineer to:

- a) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no ground settlement or movement, during excavation or after construction, sufficient to cause an adverse impact on adjoining property or public infrastructure.
- b) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no adverse impact on surrounding property or infrastructure as a result of changes in local hydrogeology (behaviour of groundwater).
- c) Provide foundation tanking prior to excavation such that any temporary changes to the groundwater level, during construction, will be kept within the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations. Where the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations is unknown, the design must demonstrate that changes in the level of the natural water table, due to construction, will not exceed 0.2m at any time.
- d) Provide tanking of all below ground structures to prevent the entry of all ground water such that they are fully tanked and no on-going dewatering of the site is required.
- e) Provide a Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Monitoring Program that:
 - will detect any settlement associated with temporary and permanent works and structures,
 - will detect deflection or movement of temporary and permanent retaining structures (foundation walls, shoring bracing or the like),
 - will detect vibration in accordance with AS 2187.2-1993 Appendix J including acceptable velocity of vibration (peak particle velocity),
 - will detect groundwater changes calibrated against natural groundwater variations,
 - details the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised,
 - details the pre-set acceptable limits for peak particle velocity and ground water fluctuations,
 - details recommended hold points to allow for the inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the professional engineer, and
 - details a contingency plan. Standard Condition: C40 (Autotext: CC40)

C.11 Ground Anchors

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to works or structures over, on or under adjoining properties, public roads and/or footpaths. Prior written consent must be obtained from all relevant adjoining property owner(s) for the use of any Ground Anchors extending beyond the boundaries of the subject property.

The use of permanent ground anchors under Council land is not permitted. Temporary ground anchors under Council's land may be permitted, in accordance with Council's "Rock Anchor Policy", where alternative methods of stabilisation would not be practicable or viable, and where there would be benefits in terms of reduced community impact due to a shorter construction period, reduced disruption to pedestrian and vehicular traffic on adjacent public roads, and a safer working environment.

If temporary ground anchors under Council land are proposed, a separate application, including payment of fees, must be made to Council under Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993.* Application forms and Council's "Rock Anchor Policy" are available from Council's website. Approval may be granted subject to conditions of consent. Minimum Four weeks should be allowed for assessment.

The Certifying Authority must be satisfied that any required ground anchor approvals comply with the publications above prior to issuing Construction Certificate 1.

- **Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.
- Note: Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.
- Note: Clause 20 of the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "Excavations adjacent to road A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the *Roads Act 1993* for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary)) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road. Standard Condition: C41 (Autotext: CC41)

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

C.12 Parking Facilities

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications with application for Construction Certificate 3, required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include detailed plans and specifications for all bicycle, car and commercial vehicle parking in compliance with AS2890.3:2015 Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking Facilities, AS/NZS 2890.1:2004: Parking Facilities - Off-Street Car Parking and AS 2890.2:2018 – Off-Street Parking: Commercial Vehicle Facilities respectively.

The plans must satisfy the following requirement(s):

- a) All parking spaces shall have minimum dimensions of 2.4m x 5.4m, clear of any obstructions, to comply with AS2890.1. A 300mm shall be added to the width of the parking space if side is obstructed by wall or column.
- b) Signage/pavement marking be provided to ensure parking provision of 58 spaces for commercial parking, 35 spaces for retail parking;
- c) Sight distance requirements must comply with Clause 3.2.4 and Figure 3.3 of AS2890.1-2004;
- d) A 2m x 2.5m driveway sight splay, kept clear of any obstructions to visibility, be provided along both sides of the driveway wholly within the site boundary;
- e) All vehicles must enter and leave the car park in a forward direction.

The *Certifying Authority* has no discretion to reduce or increase the number or area of car parking or commercial parking spaces required to be provided and maintained by this consent.

Access levels and grades must comply with access levels and grade required by Council under the *Roads Act* 1993. Standard Condition: C45 (Autotext: CC45)

[Amended under DA2022/280/3 (PAN-410336)]

C.13 Stormwater Management Plan

Prior to issue of the Construction Certificate 4, the applicant must submit, for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed stormwater management plans prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer, which detail the following:

- a) General design in accordance with stormwater management plans, referenced 22-991-Rev B, prepared by AT&L, dated 31/05/2022, other than amended by this and other conditions;
- b) Stormwater runoff from the site shall be discharged, by direct connection, to Council's underground drainage system via the proposed stormwater filtration/treatment system with the installation of a boundary junction pit;
- c) All below ground structures are to be fully tanked;
- d) In order to prevent any backwater effects, the proposed stormwater filtration pit must be designed so that it is set above the HGL of the downstream drainage system where the top of kerb level is to be used as the tailwater level when connecting into the road drainage system. The tailwater level must be higher than the top of kerb where the point of connection is affected by mainstream or overland flooding. Elevation of the stormwater filtration pit with all required design levels must be provided demonstrating compliance with this requirement;
- e) The installation of stormwater filtration /treatment system which includes but not limited to the installation of 15 x 690PSorb StormFilter Cartridges and 2 x OceanGuard by Ocean Protect to achieve the minimum the water quality targets stipulated in Chapter E2.2.3 of Council's DCP;
- f) Dimensions of all drainage pit and access grates must be designed to comply with AS3500.3;
- g) Compliance the objectives and performance requirements of the BCA;
- h) General compliance with the Council's Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.

The Stormwater Management Plan must also include the following specific requirements:

Layout plan

A detailed drainage plan at a scale of 1:100 based on drainage calculations prepared in accordance with the Australian Government publication, *Australian Rainfall and Run- off, 2019* edition or most current version thereof. It must include:

- a) All pipe layouts, dimensions, grades, lengths and material specification,
- b) Location of On-Site Detention,
- c) All invert levels reduced to Australian Height Datum (AHD),
- d) Location and dimensions of all drainage pits,
- e) Point and method of connection to Councils drainage infrastructure, and
- f) Overland flow paths over impervious areas.

Where any new Stormwater Drainage System crosses the footpath area within any road, separate approval under section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* must be obtained from Council for those works prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

All Stormwater Drainage System work within any road or public place must comply with Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012).

- **Note:** This Condition is imposed to ensure that site stormwater is disposed of in a controlled and sustainable manner.
- **Note:** The collection, storage and use of rainwater is to be in accordance with *Standards Australia HB230-2008 "Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook".* Standard Condition: C.51 (Autotext CC51)

C.14 Non-Gravity Drainage Systems

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications to be submitted with application for Construction Certificate 3, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include a Stormwater Management Plan for the site.

The Stormwater Management Plan must detail the non-gravity drainage systems (charged, siphon, pump/sump systems) being designed in accordance with section 6.2.4 – "Non-gravity drainage systems" of Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.

Note: The Woollahra DCP is available from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u>. Standard Condition: C.52 (Autotext CC52)

C.15 Flood Protection

Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must include a Flood Risk Management Plan on the basis of the Flood Planning Level (FPL).

Flood Warning:

- a) A permanent flood risk management plan shall be installed in a prominent area of the basement carpark,
- b) Permanent flood risk management plans shall be installed in a prominent area in an areas frequented by the occupants such as the kitchenettes.

Below Ground Car parking

- a) The driveway entry shall be protected by an automatic mechanical flood barrier with the threshold set to the flood planning level of 6.98m AHD,
- b) Permanent brass plaques shall be mounted adjacent to all automatic mechanical flood barriers explaining their purpose and operation,

Floor levels

- a) The pedestrian entry to the Lobby area shall be protected by an automatic mechanical flood barrier with the threshold set to the flood planning level of 9.78m AHD,
- b) The pedestrian entry to the retail area 1 shall be protected by an automatic mechanical flood barrier with the threshold set to the flood planning level of 6.58m AHD,
- c) The Bay Street pedestrian entry to the retail area 3 shall be protected by an automatic mechanical flood barrier with the threshold set to the flood planning level of 10.21m AHD,
- The Brooklyn Lane pedestrian entry to the retail plant area shall be protected by an automatic mechanical flood barrier with the threshold set to the flood planning level of 10.59m AHD,

Flood Proof Material

a) Flood compatible materials shall be used for all flood exposed construction.

Electricals

a) All flood exposed electrical wiring and equipment shall be waterproofed,

Certification

a) All flood protection measures shall be inspected and certified as fit for purpose after construction is complete by an engineer experienced in flood mitigation,

Flood protection is to comply with Woollahra DCP 2015, Part E General Controls for All Development, Chapter E2 –Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.

Notes:

The revised driveway profile, gradients and transitions must be in accordance with Australian Standard 2890.1, Part 1: Off-street car parking. The driveway profile submitted to Council must contain all relevant details: reduced levels, proposed grades and distances. Council will not allow alteration to existing reduced levels within the road or any other public place to achieve flood protection.

[Amended under DA2022/280/3 (PAN-410336)]

C.16 Electric vehicle circuitry and electric vehicle charging point requirements

An accurate electrical plan and specifications for all off-street car parking must be prepared by a suitably qualified person, demonstrating the following;

- a) That each off-street car parking space will be provided with electrical circuitry to support the installation of a Level 2 electric vehicle charger point. The construction certificate 4 plans are to:
 - Identify the power capacity to each car parking space.
 - identify the load management system on each level of parking such as a distribution board.
 - identify the conduit system to allow each car space to install an electric vehicle charger point such as cable trays and/or buried cables underground. This system should allow future installation of cabling to power electric vehicle charger points and allow internet access (run Ethernet cable or install 4G modem).
- b) A minimum of one Level 2 electric charger must be provided and Level 2 chargers must be provided to not less than 10% of all car parking spaces. The location of all electric vehicle chargers must be shown on the construction certificate plans.
- c) The certifier must be satisfied that the electrical plans and specifications are consistent with (a) and (b) prior to the issue of construction certificate 4.

Note: The minimum electric circuitry requirements for 'Level 2' electric vehicle charging points are:

- a) Privately available spaces including visitor spaces: 'Level 2' slow single phase 7kW power; and
- b) Publicly available spaces: 'Level 2' fast three-phase 11-22kW power Standard Condition: C57 (Autotext CC57)

C.17 Light and Ventilation

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required to be submitted with application for Construction Certificate 4 to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail all a lighting, mechanical ventilation or air- conditioning systems complying with Part F.4 of the BCA or clause 3.8.4 and 3.8.5 of the BCA Housing Provisions, inclusive of <u>AS 1668.1</u>, <u>AS 1668.2</u> and <u>AS/NZS 3666.1</u>.

If an alternate solution is proposed then the Construction Certificate application must include a statement as to how the performance requirements of the BCA are to be complied with and support the performance based solution by expert *evidence of suitability*. This condition does not set aside the mandatory requirements of the *Public Health (Microbial*)

This condition does not set aside the mandatory requirements of the *Public Health (Microbial Control) Regulation 2000* in relation to *regulated systems*. This condition does not set aside the effect of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* in relation to offensive noise or odour.

Note: Clause 98 of the *Regulation* requires compliance with the BCA. Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prevents the issue of a *Construction Certificate* unless the *Accredited Certifier*/Council is satisfied that compliance has been achieved. Schedule 1, Part 3 of the *Regulation* details what information must be submitted with *Construction Certificate* 4. It is the Applicant's responsibility to demonstrate compliance through the Construction Certificate application process. Applicants must also consider possible noise and odour nuisances that may arise. The provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997 have overriding effect if offensive noise or odour arises from the use. Applicants must pay attention to the location of air intakes and air exhausts relative to sources of potentially contaminated air and neighbouring windows and air intakes respectively, see section 2 and 3 of <u>AS 1668.2</u>. Standard Condition C59 (Autotext CC59)

C.18 Ventilation - Enclosures used by Vehicles (Car parks, automotive service, enclosed driveways, loading docks and the like)

The basement car parking areas in which vehicles powered by internal combustion engines are parked, serviced or operated are required to comply with Section 4 'Ventilation of Enclosures used by Vehicles with Internal Combustion Engines' of Australian Standard 1668.2-2012. In general air distribution must achieve uniform dilution of contaminants in the garage and maintain contaminant concentrations below recommended exposure standards.

The basement car parking areas must be naturally ventilated or provided with a combination of both supply and exhaust mechanical ventilation. The applicant is to determine the method of ventilation of the *(nominate enclosure)* and provide details to the Certifying Authority with application for Construction Certificate 4 accordingly.

Except as varied, the basement car parking areas shall be mechanically ventilated by a combination of general exhaust and supply flow rates in accordance with Australian Standard 1668.2-2012.

C.19 Ventilation - Internal Sanitary Rooms

All internal sanitary rooms and laundry facilities not provided with natural ventilation must be provided with a system of mechanical exhaust ventilation in accordance with *Minimum Exhaust Ventilation Flow Rates of AS 1668.2-2012*. Details of any proposed mechanical ventilation system(s) being submitted with the application for Construction Certificate 4 plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority demonstrating compliance with AS 1668 Parts 1 & 2.

C.20 Sound Attenuation Works

The Construction Certificate plans and specification required to be submitted with application for Construction Certificate 4 pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must detail the sound attenuation works required in the **Acoustic Report, Acoustic Addendum Letter** and **Acoustic Specification**, prepared by Acoustic Logic as referenced in **Condition A.4**.

C.21 Public Art Plan (Special Condition)

For the assessment and recommendation by the Public Art Panel, , an updated Public Art Plan must be submitted at the 'Artist Procurement' stage (as outlined on page 23 of the current Public Art Plan), for approval prior to the issue of construction certificate 4 and include:

- The short-listed artists prior to selection;
- the proposed final artwork/s for Council's Public Art Panel to assess and provide recommendation on the timeline for the public artwork; and

• a detailed and itemised budget breakdown, corresponding to the Public Art Guidelines assessment criteria, including 6.5: 'Value of public art' (at least 1% of CIV) clearly outlining the artist fee.

D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work

D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989

For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b) in the case of residential building work for which the *Home Building Act 1989* requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under the *Home Building Regulation 2004*, or
- b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.

- **Note**: This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.
- **Note**: All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia.

Standard Condition: D1 (Autotext DD1)

D.2 Conceptual Remediation Action Plan (Conceptual RAP)

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder and any subcontractor must comply with the requirements of the approved Conceptual Remedial Action Plan (Stage 3), referenced 86253.03 R.008.Rev0, prepared by Douglas Partners Pty Ltd and dated 08 August 2022. Given the limited nature of the Preliminary Investigation due to site constraints, confirmation of the contamination status of the site in the form of a **Detailed Site Investigation** will need to be undertaken prior to the commencement of any works. The **Detailed Site Investigation** shall be undertaken in accordance with the contaminated land planning guidelines. A remediation action plan shall be prepared in respect of any contamination identified by the detailed investigation supported by a site audit statement that confirms that the remediation once carried out will render the land suitable for the purpose of the development, to the satisfaction of the Council.

D.3 Dilapidation Reports for Existing Buildings

Dilapidation surveys and dilapidation reports shall be conducted and prepared by a *professional engineer* (structural) for all buildings and/or structures that are located within the likely "zone of influence" of any excavation, dewatering and/or construction induced vibration as determined applicable by the Structural Engineer.

These properties must include (but is not limited to):

- a) No. 290 New South Head Road
- b) No. 12 Bay Street

The dilapidation reports must be completed and submitted to the *Certifying Authority* for approval. An approved copy of the reports shall be submitted to Council with the *Notice of Commencement* prior to the commencement of any *development work*.

Where excavation of the site will extend below the level of any immediately adjoining building the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must give the adjoining building owner(s) a copy of the dilapidation report for their building(s) and a copy of the *notice of commencement* required by Section 6.6(2) of the *Act* not less than two (2) days prior to the commencement of any work.

Note: The reasons for this condition are:

- To provide a record of the condition of buildings prior to development being carried out.
- To encourage developers and its contractors to use construction techniques that will minimise the risk of damage to buildings on neighbouring land.
- Note: Also refer to the Dilapidation Report Advising for more information regarding this condition Standard Condition: D4 (Autotext DD4)

D.4 Adjoining Buildings Founded on Loose Foundation Materials

The Principal Contractor must ensure that a professional engineer determines the possibility of any adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials being affected by piling, piers or excavation. The professional engineer (geotechnical consultant) must assess the requirements for underpinning any adjoining or adjacent buildings founded on such soil on a case by case basis and the Principal Contractor must comply with any reasonable direction of the professional engineer.

Note: A failure by contractors to adequately assess and seek professional engineering (geotechnical) advice to ensure that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained prior to commencement may result in damage to adjoining land and buildings. Such contractors are likely to be held responsible for any damages arising from the removal of any support to supported land as defined by section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*. Standard Condition: D6 (Autotext DD6)

D.5 Piezometers for the Monitoring of Ground Water Levels

The Principal Contractor must be provide 2 piezometers within the excavation area and a further 2 piezometers around the perimeter of the wall. The piezometers are to be installed to monitor ground water levels (GWL) before and during all dewatering works for the construction phase.

The GWL monitoring wells and monitoring program must be maintained until the issue of the *Final Occupation Certificate*.

The GWL are to be regularly monitored during the course of the works as required by the work method statement for the control of GWL. Any damaged piezometers are to be replaced to allow uninterrupted monitoring.

Where there are any movements in the GWL outside a safe range set by the work method statement for the control of GWL, corrective action must be undertaken under the direction of the professional engineer (hydrological/geotechnical engineer). Standard Condition: D7 (Autotext DD7)

D.6 Construction Management Plan

As a result of the site constraints, limited space and access a Construction Management Plan (CMP) is to be submitted to Council. Also, due to lack of on-street parking a Work Zone may be required during construction.

The Principal Contractor or Owner must submit an application for approval of the CMP by Council's Traffic Engineer and pay all fees associated with the application.

The CMP must be submitted as a self-contained document that outlines the nature of the construction project and as applicable, include the following information:

- a) Detail the scope of the works to be completed including details of the various stages, e.g. demolition, excavation, construction etc. and the duration of each stage.
- b) Identify local traffic routes to be used by construction vehicles.
- c) Identify ways to manage construction works to address impacts on local traffic routes.
- Identify other developments that may be occurring in the area and identify ways to minimise the cumulative traffic impact of these developments. Should other developments be occurring in close proximity (500m or in the same street) to the subject site, the developer/builder is to liaise fortnightly with the other developers/builders undertaking work in the area in order to minimise the cumulative traffic and parking impacts of the developments.
- e) Detail how construction workers will travel to and from the site and parking arrangements for those that drive.
- f) Identify any proposed road closures, temporary traffic routes, loss of pedestrian or cyclist access or reversing manoeuvres onto a public road and provide Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) prepared by an accredited RMS Red or Orange card holder to manage these temporary changes.
- g) Detail the size (including dimensions), numbers and frequency of arrival of the construction vehicles that will service the site for each stage of works.
- h) Provide for the standing of vehicles during construction.
- i) If construction vehicles are to be accommodated on the site, provide a scaled drawing showing where these vehicles will stand and the vehicle swept path to show that these vehicles can access and egress the site in a forward direction (including dimensions and all adjacent traffic control devices, such as parking restrictions, pedestrian facilities, kerb extensions, etc.).
- j) If trucks are to be accommodated on Council property, provide a scaled drawing showing the location of any proposed Works Zone (including dimensions and all adjacent traffic control devices, such as parking restrictions, pedestrian facilities, kerb extensions, etc.).
- k) Show the location of any site sheds and any anticipated use of cranes and concrete pumps and identify the relevant permits that will be required.
- I) If a crane/s are to be accommodated on site, detail how the crane/s will be erected and removed, including the location, number and size of vehicles involved in the erection/removal of the crane/s, the duration of the operation and the proposed day and times, any full or partial road closures required to erect or remove the crane/s and appropriate Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) prepared by an approved RMS Red or Orange Card holder.
- m) Make provision for all materials, plant, etc. to be stored within the development site at all times during construction.
- n) State that any oversized vehicles proposed to operate on Council property (including Council approved Works Zones) will attain a Permit to Stand Plant on each occasion (Note: oversized vehicles are vehicles longer than 7.5m or heavier than 4.5T.)
- o) Show the location of any proposed excavation and estimated volumes.
- p) When demolition, excavation and construction works are to be undertaken on school days, all vehicular movements associated with this work shall only be undertaken between the hours of 9.30am and 2.30pm, in order to minimise disruption to the traffic network during school pick up and drop off times.

- q) Show the location of all Tree Protection (Exclusion) zones (Note: storage of building materials or access through Reserve will not be permitted without prior approval by Council).
- **Note:** A minimum of eight weeks will be required for assessment. Work must not commence until the Construction Management Plan is approved. Failure to comply with this condition may result in fines and proceedings to stop work. Standard Condition: D9 (Autotext: DD9)

D.7 Works (Construction) Zone – Approval and Implementation

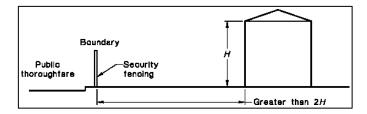
A Works Zone may be required for this development. The Principal Contractor or Owner can apply for a works zone. If the works zone is approved the Principal Contractor or Owner must pay all fees for this Works Zone before it can be installed.

The Principal Contractor must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road as a Works Zone. All Works Zone signs must have been erected by Council to permit enforcement of the Works Zone by Council's Rangers and NSW Police before commencement of any work. Signs are not erected until full payment of works zone fees.

- **Note**: The Principal Contractor or Owner must allow not less than four to six weeks (for routine applications) from the date of making an application to the Traffic Committee (Woollahra Local Traffic Committee) constituted under the clause 22 of the *Transport Administration (General) Regulation 2000* to exercise those functions delegated by the Roads and Maritime Services under section 50 of the *Transport Administration Act 1988*.
- **Note:** The enforcement of the works zone is at the discretion of Council's Rangers and the NSW Police Service. The Principal Contractor must report any breach of the works zone to either Council or the NSW Police Service. Standard Condition: D10 (Autotext DD10)

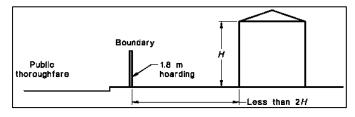
D.8 Security Fencing, Hoarding (including 'Creative Hoardings') and Overhead Protection

Security fencing must be provided around the perimeter of the development site, including any additional precautionary measures taken to prevent unauthorised entry to the site at all times during the demolition, excavation and construction period. Security fencing must be the equivalent 1.8m high chain wire as specified in AS 1725.



Type A Hoarding

Where the development site adjoins a public thoroughfare, the common boundary between them must be fenced for its full length with a hoarding, unless the least horizontal distance between the common boundary and the nearest parts of the structure is greater than twice the height of the structure. The hoarding must be constructed of solid materials (chain wire or the like is not acceptable) to a height of not less than 1.8m adjacent to the thoroughfare.



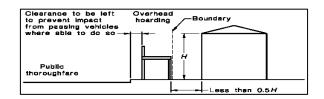
Type B Hoarding

Where a development site adjoins a public thoroughfare with a footpath alongside the common boundary then, in addition to the hoarding required above, the footpath must be covered by an overhead protective structure and the facing facade protected by heavy-duty scaffolding, unless either:

- a) the vertical height above footpath level of the structure being demolished is less than 4.0m; or
- b) the least horizontal distance between footpath and the nearest part of the structure is greater than half the height of the structure.

The overhead structure must consist of a horizontal platform of solid construction and vertical supports, and the platform must:

- a) extend from the common boundary to 200mm from the edge of the carriageway for the full length of the boundary,
- b) have a clear height above the footpath of not less than 2.1m,
- c) terminate 200mm from the edge of the carriageway (clearance to be left to prevent impact from passing vehicles) with a continuous solid upstand projecting not less than 0.5m above the platform surface, and
- d) together with its supports, be designed for a uniformly distributed live load of not less than 7 kPa.



The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that overhead protective structures are installed and maintained in accordance with the NSW "Code of Practice - Overhead Protective Structures 1995". This is code available at

www.safework.nsw.gov.au/data/assets/pdf_file/0008/52883/Overhead-protective-structures- Code-of-practice.pdf

All Hoardings

Security fencing, hoarding and overhead protective structure must not obstruct access to utilities services including but not limited to man holes, pits, stop valves, fire hydrants or the like.

Hoardings on Public Land including 'Creative Hoardings'

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road (footway) for required hoarding or overhead protection.

A creative hoarding (i.e. an approved artwork or historic image affixed to the hoarding) is required if the hoarding meets the criteria in Council's Creative Hoardings Policy (adopted March 2020). The cost of printing and affixing the creative hoarding is the responsibility of the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder. The Creative Hoardings Policy can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au

- **Note**: The Principal Contractor or Owner must allow not less than two (2) weeks from the date of making a hoarding application for determination. Any approval for a hoarding or overhead protection under the *Roads Act 1993* will be subject to its own conditions and fees.
- **Note**: Council seeks to increase public art in the public domain by requiring artwork or historic images on hoardings located on public land. Under the Creative Hoardings Policy an application for a hoarding proposed on public land will require an approved artwork or historic image affixed to the hoarding if the hoarding meets the criteria in section 3 of the Policy:

- A. Hoardings proposed on land zoned B2 Local Centre, or B4 Mixed Use, or SP2 Infrastructure under Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014 AND erected for 8 weeks or more OR
- B. Hoardings proposed on land located along a State classified road (regardless of the zone) AND erected for 8 weeks or more OR
- C. Hoardings proposed in any other location than that referred to in A. and B. above AND erected for 12 weeks or more, except where:
 - i. the capital investment value of the work to which the hoarding relates is less than \$1 million

OR

- ii. the land is zoned R2 Low Density Residential OR
- iii. the land is zoned R3 Medium Density Residential and the hoarding located in a lane or street that does not have through traffic (eg a cul-de-sac or no through road).

Artwork and historic images for the hoardings are assessed and approved in accordance with the Creative Hoardings Policy. Details of the artwork or images proposed to be affixed to the hoardings must be submitted with Council's form "Application for a permit to use a footpath for the erection of a hoarding/scaffolding".

The Creative Hoardings Policy can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or for more information contact Council's Cultural Development Team. Standard Condition: D11 (Autotext DD11)

D.9 Site Signs

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that the sign/s required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is/are erected and maintained at all times.

Clause 98A of the *Regulation* provides:

Erection of signs

- For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
- A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision `work or demolition work is being carried out:
 - a. showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifier for the work, and
 - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
 - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
- Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
- This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
- This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 6.28 of the *Act*, to comply with the Building Code of Australia.

Clause 227A of the *Regulation* provides:

Signs on development sites

If there is a person who is the Principal Certifier or the Principal Contractor for any building work, subdivision work or demolition work authorised to be carried out on a site by a development consent or complying development certificate:

• Each such person MUST ensure that a rigid and durable sign showing the person's identifying particulars so that they can be read easily by anyone in any public road or other public place adjacent to the site is erected in a prominent position on the site before the commencement of work, and is maintained on the site at all times while this clause applies until the work has been carried out.

- Note: Clause 227A imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000 if these requirements are not complied with.
- **Note**: If Council is appointed as the Principal Certifier it will provide the sign to the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by clause 98A and clause 227A of the *Regulation*. Standard Condition: D12 (Autotext DD12)

D.10 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided:

- a) must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b) must be connected to a public sewer, or
- c) if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the Council, or
- d) if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the Council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

accredited sewage management facility means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993* applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

approved by the Council means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

public sewer has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993. **sewage management facility** has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

Note: This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with SafeWork NSW requirements. Standard Condition: D13 (Autotext DD13)

D.11 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must install and maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan if required under this consent;
- b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.

- **Note**: The International Erosion Control Association Australasia (www.austieca.com.au/) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association Australasia.
- **Note**: The "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" publication can be downloaded from <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> and *The Blue Book* is available at www.environment.nsw.gov.au/stormwater/publications.htm

- **Note**: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the *Act* and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* <u>without any further warning</u>. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.
- **Note**: Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides inter alia that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution"
- **Warning**: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being developed. Standard Condition: D14 (Autotext DD14)

D.12 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifier, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (Part 6, Division 6.3 of the Act)

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- a) A Construction Certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b) The person having the benefit of the development consent has:
 - appointed a Principal Certifier for the building work, and
 - notified the Principal Certifier that the person will carry out the building work as an Owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- c) The Principal Certifier has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
 - notified the consent authority and the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
 - notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- d) The person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an Owner-builder, has:
 - appointed a Principal Contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
 - notified the Principal Certifier of any such appointment, and
 - unless that person is the Principal Contractor, notified the Principal Contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
 - given at least 2 days' notice to the Council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.
 - **Note:** *building* has the same meaning as in section 1.4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.
 - **Note**: *new building* has the same meaning as in section 6.1 of the *Act* and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.
- **Note**: The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 6.6(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a Construction Certificate) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.
- **Note**: Construction Certificate Application, PC Service Agreement and Notice of Commencement forms can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au
- **Note**: It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 6.6(2) of the *Act*. Standard Condition: D15 (Autotext DD15)

D.13 Establishment of Boundary Location, Building Location and Datum

Prior to the commencement of any work the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002* sets out:

- a) the boundaries of the site by permanent marks (including permanent recovery points),
- b) the location and level of foundation excavations, footings, walls and slabs by permanent marks, pegs or profiles relative to the boundaries of the land and relative to Australian Height Datum (AHD) in compliance with the approved plans,
- c) establishes a permanent datum point (bench mark) within the boundaries of the site relative to AHD, and
- d) provides a copy of a survey report by the registered surveyor detailing, the title boundaries, pegs/profiles, recovery points and bench mark locations as established pursuant to this condition to the Principal Certifier.
- **Note**: Where the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder notes any discrepancy between the approved development consent and the Construction Certificate, especially in relation to the height, location or external configuration of the building (but not limited to these issues) the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder should not proceed until satisfied that the variations as shown are consistent with the consent. Failure to do so may result in a breach of development consent.
- Note: On larger developments, or where boundary redefinition is required, the placement of new State Survey Marks as permanent marks should be considered by the registered surveyor. Standard Condition: D18 (Autotext DD18)

D.14 Insurance cover in case of potential damage to adjoining properties

A significant subsidence or collapse of any one of the adjoining properties may have a severe impact in the Applicant's financial ability to personally pay for repairs. Accordingly, an insurance policy shall be purchased to cover any damage and up to full loss and re-instatement of the properties within the likely "zone of influence" of any excavation, dewatering and/or construction induced vibration as determined applicable by the Structural Engineer.

The policy shall cover any loss of access to these properties in the event damage is so severe access is lost/significantly hampered, the residents may need equivalent alternate accommodation during repairs/restitution. The cover shall be in the order of 20,000,000 dollars (or an appropriately agreed amount between affected property owners and the Applicant) to ensure adequate cover for the benefit of any one or all the owners affected. Standard Condition: D19 (Autotext DD19)

E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work

E.1 Compliance with BCA and Insurance Requirements under the Home Building Act 1989

For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA),
- b) in the case of residential building work for which the *Home Building Act 1989* requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188
 (4) of the *Regulation*, or

b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.

Note: All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia. Standard Condition: E1 (Autotext EE1)

E.2 Compliance with Construction Management Plan

All development activities and traffic movements must be carried out in accordance with the approved Construction Management Plan (CMP). All controls in the CMP must be maintained at all times. A copy of the CMP must be kept on-site at all times and made available to the Principal Certifier or Council on request.

Note: Irrespective of the provisions of the Construction Management Plan the provisions of traffic and parking legislation prevails. Standard Condition: E3 (Autotext EE3)

E.3 Requirement to Notify about New Evidence

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination, heritage significance, threatened species or other relevant matters must be immediately notified to Council and the Principal Certifier. Standard Condition: E4 (Autotext EE4)

E.4 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the Principal Contractor or Owner- builder as required by the Principal Certifier, any PC service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the Principal Certifier is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*.

Critical stage inspections means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 6.5 of the *Act* or as required by the Principal Certifier and any PC Service Agreement.

Note: The PC may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the PC be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

Note: The PC may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of Compliance Certificates, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development. Standard Condition: E5 (Autotext EE5)

E.5 Hours of Work – Amenity of the Neighbourhood

- a) No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday.
- b) No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday.
- c) No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- d) The following *work* **must not** take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday:
 - (i) piling,
 - (ii) piering,
 - (iii) rock or concrete cutting, boring or drilling,
 - (iv) rock breaking,
 - (v) rock sawing,

- (vi) jack hammering, or
- (vii) machine excavation.
- e) No loading or unloading of material or equipment associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
- f) No operation of <u>any equipment</u> associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
- g) No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

- **Note**: The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.
- Note: Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to a separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.
- **Note**: The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RMS and NSW Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.
- **Note**: Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2017*.
- Note: NSW EPA Noise Guide is available at <u>www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm</u> Standard Condition: E6 (Autotext EE6)

E.6 Public Footpaths – Safety, Access and Maintenance

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

- a) Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.
- b) Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.
- c) Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d) Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e) Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.
- f) Provide a clear safe pedestrian route a minimum of 1.5m wide.
- g) Protect heritage listed street name inlays in the footpath which are not to be removed or damaged during development.

This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 148B of the *Road* Transport *Act 2013*, section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* or section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* except that at all time compliance is required with:

- a) Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set): *Manual of uniform traffic control devices* and all relevant parts of this set of standards.
- b) Australian Road Rules.

Note: Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* allows the NSW Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose.

- Note: Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 provides that a person must not:
 - erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
 - dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
 - remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
 - pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
 - connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road, otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.
- **Note:** Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the Council including:
 - Part C Management of waste:
 - a. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
 - b. Place waste in a public place
 - c. Place a waste storage container in a public place.
 - Part E Public roads:
 - a. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
 - Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road. Standard Condition: E7 (Autotext EE7)

E.7 Tree Preservation

All persons must comply with Chapter E.3 – Tree Management of Council's Development Control Plan (DCP) 2015, other than where varied by this consent. The DCP applies to any tree with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres.

General Protection Requirements

- a) The TPZ must be maintained during all development work unless otherwise specified within these conditions of consent.
- b) Excavation must cease where tree roots with a diameter exceeding 30mm are exposed. The *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the exposed tree roots by an arborist with a minimum AQF Level 5 qualification. Excavation must only recommence with the implementation of the recommendations of the arborist.
- c) Where there is damage to any part of a tree the *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree by a qualified arborist immediately. The *principal contractor* must immediately implement treatment as directed by the arborist. The arborist is to supply a detailed report to the appointed certifier.

Trees must be pruned in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4373 "Pruning of Amenity Trees" and WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry.

E.8 Replacement/Supplementary trees which must be planted

Any replacement or supplementary tree shall be grown in accordance with Tree stock for landscape use (AS 2303:2018). The replacement tree shall be planted in *deep soil landscaped area* where indicated on the landscape plan and maintained in a healthy and vigorous condition. Trees installed in planter beds not connected to deep soil must have a soil depth in accordance with Apartment Design Guide – Tools for improving the design of residential apartment development, Part 4, 4P – Planting on Structures, written by NSW

Department of Planning, Industry and Environment, dated July 2015.

If the replacement tree is found to be faulty, damaged, dying or dead before it attains a size whereby it becomes a prescribed tree in accordance with Chapter E.3 of Council's Development Control Plan, it must be replaced with another of the same species which complies with the criteria outlined below.

Species/Type	Planting/Location	Container Size/ Size of Tree (at planting)	Minimum Dimensions at Maturity (metres)
1 x <i>Banksia integrifolia</i> (Coastal Banksia)	Within the deep soil area of the subject property	75 litre	8 x 6
1 x Cupaniopsis anacardioides	Within a planter bed of minimum depth 1200mm and minimum		74
(Tuckeroo)	dimensions of 1.7m x 4.7m	75 litre	7 x 4

The project arborist shall document compliance with the above condition.

E.9 Hand excavation and root pruning within tree root zones

Excavation undertaken within the specified radius from the trunks of the following trees shall be hand dug.

Council Ref No.	Species	Location	Radius from centre of trunk (metres)
1-5	<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> (Chinese Elm)	Bay Street frontage	5.4

Small hand tools such as mattocks or using compressed air or water jetting only shall be used. The excavation for the first 0.5m (500mm) in depth of soil shall be carried out by hand under the supervision of an appointed site Project Arborist. Any tree root encountered along the line of cut are to be managed, clean cut & protected as directed or conducted by the appointed site Project Arborist.

Mechanical excavation is permitted beyond this radius when root pruning by hand along the perimeter line is completed. Exposed roots to be retained shall be covered with mulch or a geotextile fabric and kept in a moist condition and prevented from drying out. All tree roots are to be managed in accordance with AS4970 – 2009 Section 4.5.4 *Root protection during works within the TPZ*. All cuts shall be clean cuts made with sharp tools such as secateurs, pruners, handsaws, chainsaws, or specialized pruning equipment as indicated within Section 9 *Root pruning* of AS4373 Pruning of Amenity Trees 2007. Where large roots >30mm(\emptyset) have been encountered the excavated cut face is to be protected with jute mesh or similar material to prevent or mitigate the possibility of root contamination, drying of root ends and the exposed soil profile.

The project arborist shall document compliance with the above condition.

E.10 Maintenance of Environmental Controls

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that the following monitoring, measures and controls are maintained:

- a) erosion and sediment controls,
- b) dust controls,
- c) dewatering discharges,
- d) noise controls,
- e) vibration monitoring and controls,
- f) ablutions.

Standard Condition: E11

E.11 Compliance with Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program

Excavation must be undertaken in accordance with the recommendations of the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program and any oral or written direction of the supervising professional engineer.

The Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor must strictly follow the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program for the development including, but not limited to:

- a) the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised,
- b) recommended hold points to allow for inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the professional engineer, and
- c) the contingency plan.
- **Note**: The consent authority cannot require that the author of the geotechnical/hydrogeological report submitted with the development application to be appointed as the professional engineer supervising the work however, it is the Council's recommendation that the author of the report be retained during the construction stage. Standard Condition: E12 (Autotext EE12)

E.12 Support of Adjoining Land and Buildings

A person must not to do anything on or in relation to the site (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building).

For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.

- **Note**: This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must obtain:
 - a. the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or
 - b. an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or
 - c. an easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919, or
 - d. an easement under section 40 of the Land and Environment Court Act 1979 as appropriate.
- **Note**: Section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).
- Note: Clause 20 of the *Roads Regulation* 2008 prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "Excavations adjacent to road - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the *Roads Act* 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary)) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.
- **Note**: The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, Crown land under Council's care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Standard Condition: E13 (Autotext EE13)

E.13 Vibration Monitoring

Vibration monitoring equipment must be installed and maintained, under the supervision of a professional engineer with expertise and experience in geotechnical engineering, between any potential source of vibration and any *building* identified by the professional engineer as being potentially at risk of movement or damage from settlement and/or vibration during the excavation and during the removal of any excavated material from the land being developed.

If vibration monitoring equipment detects any vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building exceeding the peak particle velocity adopted by the professional engineer as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity an audible alarm must activate such that the Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor are easily alerted to the event.

Where any such alarm triggers all excavation works must cease immediately.

Prior to the vibration monitoring equipment being reset by the professional engineer and any further work recommencing the event must be recorded and the cause of the event identified and documented by the professional engineer.

Where the event requires, in the opinion of the professional engineer, any change in work practices to ensure that vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building does not exceed the peak particle velocity adopted by the professional engineer as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity these changes in work practices must be documented and a written direction given by the professional engineer to the Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor clearly setting out required work practice.

The Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor must comply with all work directions, verbal or written, given by the professional engineer.

A copy of any written direction required by this condition must be provided to the Principal Certifier within 24 hours of any event.

Where there is any movement in foundations such that damaged is occasioned to any adjoining *building* or such that there is any removal of support to *supported land* the professional engineer, Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor responsible for such work must immediately cease all work, inform the owner of that *supported land* and take immediate action under the direction of the professional engineer to prevent any further damage and restore support to the *supported land*.

Note: professional engineer has the same mean as in clause A1.1 of the BCA.

- **Note**: *building* has the same meaning as in section 1.4 of the *Act* i.e. "*building* includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure...."
- **Note:** supported land has the same meaning as in the Conveyancing Act 1919. Standard Condition: E14 (Autotext EE14)

E.14 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) the Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent,
- b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001, and
- c) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.



- **Note**: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the *Act* and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.
- **Note**: Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution".
- **Warning**: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution. Standard Condition: E15 (Autotext EE15)

E.15 Disposal of Site Water During Construction

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from Council under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water.
- c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.
- Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution. Standard Condition: E17 (Autotext EE17)

E.16 Site Cranes

Site crane(s) and hoist(s) may be erected within the boundary of the land being developed subject to compliance with Australian Standards AS 1418, AS 2549 and AS 2550 and all relevant parts to these standards.

Cranes must not swing or hoist over any public place unless the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder have the relevant approval under the *Local Government Act 1993*, *Crown Lands Act 1989* or *Roads Act 1993*.

The crane must not be illuminated outside approved working hours other than in relation to safety beacons required by the Civil Aviation Safety Authority under the *Civil Aviation Act 1988* (Cth).

No illuminated sign(s) must be erected upon or displayed upon any site crane.

- **Note**: Where it is proposed to swing a crane over a public place the Principal Contractor or Ownerbuilder must make a separate application to Council under section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* and obtain activity approval from Council prior to swinging or hoisting over the public place.
- **Note**: Where it is proposed to swing a crane over private land the consent of the owner of that private land is required. Alternatively, the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must obtain an access order under the *Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000* or easement under section 88K of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* or section 40 of the *Land and Environment Court Act 1979* as appropriate. The encroachment of cranes or the like is a civil matter of trespass and encroachment. Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments. Standard Condition: E19 (Autotext EE19)

E.17 Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height, stormwater drainage system and flood protection measures relative to Australian Height Datum

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that a registered surveyor carries out check surveys and provides survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s), ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the site and that the height of buildings, ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the Principal Certifier's satisfaction:

- a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level.
- b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey.
- c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof.
- d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structure, flood protection work, swimming pool or spa pool or the like.
- e) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for driveways showing transitions and crest thresholds confirming that driveway levels match Council approved driveway crossing levels and minimum flood levels.
- f) Stormwater drainage Systems prior to back filling over pipes confirming location, height and capacity of works.
- g) Flood protection measures are in place confirming location, height and capacity.
- **Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent. This is critical to ensure that building are constructed to minimum heights for flood protection and maximum heights to protect views and the amenity of neighbours.

Standard Condition: E20 (Autotext EE20)

E.18 Placement and Use of Skip Bins

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place; and
- b) where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules.

Note: Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards. Standard Condition: E21 (Autotext EE21)

E.19 Prohibition of Burning

There must be no burning of any waste or other materials. The burning of copper chrome arsenate (CCA) or pentachlorophenol (PCP) treated timber is prohibited in all parts of NSW.

All burning is prohibited in the Woollahra local government area.

Note: Pursuant to the Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation 2010 all burning (including burning of vegetation and domestic waste) is prohibited except with approval. No approval is granted under this consent for any burning. Standard Condition: E22 (Autotext EE22)

E.20 Dust Mitigation

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with "Dust Control - Do it right on site" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences. a)
- All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used. b)
- All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers. c)
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied. e)
- The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust. f)
- Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as g) soon as practically possible to minimise dust.
- Note: "Dust Control Do it right on site" can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or obtained from Council's office.
- Note: Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from www.safework.nsw.gov.au and www.epa.nsw.gov.au. Other specific conditions and advice may apply.
- Note: Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.

Standard Condition: E23 (Autotext EE23)

E.21 Compliance with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works, Road Works and, Work within the Road and Footway

All work carried out on assets which are under Council ownership or will revert to the ownership, care, control or management of Council in connection with the development to which this consent relates must comply with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works (2012).

The Owner, Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must meet all costs associated with such works.

This condition does not set aside the need to obtain relevant approvals under the Roads Act 1993 or Local Government Act 1993 for works within roads and other public places.

Note: A copy of Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au Standard Condition: E24 (Autotext EE24)

E.22 Site Waste Minimisation and Management – Construction

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from construction activities:

- a) the provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work,
- b) arrange for the delivery of materials so that materials are delivered 'as needed' to prevent the degradation of materials through weathering and moisture damage,
- c) consider organising to return excess materials to the supplier or manufacturer,
- d) allocate an area for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (considering slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets and vegetation),
- e) clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the storage areas,
- arrange contractors for the transport, processing and disposal of waste and recycling and ensure that all contractors are aware of the legal requirements for disposing of waste,
- g) promote separate collection bins or areas for the storage of residual waste,
- h) implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour and health risks, and windborne litter,
- i) minimise site disturbance and limit unnecessary excavation,
- j) ensure that all waste is transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility, and
- retain all records demonstrating lawful disposal of waste and keep them readily accessible for inspection by regulatory authorities such as Council, the NSW EPA or SafeWork NSW. Standard Condition: E32 (Autotext EE32)

E.23 Asbestos Removal

All asbestos removal work must be carried out safely according to NSW work health and safety legislation.

Where hazardous material, including bonded or friable asbestos has been identified such material must be demolished, disturbed and subsequently removed, all such works must comply with the following criteria:

- a) Be undertaken by contractors who hold a current SafeWork NSW "demolition licence" and a current SafeWork NSW "Class A licence" for friable asbestos removal.
- b) Be carried out in accordance with the relevant SafeWork NSW codes of practice.
- c) No asbestos products may be reused on the site.
- d) No asbestos laden skip or bins shall be left in any public place.
- Note: This condition is imposed to protect the health and safety of persons working on the site and the public. Standard Condition: E39

Standard Condition: E39

E.24 Classification of Hazardous Waste

Prior to the exportation of hazardous waste (including hazardous fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provision of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the NSW EPA *Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste, 2014*.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that where hazardous waste will be removed from a site an asbestos licensed contractor can definitively determine where the waste may be legally taken for disposal. Standard Condition: E40

E.25 Disposal of Asbestos and Hazardous Waste

Asbestos and hazardous waste, must only be transported to waste facilities licensed to accept asbestos and appropriate classifications of hazardous waste.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that asbestos and other hazardous waste is disposed of lawfully under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and relevant NSW EPA requirements. Standard Condition: E41

E.26 Asbestos Removal Signage

Standard commercially manufactured signs containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" measuring not less than 400mm x 300mm are to be erected in prominent visible positions on the site when asbestos is being removed.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure awareness of any hazard to the health and safety of persons working on the site and public. Standard Condition: E42

E.27 Notification of Asbestos Removal

In addition to the requirements for licensed asbestos removalists to give written notice to SafeWork NSW all adjoining properties and those opposite the development site must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted.

The notification is to identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone and facsimile numbers and email addresses.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that local residents are informed and have adequate communication facilitated for incidents of asbestos removal. Standard Condition: E43

E.28 Land Contamination – Uncovering of Unexpected Contaminants

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination must be immediately notified to Woollahra Council in writing and the Principal Certifying Authority. In the instance works cause the generation of odours or uncovering of unexpected contaminants, works are to immediately cease, Council is to be notified and a suitably qualified environmental consultant appointed to further assess the site.

Note: Woollahra Council may also request that a NSW EPA accredited site auditor is involved to assist with the assessment of the contaminated land situation and review any new contamination information. The applicant must also adhere to any additional conditions which may be imposed by the accredited site auditor

E.29 Aboriginal Objects – Unexpected Findings

If unexpected Aboriginal objects or bones are found during any activity associated with this consent, you must:

- a) Not further disturb or move these objects or bones.
- b) Immediately cease all work at the particular location.
- c) In the case of suspected human remains, notify NSW Police.
- d) Notify the Heritage NSW Environment Line on 131 555 and the La Perouse LALC on (02) 9311 4282 as soon as practicable and provide available details of the objects or remains and their location.

- e) Not recommence any work at the particular location unless authorised in writing by Heritage NSW. Additional assessment and approval pursuant to the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* may be required prior to works continuing in the affected area(s) based on the nature of the discovery.
- **Note**: The Definition of Aboriginal object as per the Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014: any deposit, object or other material evidence (not being a handicraft made for sale) relating to the Aboriginal habitation of an area of New South Wales, being habitation before or concurrent with (or both) the occupation of that area by persons of non- Aboriginal extraction, and includes Aboriginal remains. Standard Condition: B10 (Autotext BB10)

F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (part 6 of the *act* and part 8 division 3 of the *regulation*)

F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 6.9 of the Act)

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 6.10 of the *Act*) unless an Occupation Certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

Note: New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building. Standard Condition: F1 (Autotext FF1)

F.2 Fire Safety Certificates

In the case of an occupation certificate to authorise a person:

- a) to commence occupation or use of a *new building*, or
- b) to commence a change of building use for an existing building,

a certifying authority must be satisfied that a *final fire safety* certificate has been issued for the building.

- **Note**: This condition does not apply to a class 1a or class 10 building within the meaning of clause 167 of the *Regulation*.
- **Note**: In this condition:

interim fire safety certificate has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the *Regulation. final fire safety certificate* has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the *Regulation. new building* has the same meaning as it has in section 6.1 of the *Act.* Standard Condition: F4 (Autotext FF4)

F.3 Amenity Landscaping

To ensure that the environmental impacts of the development are mitigated by approved landscaping prior to any occupation of the development the owner or principal contractor must install all approved amenity landscaping (screen planting, soil stabilisation planting, etc.) prior to any occupation or use of the site.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that the environmental impacts of the development are mitigated by approved landscaping prior to any occupation of the development.

F.4 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier works-as-executed (WAE) plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA confirming that the works, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant construction certificate, the BCA and relevant Australian Standards.

Works-as-executed plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA must include but may not be limited to:

- a) Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical/Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b) All flood protection measures.
- c) All garage/car park/basement car park, driveways and access ramps comply with Australian Standard AS 2890.1: *Off-Street car parking*.
- d) All stormwater drainage and storage systems.
- e) All mechanical ventilation systems.
- f) All hydraulic systems.
- g) All structural work.
- h) All acoustic attenuation work.
- i) All waterproofing.
- j) Such further matters as the Principal Certifier may require.
- **Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet development standards as defined by the *Act*, comply with the BCA, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.
- **Note**: The PC may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, development standards, BCA, and relevant Australia Standards. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).
- Note: The PC must submit to Council, with any Occupation Certificate, copies of WAE plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA upon which the PC has relied in issuing any Occupation Certificate. Standard Condition: F7 (Autotext FF7)

F.5 Commissioning and Certification of Public Infrastructure Works

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit, to the satisfaction of Council, certification from a professional engineer that all public infrastructure works have been executed in compliance with this consent and with Council's *Specification for Roadworks*, *Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012).

The certification must be supported by closed circuit television / video inspection provided on DVD of all stormwater drainage together with works-as-executed engineering plans and a survey report detailing all finished reduced levels. Standard Condition F9 (Autotext FF9)

F.6 Street Numbering

The development must be provided with street and sole occupancy unit numbers determined by Council. This condition has been imposed to ensure that emergency services, utility services, and the general public are able to clearly and readily locate any property. Further, this condition has been imposed to protect the integrity of street numbering and land information.

Note: Applications for the allocation of street and sole occupancy unit numbers should be made together with any application for a strata certificate or Torrens or community title subdivision certificate. Council will determine at its discretion in accordance with its policy street numbers and street addresses that best suit the public interest. Standard Condition: F11 (Autotext FF11)

F.7 Letter Box(es)

All letter boxes must be constructed and located in accordance with AS/NZS 4253:1994 *Mailboxes* and to Australia Post's satisfaction.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that mail can be delivered to occupiers of the site. Standard Condition: F12 (Autotext FF12)

F.8 **New Waste Services**

No Occupation Certificate must be issued until the Owner/developer has procured the provision of required wastes services including purchase of all waste and recycling storage containers (bins and crates) from Council or otherwise in accordance with the approved Waste Management Plan.

Standard Condition: F19 (Autotext FF19)

F.9 3D Digital Model

Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate an accurate "as built" 3D digital model of the building must be submitted to Council for use in the Woollahra 3D digital model. A 3D digital model of the building must be generated at a scale of 1:1 with units of measurement in metres and include the following:

- a building envelope which includes all elements affecting shadow analysis, a)
- b) accurate placement of glazing, balconies, roof pitches, terraces, roof services and any other prominent external features, and
- a ground level terrain showing accurate RLs extending to site boundaries. C)

All models must be generated in accordance with Council's guidelines for submitting 3D digital models outlined in "Attachment 9 - 3D Digital Model Requirements" of the DA guide.

Note: This model will update previous version(s) submitted at Development Application stage. Any future modifications under section 4.55 of the Act that affect the external configuration of the building (from the ground level and up), will require the submitted model to be amended. Standard Condition: F21 (Autotext FF21)

Certification of Electric Vehicle Charging System

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate or occupation or use of part of the building, the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier, certification by a suitably qualified person that the electric vehicle charger points and/or electric vehicle circuitry, has been installed in accordance with the construction certificate plans and specifications as required by Condition C. Electric vehicle circuitry and electric vehicle charging point requirements Standard Condition: F22 (Autotext FF22)

F.10 Public Art

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate or occupation or use of part of the building, the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit to the satisfaction of Council's Public Art Coordinator:

- evidence that that the public art has been completed and installed in accordance a) with the approved Public Art Plan; and
- a copy of the maintenance manual for the public art that suitably provides for the b) ongoing maintenance of the public art.
- Note: This condition has been imposed consistent with the provisions in the Woollahra Public Art Guidelines for Developers (Feb 2020) Standard Condition: F23 (Autotext FF23)

G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any subdivision certificate

G.1 Electricity Substations – Dedication as Road and/or Easements for Access

If an electricity pillar and/or substation is required on the site the owner must dedicate to the appropriate energy authority (to its satisfaction), free of cost, an area of land adjoining the street alignment to enable an electricity pillar and/or substation to be established. The size and location of the electricity pillar and/or substation is to be in accordance with the requirements of the appropriate energy authority and Council. The opening of any access doors must not intrude onto the public road (footway or road pavement).

Documentary evidence of compliance, including correspondence from the energy authority is to be provided to the Accredited Certifier prior to issue of the Construction Certificate detailing energy authority requirements.

The Accredited Certifier must be satisfied that the requirements of energy authority have been met prior to issue of the Subdivision Certificate.

Where an electricity pillar and/or substation is provided on the site adjoining the road boundary, the area within which the electricity pillar and/or substation is located must be dedicated as public road. Where access is required across the site to access an electricity pillar and/or substation an easement for access across the site from the public place must be created upon the linen plans burdening the subject site and benefiting the Crown in right of New South Wales and any statutory corporation requiring access to the electricity pillar and/or substation.

Standard Condition: G4 (Autotext GG4)

Н. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of the occupation certificate for the whole of the building

H.1 Landscaping

To ensure that all Landscaping work is completed prior to the issue of the Final Occupation Certificate the principal contractor or owner must provide to PCA a works- as-executed landscape plan and certification from a qualified landscape architect/designer, horticulturist and/or arborist as applicable to the effect that the works comply with this consent.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that all landscaping work is completed prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate. Standard Condition: H9 (Autotext HH9)

H.2 Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures

The Principal Contractor or Owner must remove from the land and any adjoining public place:

- the site sign, a)
- b) ablutions,
- hoarding, c)
- d) scaffolding, and
- e) waste materials, matter, article or thing.
- Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate. Standard Condition: H12 (Autotext HH12)

H.3 Road Works (including footpaths)

The following works must be completed to the satisfaction of Council, in compliance with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012) unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the Principal Contractor's or Owner's expense:

- a) stormwater pipes, pits and connections to public stormwater systems within the *road*,
- b) driveways and vehicular crossings within the road,
- c) removal of redundant driveways and vehicular crossings,
- d) new footpaths within the road,
- e) relocation of existing power/light pole,
- f) relocation/provision of street signs,
- g) new or replacement street trees,
- h) new footway verges, where a grass verge exists, the balance of the area between the footpath and the kerb or site boundary over the full frontage of the proposed development must be turfed. The grass verge must be constructed to contain a uniform minimum 75mm of friable growing medium and have a total cover of turf predominant within the street,
- i) new or reinstated kerb and guttering within the road, and
- j) new or reinstated road surface pavement within the road.
- Note: Security held by Council pursuant to section 4.17(6) of the *Act* will not be release by Council until compliance has been achieved with this condition. An application for refund of security must be submitted with the Occupation Certificate to Council. This form can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or obtained from Council's customer service centre. Standard Condition: H13 (Autotext HH13)

H.4 Covenant for Private Works on Council Property

A positive covenant, pursuant to section 88E of the *Conveyancing Act 1919,* must be created on the title of the subject property, providing for the indemnification of Council from any claims or actions, and the on-going maintenance of any private structures on or over Council property for which consent has been given, such as steps, retaining walls, access ways, overhang, balconies, awnings, signs and the like.

The wording of the Instrument must be in accordance with Council's standard format and the Instrument must be registered with the NSW Land Registry Services prior to the issuance of any Occupation Certificate. The property owner must reimburse Council's reasonable expenses incurred in the drafting, negotiation and registration of the covenant

- **Note**: The required wording of the Instrument can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au. The PC must supply a copy of the WAE plans to Council together with the Occupation Certificate.
- Note: The Occupation Certificate must be issued until this condition has been satisfied. Standard Condition: H19 (Autotext HH19)

H.5 Positive Covenant and Works-As-Executed Certification of Stormwater Systems

On completion of construction work, stormwater drainage works are to be certified by a professional engineer with works-as-executed drawings prepared by a registered surveyor and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority detailing:

- a) compliance with conditions of development consent relating to stormwater,
- b) the structural adequacy of the stormwater treatment pit,
- c) that the stormwater works have been constructed in accordance with the approved construction stormwater plans,

- d) that 15 x 690 PSorb Stormfilter Cartridges and 2 x OceanGuard have been installed in the stormwater filtration pit in accordance with the approved construction stormwater plans,
- e) pipe invert levels and surface levels to Australian Height Datum, and
- f) contours indicating the direction in which water will flow over land should the capacity of the pit be exceeded in a storm event exceeding design limits.

A positive covenant pursuant to section 88E of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* must be created on the title of the subject property, providing for the indemnification of Council from any claims or actions and for the on-going maintenance of the stormwater filtration/treatment system and/or absorption trenches, including any pumps and sumps incorporated in the development. The wording of the Instrument must be in accordance with Council's standard format and the Instrument must be registered with the NSW Land Registry Services.

- **Note**: The required wording of the Instrument can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au. The PC must supply a copy of the WAE plans to Council together with the Occupation Certificate.
- Note: The Occupation Certificate must not be issued until this condition has been satisfied. Standard Condition: H20 (Autotext HH20)

I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development

I.1 Hours of Use

The hours of use Levels 1-4 ("commercial premises" inclusive of the above ground roof terraces and balconies) are limited to the following:

- a) Monday to Saturday: **8am to 6pm**
- b) Sunday: Closed

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood.

Note: Deliveries to or dispatches from the site must not be made outside these hours. Trading hours may be more onerous than these general hours of use. This condition does not apply to activities such as cleaning which takes place wholly within the building and which are not audible within any adjoining residential dwelling. If internal activities are audible within any adjoining residential dwelling. If internal activities are audible within any adjoining residential dwelling such that they cause a nuisance to the occupiers of such dwelling than such internal activities must not occur outside these hours of use. This condition does not restrict the operation of noise pollution laws. Standard Condition: 11 (Autotext: II1)

I.2 Garbage Area and Containers

The garbage area must be maintained at all times to ensure that a breeding ground is not created for pests and must be capable of being easily and effectively cleaned. All garbage containers must have tight fitting lids and be large enough or in sufficient numbers to contain all the waste produced by the business while awaiting the next removal from the premises.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood. Standard Condition: 116 (Autotext: II16)

I.3 Provision of Off-street Public and Visitor Parking

The owner and occupier, in compliance with AS2890.3:2015 Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking Facilities, and AS/NZS 2890.1:2004: Parking Facilities - Off-Street Car Parking, must maintain unimpeded public access to off-street parking as follows:

Use	Number of spaces
Car Parking (Commercial)	58
Car Parking (Retail)	35
Motorbike Parking	11
Bicycle Parking	60

This condition has been imposed to ensure adequate on-site parking is maintained. Standard Condition: I21

[Amended under DA2022/280/3 (PAN-410336)]

I.4 Provision of Off-street Commercial Vehicle Facilities

The owner and occupier, in compliance with AS 2890.2-2018 *Parking facilities -Off-street commercial vehicle facilities*, must maintain unimpeded access to off-street parking as follows:

Use	Number of spaces
Loading Bay (6.5m in length)	1

All deliveries to and dispatch from the site, excluding retail sales, must occur within the curtilage of the development and within the commercial vehicle parking facilities required to be maintained by this condition.

All service vehicles accessing the loading bay must not be larger than 6.4m Small Rigid Vehicles and must enter and leave the car park in a forward direction.

I.5 Parking Permits (Special Condition)

Future tenants and residents of the proposed development will not be eligible for resident or visitor parking permits.

I.6 Maintenance of Landscaping

All landscaping must be maintained in general accordance with this consent.

This condition does not prohibit the planting of additional trees or shrubs subject that they are native species endemic to the immediate locality.

- **Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that the landscaping design intent is not eroded over time by the removal of landscaping or inappropriate exotic planting.
- **Note**: This condition also acknowledges that development consent is not required to plant vegetation and that over time additional vegetation may be planted to replace vegetationor enhance the amenity of the locality. Owners should have regard to the amenity impact of trees upon the site and neighbouring land. Further, drought proof vegetation being native species endemic to the immediate locality is encouraged. Suggested native species endemic to the immediate locality are listed in the brochure "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by Woollahra, Waverley, Randwick and Botany Bay Councils. Standard Condition: I25

I.7 Ongoing Maintenance of the On-Site Treatment System

The owner(s) must in accordance with this condition and any positive covenant:

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that commercial vehicles use loading facilities within the site to reduce impacts on the neighbourhood including noise and parking impacts. Standard Condition: I23

- a) permit stormwater to be treated by the System;
- b) keep the system clean and free of silt rubbish and debris;
- c) maintain renew and repair as reasonably required from time to time the whole or part of the system so that it functions in a safe and efficient manner;
- d) carry out the matters referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c) at the Owners expense;
- e) not make any alterations to the system or elements thereof without prior consent in writing of the Council and not interfere with the system or by its act or omission cause it to be interfered with so that it does not function or operate properly;
- f) permit the Council or its authorised agents from time to time upon giving reasonable notice (but at any time and without notice in the case of an emergency) to enter and inspect the land with regard to compliance with the requirements of this covenant;
- g) comply with the terms of any written notice issued by Council in respect to the requirements of this clause within the time stated in the notice; and
- h) where the Owner fails to comply with the Owner's obligations under this covenant, permit the Council or its agents at all times and on reasonable notice at the Owner's cost to enter the land with equipment, machinery or otherwise to carry out the works required by those obligations.

The Owner

- a) indemnifies the Council from and against all claims, demands, suits, proceedings or actions in respect of any injury, damage, loss, cost, or liability (**Claims**) that may be sustained, suffered, or made against the Council arising in connection with the performance of the Owner's obligations under this covenant except if, and to the extent that, the Claim arises because of the Council's negligence or default; and
- releases the Council from any Claim it may have against the Council arising in connection with the performance of the Owner's obligations under this covenant except if, and to the extent that, the Claim arises because of the Council's negligence or default.
- **Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that owners are aware of require maintenance requirements for their stormwater systems.
- Note: This condition is supplementary to the owner(s) obligations and Council's rights under any positive covenant. Standard Condition: 129

I.8 Waste Collection – Commercial

General waste collection is to be undertaken ONLY between the hours of: 7.00am to 9.00pm Monday to Friday, and

8.00am to 8.00pm Saturday, Sunday and Public Holidays

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbouring residents. Standard Condition: I31 (Autotext: II31)

I.9 Waste Management - Commercial

The owner and/or occupier must comply with the approved Operational Waste Management Plan (OWMP) and with Woollahra DCP 2015, Chapter E5–Waste Management. All waste must be presented for collection in a receptacle. Waste receptacles must be presented no earlier than the close of business on the day before collection. Waste and recycling bins/crates must be removed from the road or footpath within 1 hour of collection or otherwise is accordance with the approved OWMP.

Receptacles are not to be stored in any public place at any time. Waste and recycling receptacles must be stored at all times within the boundaries of the site.

This condition does not apply to the extent that Activity Approval exists under the *Local Government Act 1993* or the *Roads Act 1993* and subject that all conditions of such approval(s) are complied with.

- **Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and Woollahra DCP are complied with during the ongoing operations of the development.
- Note: No waste will be collected by Council that isn't presented properly. The waste must be presented with lid closed to reduce littering. Standard Condition: 132

I.10 Annual Fire Safety Statements (Class 1b to 9c buildings inclusive)

Each year, the owner of a building to which an essential fire safety measure is applicable must provide an *annual fire safety statement* to Council and the Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW. The *annual fire safety statement* must be prominently displayed in the building.

Note: essential fire safety measure has the same meaning as in clause 165 of the *Regulation. annual* fire safety statement has the same meaning as in clause 175 of the *Regulation*. Part 9 Division 5 of the *Regulation* applies in addition to this condition at the date of this consent. Visit Council's website for additional information in relation to fire safety www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au. Standard Condition: 135

I.11 Outdoor Lighting – Commercial

Outdoor lighting must comply with AS/NZS 4282:2019: *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting*. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminare and threshold limits must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under tables in AS/NZS 4282:2019.

- **Note:** This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting in public places.
- **Note**: Council may consider, subject to an appropriate Section 4.55 Application, relaxation of this condition where it can be demonstrated, by expert report, that the level of lighting in the existing area already exceeds the above criteria, where physical shielding is present or physical shielding is reasonably possible. Standard Condition: 150

I.12 Outdoor Lighting – Roof Terraces

Outdoor lighting must comply with AS/NZS 4282:2019: *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting*. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminare and threshold limits must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under tables in AS/NZS 4282:2019. All lighting to be installed on the roof terrace will be recessed lights or will be surface wall/balustrade mounted lights at a maximum height of 600mm above the finished floor level of the roof terrace.

Note: This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.

Note: Council may consider, subject to an appropriate Section 4.55 Application, relaxation of this condition where it can be demonstrated, by expert report, that the level of lighting in the existing area already exceeds the above criteria, where physical shielding is present or physical shielding is reasonably possible. Standard Condition: 151

I.13 Noise Control

The use of the premises must not give rise to the transmission of *offensive noise* to any place of different occupancy. *Offensive noise* is defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.*

Note: This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Note: Council will generally enforce this condition in accordance with the *Noise Guide for Local Government* (www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/noise/regulating-noise/noise-guide- local-government) and the *NSW Industrial Noise Policy* (www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/noise/industrial-noise) published by the NSW Environment Protection Authority. Other State Government authorities also regulate the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

Useful links:

Community Justice Centres—free mediation service provided by the NSW Government www.cjc.nsw.gov.au.

NSW Environment Protection Authority— see "noise" section www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise.

NSW Government legislation- access to all NSW legislation, including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *Protection of the Environment Noise Control Regulation 2000* is available at www.legislation.nsw.gov.au.

Australian Acoustical Society—professional society of noise related professionals www.acoustics.asn.au.

Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants—professional society of noise related professionals www.aaac.org.au.

Liquor and Gaming NSW—www.liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au. Standard Condition: I56

I.14 Maintenance of Sound Attenuation

Sound attenuation must be maintained in accordance with the recommendations of the **Acoustic Report, Acoustic Addendum Letter** and **Acoustic Specification**, prepared by Acoustic Logic as referenced in **Condition A.4 (Approved Plans and Supporting Documents).**

I.15 Noise from Mechanical Plant and Equipment

The noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the mechanical plant and equipment is operating must not exceed the *background noise level*. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed *background noise level* at any time.

The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the LA90, 15 minute level measured by a sound level meter.

Note: This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood. Note: Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the *Noise Policy for Industry* (2017) www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/noise/industrial-noise/noise-policy-for-industry- (2017) and *Noise Guide for Local Government* (2013) www.epa.nsw.gov.au/yourenvironment/noise/regulating-noise/noise-guide-local-government Standard Condition: 159

I.16 Maintenance of Public Art

Public art must be maintained in general accordance with this consent and consistent with any endorsed manual for the ongoing maintenance of the public art.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure the public art is not degraded over time by inadequate maintenance or harm unintentional or otherwise. Standard Condition: I60

J. Miscellaneous conditions

Nil.

K. Advisings

K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent and Environmental Laws

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence.** Failure to comply with other environmental laws is also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- a) Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- b) Issue notices and orders;
- c) Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- d) Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

Warnings as to potential maximum penalties

Maximum penalties under NSW environmental laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

Warning as to enforcement and legal costs

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order. This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

Note: The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. Standard Advising: K1 (Autotext KK1)

K.2 Dial Before You Dig



The Principal Contractor, Owner-builder or any person digging may be held financially responsible by the asset owner should they damage underground pipe or cable networks. Minimise your risk and dial 1100 Before You Dig or visit <u>www.1100.com.au</u> When you contact Dial Before You Dig you will be sent details of all Dial Before You Dig members who have underground assets in the vicinity of your proposed excavation. Standard Advising: K2 (Autotext KK2)

K.3 Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992

The *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* (DDA) makes it against the law for public places to be inaccessible to people with a disability. Compliance with this development consent, the Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015 Chapter E8 – Adaptable Housing and the BCA does not necessarily satisfy compliance with the DDA.

The DDA applies to existing places as well as places under construction. Existing places must be modified and be accessible (except where this would involve "unjustifiable hardship").

Note: Further advice can be obtained from the Australian Human Rights Commission website <u>www.humanrights.gov.au/our-work/disability-rights/about-disability-rights</u> or call 9284 9600 or 1300 656 419. Standard Advising: K3 (Autotext KK3)

K.4 Builder's Licences and Owner-builders Permits

Section 6.6(2)(d) of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appoint a Principal Contractor for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

The Owner(s) must appoint the Principal Certifier. The Principal Certifier must check that the required insurances are in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989* for the residential building work.

K.5 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The Principal Certifier does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the Principal Certifier is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia.

Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the "NSW Guide to Standards and Tolerances 2017" are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the Principal Contractor's or Owner-builder's supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The Principal Certifier does not undertake this role.

Council, as the Principal Certifier or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the Principal Contractor, contractors and the Owner.

K.6 SafeWork NSW Requirements

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.**Note**: For more information go to the SafeWork NSW website <u>www.safework.nsw.gov.au</u> or call 131 050. Standard Condition: K7 (Autotext KK7)

K.7 Asbestos Removal, Repair or Disturbance

Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from SafeWork NSW.

Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from SafeWork NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current SafeWork licence.

All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:

- a) Work Health and Safety Act 2011,
- b) Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017,
- c) SafeWork NSW "Code of Practice: How to Safely Remove Asbestos" (2016), and

Note: For more information go to the NSW Fair Trading website <u>www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/building-and-renovating</u> Standard Condition: K5 (Autotext KK5)

Note: For more information on the *NSW Guide to Standards and Tolerances* go to the NSW Fair Trading website <u>www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/building-andrenovating/after-you-build-or-renovate/guide-to-standards-and-tolerances</u> or call 133 220. Standard Condition: K6 (Autotext KK6)

- d) SafeWork NSW "Code of Practice: How to Manage and Control Asbestos in the Workplace" (2016).
- Note: For more information go to the SafeWork NSW website on asbestos <u>www.safework.nsw.gov.au/health-and-safety/safety-topics-a-z/asbestos</u>, and <u>www.safework.nsw.gov.au/law-and-policy/legislation-and-codes/codes-of-</u>practice or call 131 050. Standard Advising: K8 (Autotext KK8)

K.8 Lead Paint

It is beyond the scope of this consent to provide detailed information about dealing with lead paint. Painters working in an area containing lead-based paint should refer to Australian Standard AS 4361.1–1995: *Guide to Lead Paint Management—Industrial Applications*, or AS 4361.2–1998: *Guide to Lead Paint Management—Residential and Commercial Buildings*. Industrial paints may contain lead. Lead is used in some specialised sign-writing and artist paints, and road marking paints, and anti-corrosive paints. Lead was a major ingredient in commercial and residential paints from the late 1800s to 1970. Most Australian commercial buildings and residential homes built before 1970 contain lead paint. These paints were used both inside and outside buildings.

Lead particles are released when old lead paint flakes and peels and collects as dust in ceiling, wall and floor voids. If dust is generated it must be contained. If runoff contains lead particles it must be contained. Lead is extremely hazardous, and stripping of lead- based paint and the disposal of contaminated waste must be carried out with all care. Lead is a cumulative poison and even small levels in the body can have severe effects. Standard Advising: K9 (Autotext KK9)

K.9 Dividing Fences

The erection of dividing fences under this consent does not affect the provisions of the *Dividing Fences Act 1991*. Council does not adjudicate civil disputes relating to the provision of, or payment for, the erection of dividing fences.

- **Note:** Further information can be obtained from the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal www.ncat.nsw.gov.au/Pages/cc/Divisions/dividing_fences.aspx
- **Note:** Community Justice Centres provide a free mediation service to the community to help people resolve a wide range of disputes, including dividing fences matters. Their service is free, confidential, voluntary, timely and easy to use. Mediation sessions are conducted by two impartial, trained mediators who help people work together to reach an agreement. Around 75% of mediations result in an agreement being reached. Mediation sessions can be arranged at convenient times during the day, evening or weekends. To contact the Community Justice Centres go to www.cjc.nsw.gov.au or call 1800 990 777. Standard Advising: K10 (Autotext KK10)

K.10 Free Parking Area Agreement

Where there is a potential for the trespass of private motor vehicles upon private parking servicing the owner of the site may seek to enter into a free parking area agreement with Council. Council may under such agreement enforce parking restrictions under section 650 of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Note: Further information can be obtained from Council's Compliance Team by calling 9391 7000 or from the Office of Local Government at www.olg.nsw.gov.au or call 4428 4100. Standard Advising: K11 (Autotext KK11)

K.11 Release of Security

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 4.17 of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until the Occupation Certificate has been lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

Note: The Refund of Security Bond Application form can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au Standard Condition: K15 (Autotext KK15)

K.12 Pruning or Removing a Tree Growing on Private Property

The provisions of State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017 and the Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015 (DCP), Chapter E3 –Tree Management, may require that an application be made to Council prior to pruning or removing any tree.

The aim is to secure the amenity of trees and preserve the existing landscape within our urban environment.

Before you prune or remove a tree, make sure you read all relevant conditions. You can obtain a copy of the Woollahra DCP from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> or call Council on 9391 7000 for further advice. Standard Condition: K19 (Autotext KK19)

K.13 Dilapidation Report

Please note the following in relation to the condition for a dilapidation report:

- a) The dilapidation report will be made available to affected property owners on requested and may be used by them in the event of a dispute relating to damage allegedly due to the carrying out of the development.
- b) This condition cannot prevent neighbouring buildings being damaged by the carrying out of the development.
- c) Council will not be held responsible for any damage which may be caused to adjoining buildings as a consequence of the development being carried out.
- d) Council will not become directly involved in disputes between the developer, its contractors and the owners of neighbouring buildings.
- e) In the event that access for undertaking the dilapidation survey is denied the Applicant is to demonstrate in writing to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier that all reasonable steps were taken to obtain access to the adjoining property. The dilapidation report will need to be based on a survey of what can be observed externally.

Standard Advising: K23 (Autotext KK23)

K.14 Roads Act 1993 Application

Works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths are subject to sections 138, 139 and 218 of the *Roads Act 1993* and specifically:

• Construction of driveways and/or new or alterations to footpath paving

- Alteration and/or extension to Council drainage infrastructure
- Alteration and/or addition of retaining walls
- Pumping of water to Council's below ground stormwater system
- Installation of soil/rock anchors under the roadway
- Installation of Stormwater outlet pipes across the nature strip

An "Application to Carry Out Works in a Public Road" form must be completed and lodged, with the application fee, at Council's Customer Services. Detailed plans and specifications of all works (including but not limited to structures, road works, driveway crossings, footpaths and stormwater drainage etc) within existing roads, must be attached, submitted to and approved by Council under section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993*, before the issue of Construction Certificate 3.

Detailed engineering plans and specifications of the works required by this condition must accompany the application form. The plans must clearly show the following:

- Engineering drawings (plan, sections and elevation views) and specifications of the footpath, driveways, kerb and gutter, new gully pit showing clearly the connection point of site outlet pipe(s). Note, the connection drainage lines must be as direct as possible and generally run perpendicular to the kerb alignment.
- Engineering drawings of the new drainage line to be constructed joining the new and existing drainage pits including services.

All driveways must include a design longitudinal surface profile for the proposed driveway for assessment. The driveway profile is to start from the road centreline and be along the worst case edge of the proposed driveway. Gradients and transitions must be in accordance with clause 2.5.3, 2.6 of AS 2890.1 – 2004, Part 1 – *Off-street car parking*. The driveway profile submitted to Council must be to (1:25) scale (for template checking purposes) and contain all relevant details: reduced levels, proposed grades and distances.

The existing footpath level and grade at the street alignment of the property must be maintained unless otherwise specified by Council. Your driveway levels are to comply with AS2890.1 and Council's Standard Drawings. There may be occasions where these requirements conflict with your development and you are required to carefully check the driveway/garage slab and footpath levels for any variations.

<u>Note</u>: Any adjustments required from the garage slab and the street levels are to be carried out internally on private property

Drainage design works must comply with the Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.

Temporary ground anchors may be permitted, in accordance with Council's "Rock Anchor Policy".

<u>Services:</u> Prior to any excavation works, the location and depth of all public utility services (telephone, cable TV, electricity, gas, water, sewer, drainage, etc.) must be ascertained. The Applicant shall be responsible for all public utility adjustment/relocation works, necessitated by the development work and as required by the various public utility authorities and/or their agents.

All public domain works must comply with the latest version of Council's "*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*" unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions. This specification and the application form can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au.

Note: To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.

- **Note:** When an application under the *Roads Act* is required, then four (4) weeks is to be allowed for assessment.
- Note: road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.
- **Note**: The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of Construction Certificate 2. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Road Act 1993* approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the Applicant to seek to amend this consent. Standard Advising: K24 (Autotext KK24)

[Amended under DA2022/280/2 (PAN-352182)]

Note: In accordance with the Woollahra Local Planning Panel Operational Procedures the votes are recorded on this planning matter.

For the Motion

Against the Motion

Penelope Holloway Glennys James Larissa Ozog Ronald Schaffer

4/0

ITEM No.	D3
FILE No.	DA379/2023/1
ADDRESS	12 The Crescent, Vaucluse
PROPOSAL	Demolition of the existing dwelling and construction of a new dwelling, new swimming pool, landscaping and siteworks

Note: Anthony Boskovitz on behalf of 6 The Crescent, Vaucluse, Objector and David Waghorn, Applicant addressed the Panel.

Reasons for Decision

The Panel has undertaken a site inspection, considered any submissions and reviewed the assessment report prepared by Council officers that addresses the relevant matters detailed in Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The Panel noted the applicant's concern about Condition D.2 f) relating to a graphical error in the Council report and their request for clarification. The Panel acknowledged this was an error and instructed it to be corrected in the determination notice.

For the reasons generally in the assessment report, the majority of the Panel is satisfied that the application can be approved.

Resolved: Pursuant to Section 4.16 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

THAT the Woollahra Local Planning Panel, exercising the functions of Council, as the consent authority, is satisfied that the written request from the applicant under Clause 4.6 of the Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014 to the height of buildings development standard under Clause 4.3 of Woollahra LEP 2014 has adequately addressed the relevant matters and the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the relevant objectives of the particular standard and the zone. The Panel assumes the concurrence of the Secretary, Department of Planning, Industry and Environment.

AND

THAT the Woollahra Local Planning Panel, exercising the functions of Council, as the consent authority, grant development consent to Development Application No. 379/2023/1 for demolition of the existing dwelling and construction of a new dwelling, new swimming pool, landscaping and siteworks on land at 12 The Crescent Vaucluse, subject to the following conditions:

A. GENERAL CONDITIONS

A. 1.	Conditions
	Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed under section 4.16 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 ("the Act"), and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021 ("the Regulations') and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Development Certification and Fire Safety) Regulation 2021 ("the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulations"), such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed under section 4.15 of the Act.
	 Notes: Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a criminal offence. Failure to comply with other environmental laws is also a criminal offence. Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning: a) Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines); b) Issue notices and orders; c) Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or d) Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach. Maximum penalties under NSW environmental laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences. Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order. This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action. The payment of environmental penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious.
	Condition Reason : To ensure all parties are aware of the relevant legislation that applies to the development.
A. 2.	Definitions
	Unless specified otherwise, words have the same meaning as defined by the <i>Act</i> , the <i>Regulations</i> , the <i>Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulations</i> and the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> as in force at the date of consent.
	Applicant means the applicant for this consent.
	Approved Plans mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.
	<i>Local native plants</i> means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs.
	Owner-builder has the same meaning as in the Home Building Act 1989.

	<i>PC</i> means the Principal Certifier under the <i>Act</i> . <i>Principal Contractor</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Act</i> , or where a Principal Contractor has not been appointed by the Owner of the land being developed Principa Contractor means the Owner of the land being developed.			
	Professional e	<i>ngineer</i> has the same mea	ning as in the BCA.	
	Public place ha	as the same meaning as in t	the Local Government Act 1	993.
	<i>Road</i> has the s	ame meaning as in the <i>Roa</i>	ds Act 1993.	
	SEE means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the Applicant.			
	Site means the land being developed subject to this consent.			
	development the	e subject of this developme ilding work, subdivision wor	y carried out on the land to w nt consent is to be carried on k, demolition work, clearing	ut, including but
	Woollahra LEP means Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014			
	Woollahra DCP means Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015			
	 Work for the purposes of this consent means: the use of land in connection with development, the subdivision of land, the erection of a building, the carrying out of any work, the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing, the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing, the demolition of a building, the piling, piering, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation land, the delivery to or removal from the <i>site</i> of any machine, article, material, or thing, or the occupation of the <i>site</i> by any person unless authorised by an occupation 			or excavation of rial, or thing, or
	certificate.			
	Condition Reason: To ensure all parties are aware of the relevant definitions.			nitions.
A. 3.	Approved Plan	s and Supporting Docum	ents	
	Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with both the architectural plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents listed below unless modified by any following condition.			d a Council
	Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.			
	Reference	Description	Author	Date
	DA10 Rev F	Lower Ground Level Plan	Kannfinch	4/03/2024

C100, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 500, 501 Landscape Plans Site Image 15/09/23 Arboricultural Impact Assessment Report Birds Tree Consultancy 26/09/23 230990 Stormwater Management Plans Henry & Hymas 21/09/202 DA_C000-01 Plans 28/09/202 28/09/202 DA_C201-02 28/09/202 28/09/202 28/09/202 DA_C250-02 Votes: 28/09/202 28/09/202 Notes: • Warning to Principal Certifier – You must always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You must not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in condition. Should the Applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Coun- provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved					10 August 20	27
DA13 Rev F Level 1 Plan DA14 Rev F Roof Plan DA15 Rev F Lower Ground Level Plan DA17 Rev F Ground Level Plan DA18 Rev F Roof Plan DA20 Rev F Section 01A DA22 Rev F Section 02 DA28 Rev F Section 02 DA28 Rev F Section 03 DA28 Rev F Section 04 DA31 Rev F Elevation North & South DA32 Rev F Section 04 DA32 Rev F Elevation North & South DA31 Rev F Elevation Rest DA31 Rev F Elevation Rest DA32 Rev F Elevation Bast DA31 Rev F Elevation East DA31 Rev F Elevation Report J44 SepPEzrpt Geotechnical Report Site Image 15/09/23 101, 102, 103, Arboricultural Impact Assessment Report Birds Tree Consultancy 26/09/23 Ac200-01 Plans 21/09/202 DA, C200-01 Plans DA, C200-02 28/09/202 DA, C200-02 28/09/202 <td< th=""><th></th><th>DA11 Rev F</th><th>Mid Level Plan</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>		DA11 Rev F	Mid Level Plan			
DA14 Rev F Roof Plan DA15 Rev F Lower Ground Level Plan DA16 Rev F Mid Level Plan DA17 Rev F Ground Level Plan DA18 Rev F Level 1 Plan DA20 Rev F Section 01 DA22 Rev F Section 01 DA22 Rev F Section 03 DA24 Rev F Section 06 DA23 Rev F Section 05 DA26 Rev F Section 06 DA28 Rev F Elevation North & South DA31 Rev F Elevation North & South DA32 Rev F Elevation North & South DA33 Rev F Elevation North & South DA33 Rev F Elevation North & South DA33 Rev F Elevation Report JK Geotechnical Report JK Geotechnics 2/10/2023 C100, 100, 101, 102, 103, Ideotechiase		DA12 Rev F	Ground Level Plan			
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Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works (2012) unless expressly provider otherwise by these conditions at the Owner's expense.		kerb, gutter, foo this consent or undertaken to 0 Roadworks, Dra	otway, footpaths adjoining the as a consequence of work Council's satisfaction in accurate and Miscellaneous N	he site or damaged as a res under this consent. Such wo ordance with Council's Spec Works (2012) unless expres	ult of work un ork must be cification for	

	 Notes: This condition does not affect the Principal Contractor's or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs. 						
	Condition Reason: To ensure all parties are aware of works required to public infrastructure and to ensure payment for works.						
A. 5.	Tree	e Preservati	on and Landscaping W	lorks			
	While site work is being carried out, all landscape works must be undertaken in accordance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, tree management plan and transplant method statement as applicable.a) The following trees must be retained:						
		Trees of	on private land:				
		Council Ref No	Species	Location	Dimension (metres)		
		2	Glochidium ferdinandii	Rear Yard – southern boundary	9 x 8		
	b)	The followir	ng trees may be removed	d:			
		Council Ref No	Species	Location	Dimension (metres)		
		1	Jacaranda mimosifolia	Front Yard	12 x 12		
		3	Callistemon viminalis	Rear Yard – southern boundary	6 x 4		
		4	Strelitzia nicolai*	Rear Yard – southern boundary	7 x 5		
	 The tree/s that may be removed must appear coloured red on the Construction Certificate plans. The species marked (*) is exempt from the WMC DCP 2015 and can be removithout requiring consent from Council. Condition Reason: To ensure all landscape works are undertaken in accordate the approved plans and documents. 						
A. 6.	No	Underpinniı	ng works				
This development consent does NOT give approval to any works our boundaries of the subject property including any underpinning works on adjoining properties. Condition Reason: To ensure all works are located within the bound and to confirm that no consent is granted for underpinning works to a				are located within the boundarie	ny structures es of the site		
		ining proper	•		-		

A. 7. Vehicular Access and Garaging

Driveways and vehicular access ramps shall be designed to provide adequate ground clearance to the underside of B85 vehicles. In all respects, the proposed vehicular access including any parking spaces must be designed and constructed to comply with the minimum requirements of AS2890.1 and the Council's DCP.

Condition Reason: To ensure the design of off-street parking spaces and vehicular access comply with Australian Standards.

DEMOLITION WORK

В. **BEFORE DEMOLITION WORK COMMENCES**

B. 1.	Recording of Buildings with Little or No Heritage Significance that are to be Demolished			
	Demonstred			
	Prior to any site works and prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, a photographic archival record of the building and landscape elements to be demolished is to be submitted, to the satisfaction of Council's heritage officer.			
	The photographic archival recording is to be submitted in a digital format and is to include the following:			
	 a) Site plan at a scale of 1:200 (or 1:500 if appropriate) of all structures and major landscape elements including their relationship to the street and adjoining properties and directional details of photographs taken. b) Coloured photographs of: each elevation, 			
	 each structure and landscape feature, and views to the subject property from each street and laneway or public space. 			
	 Notes: Refer to the NSW Office of Environment and Heritage website for the free publication 'Photographic Recording of Heritage Items using Film or Digital Capture' available at https://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/-/media/OEH/Corporate- Site/Documents/Heritage/photographic-recording-of-heritage-items-using-film-or-digital- capture.pdf 			
	Condition Reason: To ensure existing building and landscape elements are recorded.			
B. 2.	Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation			
	Before any site work commences, water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls must be installed and maintained in accordance with:			
	 a) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" and accompanying factsheets published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, and b) "Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (The Blue Book). 			
	Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.			

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	bublication a www.woollah www.enviro A failure to condices and condices and condition 1997 without Section 257 of the occupier bollution". Warning: Irre proceedings caused, pern	nd accompanying factsh ira.nsw.gov.au and The <u>nment.nsw.gov.au</u> omply with this condition orders under the Act and any further warning. It of the Protection of the E of premises at or from we respective of this condition under the Protection of the nitted or allowed as the r	eets can be download Blue Book is available a may result in penalty l/or the Protection of the is a criminal offence to Environment Operation which any pollution occon any person occupyin the Environment Opera- result of their occupation	at infringement notices, prosecution the Environment Operations Act o cause, permit or allow pollution. Ins Act 1997 provides inter alia tha curs is taken to have caused the or the site may be subject to ations Act 1997 where pollution is on of the land being developed.	t				
		Condition Reason: To prevent potential water pollution and dust nuisance.								
B. 3	. Est	ablishmen	t Tree Protection Me	asures within the T	Tree Protection Zones (TPZ)					
	be on The Aus A C mea	retained in a Developme Tree Prote stralian Star Construction asures, mus	or to any site works, tree protection measures must be established around all trees to retained in accordance with Section 4 of the Australian Standard Protection of Trees Development Sites (AS 4970). The Tree Protection Zones must be calculated in accordance with Section 3 of the stralian Standard Protection of Trees on Development Sites (AS 4970). Construction Site Management Plan, which clearly details the tree protection asures, must be prepared before the issue of a construction certificate. The tree tection measures must comply with the following requirements;							
		Council Ref No	Species	Tree Location	Fence Radius from Centre of Trunk (Metres)*					
		2	Glochidium ferdinandii	Rear Yard – southern boundary	4.9m					
		Where this condition relates to street trees, and the fence cannot be placed at the specified radius, the fencing is to be positioned so that the entire verge (nature strip) area in front of the subject property, excluding existing driveways and footpaths, and bus stops is protected.Where this condition relates to trees on private property, the radial distance of fencing must be positioned only within the subject property relating to the development consent.								
	b)	weldmesh prior to an works incl mulch laye kept in a r	a fence and secured to by materials being bou uding demolition. The er maintained to a dep noist condition for the	o restrict access. The ght onto the site and area within the fenc oth of 75mm. The so duration of the cons	etre high chainmesh or e fence must be established d before the commencement of the must be mulched and the il within the TPZ area must be struction works. Unless ss within the TPZ area.					
	c)	the protect		he existence of a TP	st be erected on each side of Z area. Signage must be					

d) No excavation, construction activity, grade changes, storage of materials, stockpiling, siting of works sheds, preparation of mixes or cleaning of tools is permitted within Tree Protection Zones, unless specified in this consent.
e) Temporary access within the TPZ area for pedestrian and machinery movements must only be permitted with the approval of the site arborist or unless specified in this consent.
f) The site supervisor must be made aware of all tree protection requirements associated with these conditions of consent by the project arborist. Any subsequent site personnel and contractors to the site must be made aware of all tree protection requirements by the site foreman.
g) The project arborist must provide written certification of compliance to the Principal Certifier with the above conditions.
Condition Reason: To ensure the protection of existing trees
dentification of Hazardous Material
Prior to any site works, and in accordance with Australian Standard AS2601: The Demolition of Structures, all hazardous substances located on the site must be identified, including asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), lead paint, underground storage tanks, chemicals, etc.
 In this regard, prior to any site works, Council must be provided with a written report prepared by a suitably qualified competent person detailing: all hazardous materials identified on the site,
 the specific location of all hazardous materials identified, whether the hazardous materials are to be removed from the site as part of the works to be undertaken, and
 safety measures to be put in place.
Condition Reason: To protect the health and safety of all persons while works are being undertaken and to ensure all safety measures have been identified and are in place to protect all parties in the immediate vicinity of the site.
Public Road Assets Prior to Any Work/Demolition
Prior to any site works, a full record of the condition of the public infrastructure on public and adjacent to the development site must be submitted to Council.
 The report must include photographs and/or CCTV footage showing the current condition and any existing damage fronting and adjoining the site to the: road pavement,
street signage including street lights,kerb and gutter,
 footway including pedestrian crossings, footpath, and driveways, retaining walls, or other significant structures,
 Heritage Items, including street name inlays,
 utility service items including historical utility covers, and drainage structures/pits/pipes (CCTV footage).
The reports are to be supplied in electronic format in Word and if applicable accompanied by CCTV footage. Photographs are to be in colour, digital and date stamped.

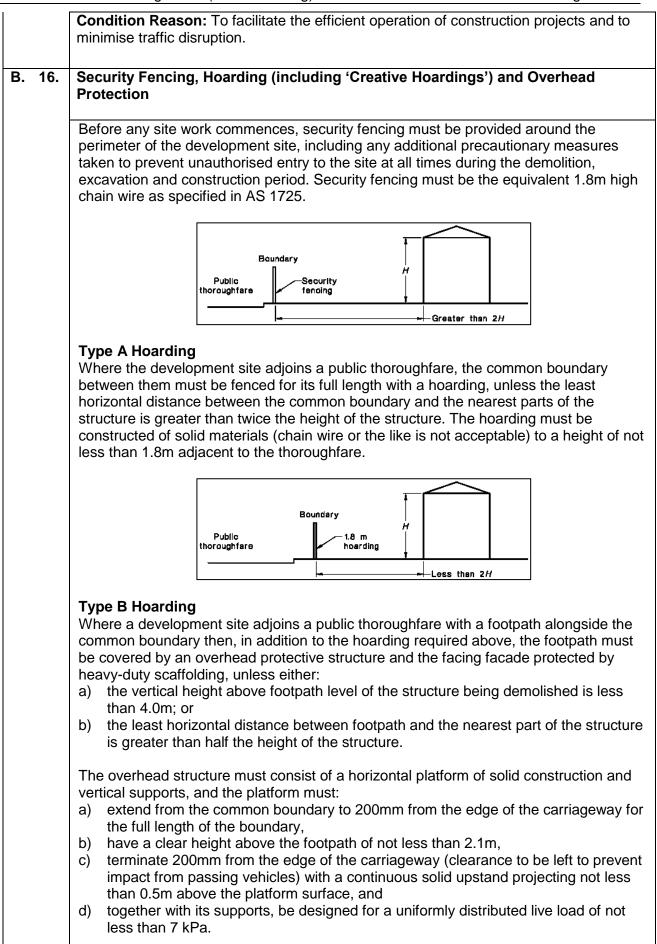
	If the required report is not submitted then Council will assume there was no damage to any infrastructure in the immediate vicinity of the site prior to the commencement of any site works under this consent.
	Condition Reason: To clarify the condition of the existing public infrastructure prior to the commencement of any site works.
B. 6.	Skeletal Remains
	 While site work is being carried out, if any skeletal remains suspected of being human are found, work must cease immediately and no further disturbance of the site must occur. The following must be notified: a) NSW Police, and b) The person who is the authority for the protection of Aboriginal objects under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, section 85.
	Details of the remains and their precise location are to be provided.
	Site work may recommence at a time confirmed in writing by the NSW Police and the person who is the authority for the protection of Aboriginal objects under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, section 85.
	Condition Reason: To ensure the appropriate management of skeletal remains.
B. 7.	Aboriginal Objects – Unexpected Findings
	While site work is being carried out, if unexpected Aboriginal objects or bones are found, you must:
	 a) Not further disturb or move these objects or bones. b) Immediately cease all work at the particular location. c) In the case of suspected human remains, notify NSW Police. d) Notify the Heritage NSW Environment Line on 131 555 and the La Perouse Land Council (LALC) on (02) 9311 4282 as soon as practicable and provide available details of the objects or remains and their location. e) Notify the person who is the authority for the protection of Aboriginal objects under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, section 85. f) Not recommence any work at the particular location unless authorised in writing by the police (in the case of human remains) and the person who is the authority for the protection of Aboriginal objects under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, section 85. Additional assessment and approval under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 may be required prior to works continuing in the affected area(s) based on the nature of the discovery.
	 Notes: The Definition of Aboriginal object, as per the National Parks & Wildlife Act 1974, is any deposit, object or other material evidence (not being a handicraft made for sale) relating to the Aboriginal habitation of an area of New South Wales, being habitation before or concurrent with (or both) the occupation of that area by persons of non-Aboriginal extraction, and includes Aboriginal remains.
	L
	Condition Reason: To protect Aboriginal objects
	Condition Reason: To protect Aboriginal objects

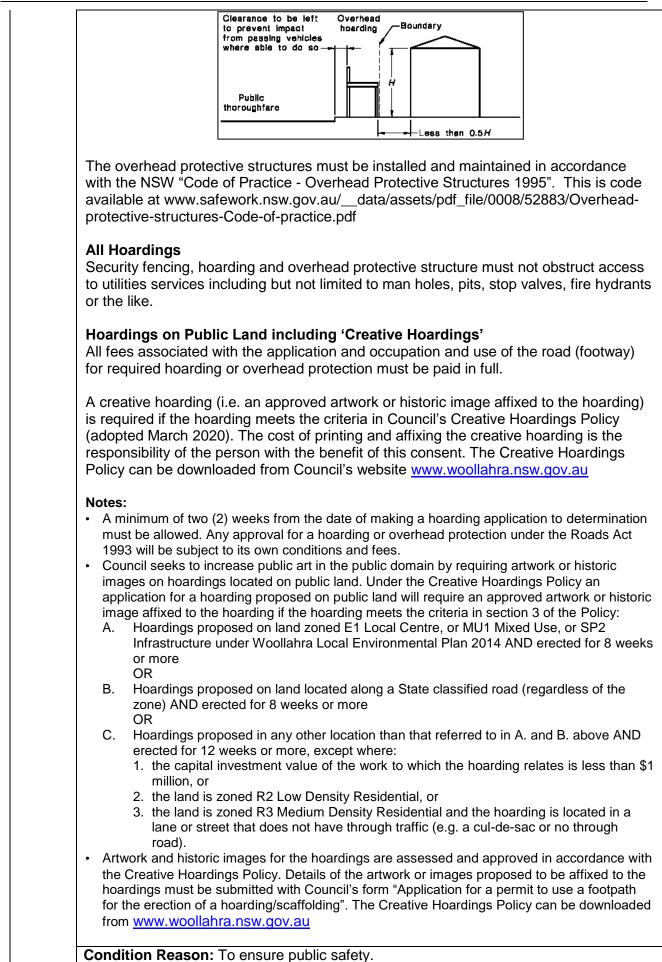
В.	8.	Aboriginal Heritage Due Diligence Responsibilities				
		While site work is being carried out, nothing in this approval allows to cause harm to Aboriginal object as defined in the National Parks & Wildlife Act 1974. Under the National Parks & Wildlife Act 1974, it is an offence to harm Aboriginal 'objects' (consisting of any material evidence of the Aboriginal occupation of NSW) without a valid Aboriginal Heritage Impact Permit under Section 90 of the Act. This applies whether the harm occurs either knowingly [s86(1)] or unknowingly [s86(2)].				
		It is a defence to the strict liability offence of harm to a process of Due Diligence was followed which reas proposed activity would not harm an Aboriginal obje	sonably det			
		Condition Reason: To protect Aboriginal heritage.				
В.	9.	Aboriginal Heritage Induction				
		Prior to any site works, all construction staff and con their statutory obligations for Aboriginal heritage und Act 1974. This must be implemented as a heritage is consultation with LPLALC, prior to works proceeding	der the Nati induction pr	onal Parks	and Wildlife	
		Condition Reason: To protect Aboriginal heritage.				
В.	B. 10. Site Inspection by LPLALC					
		Provision must be made for LPLALC to be involved once excavation began on the pool area.	in a second	dary visual	site inspection	
		Condition Reason: Recommendation of the AHIA	as it conclu	des:		
		Although no Aboriginal objects or places were identified during this report's initia inspection, it was requested directly by La Perouse LALC that they be notified or pool area has been excavated for reconstruction and allowed to visually re-insper part of the project area.				
В.	11.	Payment of Security and Fees				
		Prior to any site works, the following security and fe	es must be	paid in full	:	
		Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code	
		SECURITY under section 4.17(6) of the <i>Environmental Planning ar</i>	nd Assessme	ent Act 1979	,	
		Property Damage Security Deposit -making good any damage caused to any property of the Council	\$75,410	No	T115	
		INSPECTION FEES under section 608 of the Local Government Act 1993	1	1		
		Council Infrastructure Inspection Fee (Section 68 Application) – Stormwater Drainage Activity Application	\$805	No	T118	
		Infrastructure Security Deposit (S68)	\$5,000	No	T113	
		Security Deposit Administration Fee	\$225.00	No	T16	
		TOTAL SECURITY AND FEES	\$81,440.00)		

		How must the payments be made? Payments must be made by:
		• •
		cash deposit with Council, are deposit payment with Council,
		credit card payment with Council, or bank abarwa made nevrable to Weellahre Municipal Council
		 bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.
		The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:
		• the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding
		contribution,
		 the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable], the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or
		the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent,
		 the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to any site works being undertaken, and
		• the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.
		Notes:
		 An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 4.17 of the Act.
		 The securities will not be released until the Occupation Certificate has been lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.
		 Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.
		• Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.
		 Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon
		application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.
		 The Refund of Security Bond Application form can be downloaded from
		www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au
		Condition Reason: To ensure any relevant security and fees are paid.
		Dilanidation Departs for Eviativy Dulities
B. 1	2.	Dilapidation Reports for Existing Buildings
		Before any site work commences, dilapidation surveys and dilapidation reports must be
		conducted and prepared by a professional structural engineer for all buildings and/or structures that are located within the likely "zone of influence" of any excavation, dewatering and/or construction induced vibration as determined applicable by the structural engineer.
		 These properties must include (but is not limited to): a) No. 8 The Crescent b) No. 10 The Crescent c) No. 12A The Crescent

	Where access is not granted to any adjoining properties to prepare the dilapidation report, the report must be based on a survey of what can be observed externally and it must be demonstrated, in writing, to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier, that all reasonable steps were taken to obtain access. The completed dilapidation reports must be submitted to the Principal Certifier for
	approval, and an approved copy of the reports must be submitted to Council with the Notice of Commencement prior to the commencement of any development work.
	No less than two (2) days before any site work commences, neighbouring building owner(s) must be provided with a copy of the dilapidation report for their property(ies).
	 Notes: The dilapidation report will be made available to affected property owners on request and may be used by them in the event of a dispute relating to damage allegedly caused by the carrying out of the development. This condition cannot prevent neighbouring buildings being damaged by the carrying out of
	 the development. Council will not be held responsible for any damage which may be caused to adjoining buildings as a consequence of the development being carried out. Council will not become directly involved in disputes between the developer, its contractors and the owners of neighbouring buildings.
	Condition Reason: To establish and document the structural condition of adjoining properties for comparison as site work progresses and is completed and ensure neighbours and Council are provided with the dilapidation report.
B. 13.	Dilapidation Reports for Public Infrastructure
	Before any site work commences, to clarify the existing state of public infrastructure prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared.
	prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site,
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site, b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel adjoining the site,
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site, b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site, b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel adjoining the site, c) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site, d) photographs showing any existing damage to the kerb and gutter fronting the site, e) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site, b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel adjoining the site, c) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site, d) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath pavement fronting the site,
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site, b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel adjoining the site, c) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site, d) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath pavement fronting the site, f) photographs showing any existing damage to retaining walls within the footway or road, g) photographs showing any existing damage to street signs, heritage name plates,
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site, b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel adjoining the site, c) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site, d) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath pavement fronting the site, f) photographs showing any existing damage to retaining walls within the footway or road,
	 prior to the commencement of the development (including prior to any demolition), a dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site must be prepared. The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any site work and include: a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing underground drainage system adjoining the site, b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel adjoining the site, c) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site, d) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath pavement fronting the site, f) photographs showing any existing damage to retaining walls within the footway or road, g) photographs showing any existing damage to street signs, heritage name plates, and historical items,

	 The dilapidation report must specify (with supporting photographic/DVD evidence) the exact location and extent of any damaged or defective public infrastructure prior to the commencement of any site work. If the required report is not submitted, Council will assume there was no damage to any infrastructure in the immediate vicinity of the site prior to the commencement of any site work under this consent. Notes: If a dilapidation report is not submitted as required by this condition, and damage is occasioned to public assets, which adjoin the site, Council will deduct from security any costs associated with remedying, repairing or replacing damaged public infrastructure. Nothing in this condition prevents Council making any claim against security held for this purpose.
	Condition Reason: To establish and document the structural condition of public land for comparison as site work progresses and is completed and ensure Council is provided with the dilapidation report.
B. 14.	Adjoining Buildings Founded on Loose Foundation Materials
	Before any site work commences, a professional engineer must determine the possibility of any adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials being affected by piling, piers or excavation. The professional engineer (geotechnical consultant) must assess the requirements for underpinning any adjoining or adjacent buildings founded on such soil on a case by case basis, and any reasonable direction of the professional engineer must be complied with.
	 Notes: A failure to adequately assess and seek professional engineering (geotechnical) advice to ensure that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained prior to commencement may result in damage to adjoining land and buildings. The person with the benefit of this consent is likely to be held responsible for any damages arising from the removal of any support to supported land as defined by section 177 of the Conveyancing Act 1919.
	Condition Reason: To ensure professional engineering advice is obtained to confirm that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained.
B. 15.	Works (Construction) Zone – Approval and Implementation
	If the Construction Management Plan relies upon a Works Zone, before any site work commences, a Works Zone application must be made.
	If the works zone is approved, all fees for the Works Zone must be paid before it can be installed.
	All Works Zone signs must have been erected by Council to permit enforcement of the Works Zone by Council's Rangers and NSW Police before commencement of any site work. Signs are not erected until full payment of Works Zone fees is made.
	 Notes: A minimum of four to six weeks must be allowed (for routine applications) from the date of making an application to the Traffic Committee (Woollahra Local Traffic Committee) constituted under clause 20 of the Transport Administration (General) Regulation 2018 to exercise those functions delegated by Transport for New South Wales under section 31(3) of the Transport Administration Act 1988. The enforcement of the Works Zone is at the discretion of Council's Rangers and the NSW Police Service. Any breach of the Works Zone must be reported to either Council or the NSW Police Service.





B. 17.	Site Signs
	Before any site work commences, the sign/s required by clauses 70 of the Regulation and 75 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation must be erected and maintained at all times.
	Clause 70 of the Regulation provides:
	Erection of signs
	• For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the Act, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
	 A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision `work or demolition work is being carried out: a) showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifier for
	 the work, and b) showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
	c) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
	 Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
	• This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
	 This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 6.28 of the Act, to comply with the Building Code of Australia.
	Clause 75 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation provides:
	Signs on development sites
	If there is a person who is the Principal Certifier or the Principal Contractor for any building work, subdivision work or demolition work authorised to be carried out on a site by a development consent or complying development certificate:
	• Each such person MUST ensure that a rigid and durable sign showing the person's identifying particulars so that they can be read easily by anyone in any public road or other public place adjacent to the site is erected in a prominent position on the site before the commencement of work, and is maintained on the site at all times while this clause applies until the work has been carried out.
	Notes:
	 Clause 75 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulations imposes a maximum penalty of 55 penalty units if these requirements are not complied with. If Council is appointed as the Principal Certifier it will provide the sign to the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by clause 70 of the Regulation and clause 75 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that contact details for the principal certifier and principal contractor are provided on a sign at the development site.

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В.	18.	Toilet Facilities			
		 Before any site work commences, toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site. Each toilet provided: a) must be a standard flushing toilet, and b) must be connected to a public sewer, or c) if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the Council, or d) if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the Council. The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced. 			
		 Notes: In this condition 'sewage management facility' and 'public sewer' are as defined by clause 25 of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1999. This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with SafeWork NSW requirements. 			
		Condition Reason: To ensure toilet facilities are provided for workers at the work site.			
В.	19. Establishment of Boundary Location, Building Location and Datum				
		 Before any site work commences, a surveyor registered under the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002 must: a) set out the boundaries of the site by permanent marks (including permanent recovery points), b) set out the location and level of foundation excavations, footings, walls and slabs by permanent marks, pegs or profiles relative to the boundaries of the land and relative to Australian Height Datum (AHD) in compliance with the approved plans, c) establish a permanent datum point (bench mark) within the boundaries of the site relative to AHD, and d) provide a copy of a survey report, prepared by the registered surveyor, detailing the title boundaries, pegs/profiles, recovery points and bench mark locations as established under this condition to the Principal Certifier. Notes: Where there is any discrepancy between the approved development consent and the Construction Certificate, especially in relation to the height, location or external configuration of the building (but not limited to these issues) the site works must not proceed until the 			
		 variations as shown are consistent with the consent. Failure to do so may result in a breach of development consent. On larger developments, or where boundary redefinition is required, the placement of new State Survey Marks as permanent marks must be considered by the registered surveyor. 			
		Condition Reason: To ensure that the boundary locations, building location, and a datum point is established by a surveyor.			

В.	20.	Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition			
		While site work is being carried out, the demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—2001: The Demolition of Structures.			
		Condition Reason To control the risks of demolition work.			
В.	21.	Construction Management Plan Arborist Review			
		 Prior to any site works, the Construction Management Plan must be reviewed and certified by the Project Arborist confirming that appropriate tree protection measures are implemented. The Construction Management Plan must be prepared in accordance with all tree protection measures specified within this consent. The plan must address: a) Drawings and method statement showing details and the location of hoarding and scaffold and any pruning required to accommodate the hoarding and scaffolding; b) The movement and positioning of heavy machinery, lifting cranes, pier drilling gantry etc.; c) Site construction access, temporary crossings and movement corridors on the site defined; d) Contractors car parking; 			
		 e) Phasing of construction works; f) The space needed for all foundation excavations and construction works; g) All changes in ground level; h) Space for site sheds and other temporary structures such as toilets; i) Space for sorting and storing materials (short or long term), spoil and fuel and the mixing of cement and concrete; and j) The effects of slope on the movement of potentially harmful liquid spillages towards or into tree protection areas. 			
		Condition Reason To ensure the Construction Management Plan incorporates measures for the protection of existing trees.			
В.	22.	Arborists Documentation and Compliance Checklist			
		Prior to any site works, the project arborist must provide written certification that all tree protection measures and construction techniques relevant to this consent are implemented. Documentation for each site visit must include:			
		 A record of the condition of trees to be retained prior to and throughout development. Recommended actions to improve site conditions and rectification of non-compliance. Recommendations for future works which may impact the trees. All compliance certification documents must be kept on site. As a minimum the following intervals of site inspections must be made: 			

	inspectio supervisi	on			d photos must include	
	Prior to ar	ny site works	 Project Arborist to hold pre construction site meeting with the principal contractor to discuss methods and importance of tree protection measures and resolve any issues in relation to feasibility of tree protection requirements that may arise. Project Arborist to mark all trees approved for removal under DA consent. The project arborist must install or supervise the installation of tree protection fencing, trunk protection, ground protection and traffic height control beam. 			
	Level 5 qu Additional	alifications. site visits mus	t be made	when required by the	de by an arborist with AQF site arborist and/or site	
	Condition	Reason To er	nsure that	pervisory work. written certification the nt to this consent have	at all tree protection measures e been implemented.	
B. 23.	Permissik	le work within	n Tree Pro	otection Zones		
	Prior to an Zone:	y site works, th	ne following	g works are permissib	le within the Tree Protection	
	Council Ref No	Species		Radius from Centre of Trunk (Metres)	Approved works	
	2	Glochidium fer	dinandii	4.9m	Installation of new swimming pool and Landscape works	
		et arborist must ith the above c		ritten certification of c	ompliance to the Principal	
	Condition Protection		stablish the	e works which are per	missible within the Tree	
B. 24.	Salvage E	Building Mater	ials			
	skirtin where b) Salva	g, tiles, doors, possible reus ged building m reuse, or trans	windows a ed on the aterials su	and decorative elemer project. Irplus to the project m	cks, stone, timber flooring, nts must be salvaged and ust either be stored on site for d building material dealer for	
	Condition	Reason To m	aximise re	euse of historic fabric.		

В.	25.	Encroachment on Public Open Space
		All proposed works must be contained wholly within the private property and not encroach into Parsley Bay Reserve.
		No consent is granted for any existing or proposed structures to be built on public open space or any stairs that provide access to the park to be built outside of the property boundary.
		Condition Reason: To prevent works from occurring on public land.
В.	26.	Access through Public Open Space
		Access to the rear of 12 The Crescent from the adjoining Parsley Bay Reserve will not be permitted unless a <i>Construction Access Through Public Open Space</i> permit has been obtained by Council's Open Space & Trees Department. An application must be submitted to Council for assessment and approval at least 21 days prior to the date that construction access through the reserve is required.
		The principal contractor or project manager is required to submit an application on the appropriate Council form and pay the appropriate fee.
		Condition Reason: To restrict access to the site subject to approval of the appropriate applications.

REMEDIATION WORK

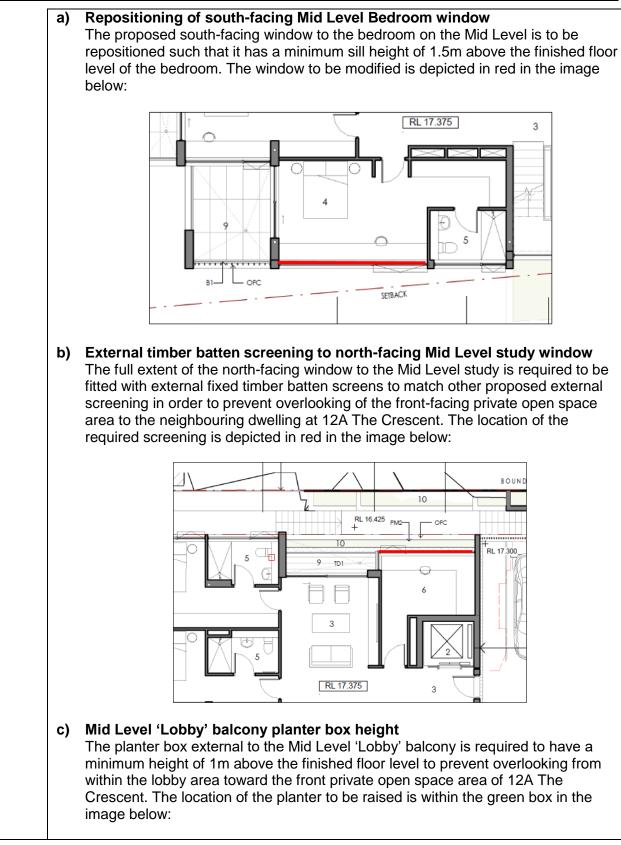
C. ON COMPLETION OF REMEDIATION WORK

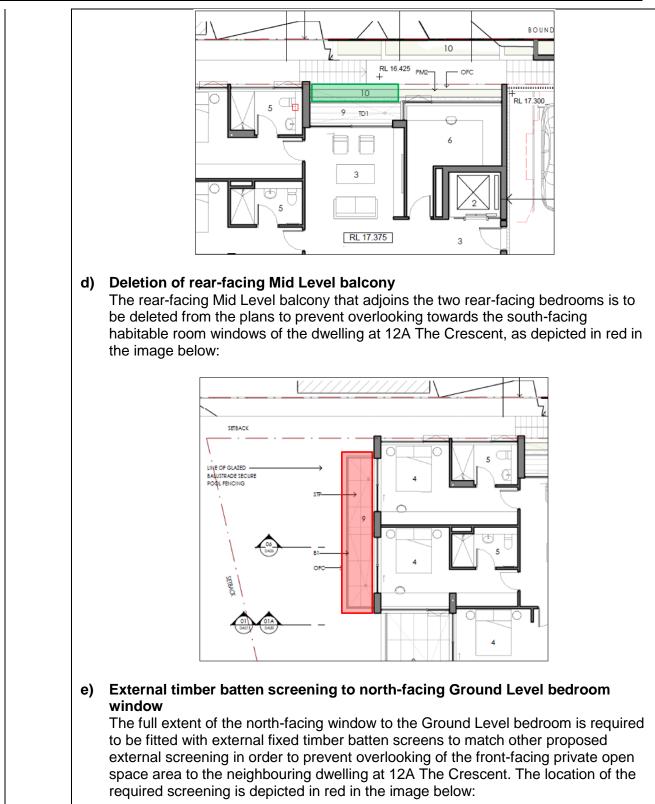
Nil

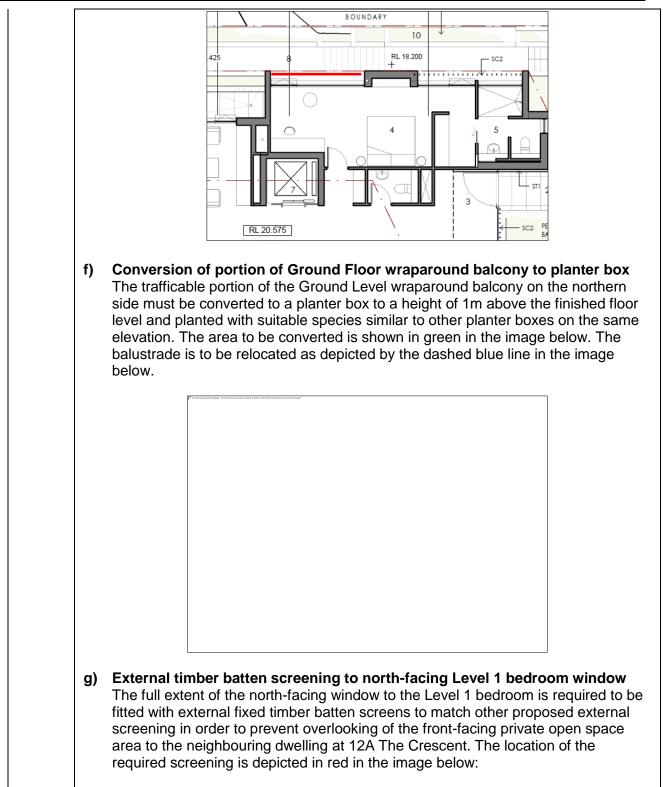
BUILDING WORK

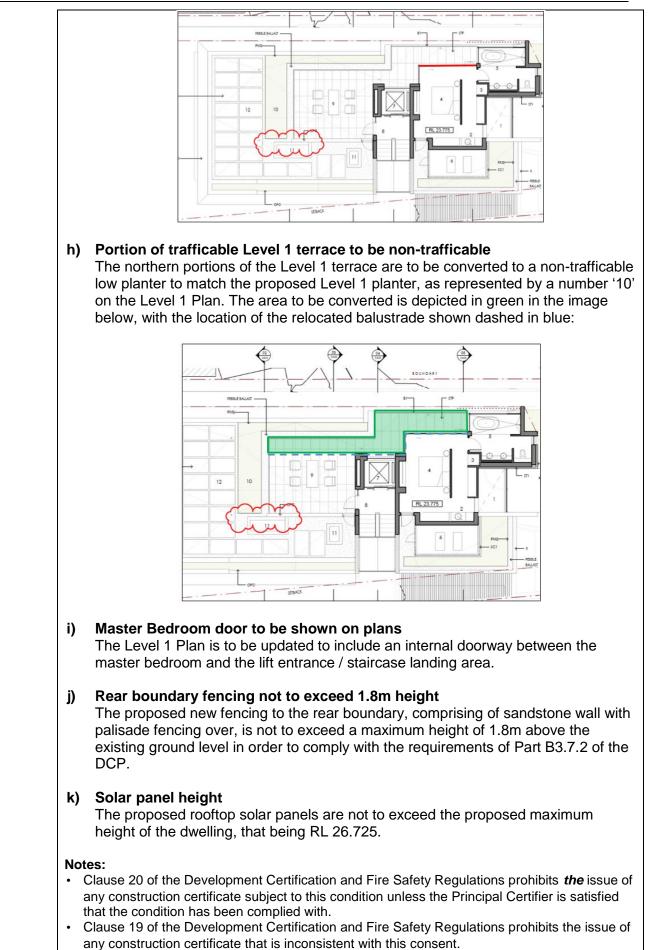
D. BEFORE ISSUE OF A CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

D. 1.	Surrender of Consent (section 4.17(1)(b) and section 4.17(5) of the Act)			
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, a notice of surrender development consent of DA 210/2022 issued on 21/02/2023 must be provided to Council in writing by the Owner of the land in compliance with clauses 67 and 68 of the Regulations.			
	No construction certificate must be issued until Council has acknowledged in writing that this condition has been satisfied.			
	Condition Reason: To ensure an existing development consent/consents is/are surrendered.			
D. 2.	Modification of Details of the Development (section 4.17(1)(g) of the Act			
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, the approved plans and the construction certificate plans and specification, required to be submitted to the Principal Certifier under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulations, must detail the following amendments:			









	Condition Reason: To require design provided to address specific issues ide of the Act.						
D. 3.	Payment of Long Service Levy						
	Before the issue of any construction contraction the following levy must be provided to		ceipt(s) for th	ne payment of			
	Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code			
	LONG SERVICE LEVY under Building and Construction Industry	/ Long Service Payments	Act 1986				
	Long Service Levy www.longservice.nsw.gov.au/bci/levy/o ther-information/levy-calculator	Contact LSL Corporation or use online calculator	No				
	Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment The long service levy under section 34 of the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act 1986, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the Principal Certifier prior to the issue of any construction certificate. The levy can be paid directly to the Long Service Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Corporation website www.longservice.nsw.gov.au or the Long Service Corporation on 131 441.						
	 How must the payments be made? Payments must be made by: cash deposit with Council, credit card payment with Council, or bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council. 						
	Condition Reason: To ensure any relevant levy is paid.						
D. 4.	BASIX Commitments						
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, BASIX Certificate No. 1422104S_03 must be submitted to the Principal Certifier with any application for a construction certificate.						
	All commitments in the BASIX Certificate must be shown on the construction certificate plans and specifications prior to the issue of any construction certificate.						
	 Notes: Where there is any proposed change in the BASIX commitments the Applicant must submit a new BASIX Certificate to the Principal Certifier and Council. If any proposed change in the BASIX commitments are inconsistent with development consent (see: clauses 19 and 20 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation) the Applicant will be required to submit an amended development application to Council under section 4.55 of the Act. Clause 19(1)(a) of the Development Certificate for building work unless: the relevant building work plans and specifications include the matters required by a relevant BASIX certificate, if any. 						
	Condition Reason: To ensure all com incorporated into the development.	nmitments in the BASIX	Certificate a	ire			

Before the issue of any construction certificate, a separate application under Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 is to be made to, and be approved by Council, for the						
following infrastructure works. The infrastructure works must be carried out at the applicant's expense:						
a) If the existing vehicular crossing is damaged during construction, the existing crossing including layback and gutter must be reconstructed in accordance with Council's Crossing Specification, standard driveway drawing RF2_D and to the satisfaction of Council's Assets Engineers. The new vehicular crossing must be constructed at a right angle to street kerb in plain concrete where the centreline the new crossing must align with the centreline of the internal driveway at the property boundary. Design longitudinal sections along each side of the proposed crossing, starting from the centreline of the road pavement to the parking slab sh be submitted to Council for assessment,						
b)	Details including longitudinal and section certification prepared by a Chartered Str pedestrian path/steps/ramp shall be sub path/steps/ramp must be in plain concre	ructural Engir mitted. The p	neer for the p	roposed		
c)	Observe condition for the creation of pos	sitive covena	nt requiremer	nts.		
d) The reinstatement of all damaged kerb and gutter and road pavement to Counci Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works and to the						
·	satisfaction of Council's Assets Enginee	rs,				
e) Bef	satisfaction of Council's Assets Enginee Where a grass verge exists, the balance kerb over the full frontage of the propose verge must be constructed to contain a medium and have a total cover of Couch ore the issue of any construction certificat the original receipt(s) for the payment of	rs, e of the area l ed developmo uniform minir n turf. te, the princip	between the f ent must be to num 75mm o pal certifier m	ootpath ar urfed. The f friable gro ust be prov		
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e) Bef with fee D Si ur Inf pu co I N ur Pr	satisfaction of Council's Assets Enginee Where a grass verge exists, the balance kerb over the full frontage of the propose verge must be constructed to contain a to medium and have a total cover of Couch ore the issue of any construction certificat in the original receipt(s) for the payment of s: escription ECURITY inder section 4.17(6) of the <i>Environmental Plan</i> rastructure Works Bond - completing any blic work required in connection with the insent. SPECTION FEES	rs, e of the area l ed developme uniform minin n turf. te, the princip all of the foll Amount nning and Asse \$5,000	between the f ent must be to num 75mm of bal certifier mo owing securit Indexed	Footpath ar urfed. The f friable grov ust be prov y bonds ar Council Fee Cod		

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

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	•	the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution,
	•	the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable], the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent, the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to any site works being undertaken, and
	•	the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.
	No	otes:
	•	Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.
	•	Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under Roads Act 1993 approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the Applicant to seek to amend this consent.
	•	Works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths are subject to sections 138, 139 and 218 of the Roads Act 1993 and specifically:
		 Construction of driveways and/or new or alterations to footpath paving Alteration and/or extension to Council drainage infrastructure
		- Alteration and/or addition of retaining walls
		- Pumping of water to Council's below ground stormwater system
		- Installation of soil/rock anchors under the roadway
	_	- Installation of Stormwater outlet pipes across the nature strip
	•	An "Application to Carry Out Works in a Public Road" form must be completed and lodged, with the application fee, at Council's Customer Services. Detailed plans and specifications of all works (including but not limited to structures, road works, driveway crossings, footpaths and stormwater drainage etc) within existing roads, must be attached, submitted to and approved by Council under section 138 of the Roads Act 1993, before the issue of any construction certificate.
	•	Detailed engineering plans and specifications of the works required by this condition must
		accompany the application form. The plans must clearly show the following:
		 Engineering drawings (plan, sections and elevation views) and specifications of the footpath, driveways, kerb and gutter, new gully pit showing clearly the connection point of site outlet pipe(s). The connection drainage lines must be as direct as possible and generally run perpendicular to the kerb alignment. Engineering drawings of the new drainage line to be constructed joining the new and
		existing drainage pits including services.
	•	All driveways must include a design longitudinal surface profile for the proposed driveway for
		assessment. The driveway profile is to start from the road centreline and be along the worst case edge of the proposed driveway. Gradients and transitions must be in accordance with clause 2.5.3, 2.6 of AS 2890.1 – 2004, Part 1 – Off-street car parking. The driveway profile submitted to Council must be to (1:25) acets (for template checking purposed) and centre all
		submitted to Council must be to (1:25) scale (for template checking purposes) and contain all relevant details: reduced levels, proposed grades and distances.
	•	The existing footpath level and grade at the street alignment of the property must be
		maintained unless otherwise specified by Council. Your driveway levels are to comply with AS2890.1 and Council's Standard Drawings. There may be occasions where these
		requirements conflict with your development and you are required to carefully check the
	•	driveway/garage slab and footpath levels for any variations. Any adjustments required from the garage slab and the street levels are to be carried out
	•	internally on private property
	•	Drainage design works must comply with the Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.

	Temporary ground anchors may be permitted, in accordance with Council's "Rock Anchor
	 Policy". Services: Prior to any excavation works, the location and depth of all public utility services (telephone, cable TV, electricity, gas, water, sewer, drainage, etc.) must be ascertained. The Applicant must be responsible for all public utility adjustment/relocation works, necessitated by the development work and as required by the various public utility authorities and/or their
	 agents. All public domain works must comply with the latest version of Council's "Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works" unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions. This specification and the application form can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au.
	• When an application under the Roads Act is required, then four (4) weeks is to be allowed for assessment.
	 An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 4.17 of the Act.
	 The securities will not be released until the Occupation Certificate has been lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.
	 Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.
	 When determining whether the works within public land are satisfactory, Council will consider the ownership, construction quality, maintenance, operations, and public utility of such item/s. Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon
	application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.
	Condition Reason: To ensure the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works are detailed and approved under section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 and to ensure the works are completed to Council's satisfaction.
D. 6.	Erosion and Sediment Control Plan – Submission and Approval
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, an erosion and sediment control plan, prepared by a suitably qualified person in accordance with the following documents, must be submitted to the Principal Certifier. The erosion and sediment control plan must comply with:
	a) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" and the accompanying factsheets published by the Southern Sydney Regional
	 Organisation of Councils; and b) "Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (The Blue Book).
	Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.
	The Principal Certifier must be satisfied that the erosion and sediment control plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any construction certificate.
	Notes:
	 The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia www.austieca.com.au lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.
	 The "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" publication and accompanying factsheets can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au, and The Blue Book is available at www.environment.nsw.gov.au

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	Under clause 73(2)(a)(v) of the Development Certification Accredited Certifier may be satisfied as to this matter.	and Fire Safety Regulation an
	Condition Reason: To prevent potential water pollution	n and dust nuisance.
D. 7.	Payment of S7.12 Contributions Levy	
	A payment of a levy authorised by section 7.12 of the E Assessment Act 1979 must be paid prior to the issue of Subdivision Works Certificate. The Principal Certifier is receipt for payment under the Woollahra Section 7.12 E 2022.	f any Construction Certificate or to be provided with the original
	A cost estimate report, no more than 3 months old, den carrying out the development must be completed and s determination of the costs of work. This report must inc modification applications. The costs and expenses of th must be established in accordance with clause 208 of t Assessment Regulation 2021.	ubmitted to Council for orporate all approved ne proposed cost of development
	 The cost estimate report must be in the form of: A cost summary report, prepared by the applicant or development up to \$749,999; or A quantity surveyor's report, for development over \$ The applicable levy rate is to be calculated using the surveyor 	750,000.
	Summary Schedule	
	Development Cost	Levy Rate
	Up to and including \$100,000	Nil
	More than \$100,000 and up to and including \$200,000	0.5% of the cost
	• More than \$200,000	1% of the cost
	 How must the payments be made? Payments must be made by: Cash deposit with Council, Credit card payment with Council, or Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Deferred or periodic payment of section 7.12 levy Where the Applicant makes a written request supported section 7.12 levy other than as required by clause 2.9, or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred sole discretion of the Council, which will consider: 	d by reasons for payment of the the Council may accept deferred
	 the reasons given, whether any prejudice will be caused to the communpublic facilities, 	
	 whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy whether the provision of public facilities in accordance schedule will be adversely affected. 	•
	Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or perprovision of a bank guarantee where: the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amou 	
	 the guarantee is by an Adstrainan bank for the amou contribution, the bank unconditionally and irrevocably agrees to p 	-

D. 8.	 a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable, the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without recourse to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent, and the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required. Any deferred or periodic payment of the section 7.12 levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 2.12 of the Plan. The Applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid. Do you need HELP indexing the levy? Please contact Council's Customer Service Team on 02 9391 7000. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted development levy will delay the issue of any certificate issued under section 6.4 of the Act and could void any such certificate (e.g. construction certificate, subdivision certificate, or occupation certificate). Condition Reason: To ensure any relevant contributions are paid. Tree Protection Plan and Specification Before the issue of any construction certificate, the Principal Certifier must ensure the measures for tree protection detailed in this consent are in place. The construction certificate plans and specifications must show the following information: a) Trees to be numbered and coloured in accordance with these conditions:
	 shaded green where required to be retained and protected shaded red where authorised to be removed shaded yellow where required to be transplanted shaded blue where required to be pruned b) Tree Protection Plan and Specification prepared by an arborist with a minimum qualification of AQF 5 including the following: Tree Location Plan (to scale) based on/overlaid with the approved plans, indicating trees to be retained, removed or transplanted, and the location of tree protection zones (TPZ) and structural root zones (SRZ) of trees to be retained and protected. The plan must also include site specific tree protection recommendations such as fencing, ground and trunk protection and other protection devices. Tree Protection Specification (written document) with tree protection requirements included from this consent and in accordance with sections 4 & 5 of AS4970, providing guidance for the implementation of tree protection methods. To minimise construction damage, the plan must show specific areas requiring works to be done under direct supervision of the project arborist. B) References to applicable tree management plan, arborists report or transplant method statement.
	building.

		Condition Reason: To ensure the construction certificate includes the approved tree management details, and all measures are implemented.
D.	9.	Bushland and Public Open Space Protection
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, an appropriate erosion and sediment control plan must be prepared, with the required erosion and sediment controls implemented and maintained during construction to ensure that material does not migrate off-site and into Parsley Bay Reserve. Works must not impact on bushland, public open space or vegetation adjoining the property.
		Council will not permit the storage of building, excavation, demolition material or plant on Council's public open space or access to development through the adjoining Parsley Bay Reserve unless prior written approval has been obtained from Council's Open Space and Tree Division, via an application requesting access through public open space on the required form with the appropriate fee. The form is available from Council's Infrastructure and Sustainability Department.
		Notes:If access through a Reserve is approved a separate Bond will be required.
		Condition Reason: To ensure the protection of bushland, public open space, or vegetation adjoining the property.
D.	10.	Professional Engineering Details
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications, required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must include detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydrogeological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, and supporting documentation. Detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the Principal Certifier with the application for any construction certificate.
		 Notes: This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged construction certificates.
		Condition Reason: To ensure professional engineering details and technical specifications are provided.
D.	11.	Engineer Certification
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, engineer certification must be submitted to the Principal Certifier confirming that the structural design does not incorporate any temporary or permanent underpinning works or ground anchors, bolts, etc. which encroach outside the boundaries of the subject property.
		This development consent does NOT give approval to any works outside the boundaries of the subject property including any underpinning works to any structures on adjoining properties and Council's property.
		Condition Reason: To ensure certification is provided that demonstrates all structural works are located within the boundaries of the site and do not include underpinning works to any structures on adjoining properties.

D. 12.	Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Design, Certification and Monitoring
	Before the issue of the construction certificate, the applicant must submit, for approval by the Principal Certifier, a detailed geotechnical report prepared by a Geotechnical Engineer with National Engineering Register (NER) credentials in accordance with Chapter E2.2.10 of Council's DCP and Council's document "Guidelines for Preparation of Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Reports".
	The report must include a Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program together with civil and structural engineering details for foundation retaining walls, footings, basement tanking, and subsoil drainage systems, as applicable, prepared by a professional engineer, who is suitably qualified and experienced in geotechnical and hydrogeological engineering.
	 These details must be certified by the professional engineer to: a) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no ground settlement or movement, during excavation or after construction, sufficient to cause an adverse impact on adjoining property or public infrastructure. b) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no adverse impact on surrounding property or infrastructure as a result of changes in local hydrogeology (behaviour of groundwater). c) Provide details of cut-off walls or similar controls prior to excavation such that any temporary changes to the groundwater level, during construction, will be kept within the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations. Where the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations is unknown, the design must demonstrate that changes in the level of the natural water table, due to construction, will not exceed 0.3m at any time. d) Provide tanking to below ground structures to prevent the entry of seepage water such that subsoil drainage/ seepage water is NOT collected and discharged to the kerb and gutter. e) Provide a Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Monitoring Program that: will detect deflection or movement of temporary and permanent works and structures, will detect vibration in accordance with AS 2187.2 Appendix J including acceptable velocity of vibration (peak particle velocity), will detect groundwater changes calibrated against natural groundwater variations, details the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised, details the pre-set acceptable limits for peak particle velocity and ground water fluctuations,
	 details a contingency plan. Condition Reason: To ensure that geotechnical and hydrogeological impacts are appropriately managed.
D. 13.	Ground Anchors
	This development consent does NOT give approval to works or structures over, on or under adjoining properties, public roads and/or footpaths.
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, if ground anchors are proposed:

	 a) Prior written consent must be obtained from all relevant adjoining property owner(s) for the use of any ground anchors extending beyond the boundaries of the subject property. b) The use of permanent ground anchors under Council land is not permitted. Temporary ground anchors under Council's land may be permitted, in accordance with Council's "Rock Anchor Policy", where alternative methods of stabilisation would not be practicable or viable, and where there would be benefits in terms of reduced community impact due to a shorter construction period, reduced disruption to pedestrian and vehicular traffic on adjacent public roads, and a safer working environment. c) If temporary ground anchors under Council land are proposed, a separate application, including payment of fees, must be made to Council under Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993. Application forms and Council's "Rock Anchor Policy" are available from Council's website. Approval may be granted subject to conditions of consent. A minimum of four weeks should be allowed for assessment. Notes: To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds. Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993. Clause 17 of the Roade (Concel) Reprubition 2018 prohibits excavation in the visibility of
	 Clause 17 of the Roads (General) Regulation 2018 prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "Excavations adjacent to road - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.
	Condition Reason: To ensure the relevant approval is gained for any temporary ground anchors.
D. 14.	Parking Facilities
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must include detailed plans and specifications for all bicycle, car and commercial vehicle parking in compliance with AS2890.3: Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking Facilities, AS 2890.6 Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities, AS/NZS 2890.1: Parking Facilities - Off-Street Car Parking and AS 2890.2: Off-Street Parking: Commercial Vehicle Facilities respectively.
	Access levels and grades must comply with access levels and grades required by Council under the Roads Act 1993.
	The Principal Certifier has no discretion to reduce or increase the number or area of car parking or commercial parking spaces required to be provided and maintained by this consent.
	Condition Reason: To ensure parking facilities are designed in accordance with the Australian Standard.
D. 15.	Relocation or Reconstruction of Council's Stormwater Drainage System
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, a separate application under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 (Stormwater Drainage Activity Application) is to be made to and be approved by Council for the following works. The works must be carried out at the applicant's expense:

	 The submission of a closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report the condition of the existing Council's underground pipeline adjoining the site,
	b) The submission of photographs showing the existing condition of the open
	 stormwater channel adjoining the site, c) Details including long section with all relevant design levels showing stormwater from the site being discharged to the open channel.
	Notes:
	Four weeks should be allowed for assessment.
	 The design and construction of the works must be in accordance with the Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management and "Specification for Road Works, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works" which include Council's standard drawings. These documents are available from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au. To ensure that this work is completed to Council's statisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that the relevant approval is gained for any works for the relocation or reconstruction of any part of Council's drainage system.
D. 16.	Stormwater Management Plan
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, the applicant must submit, for approval by the Principal Certifier, detailed stormwater management plans prepared and certified by a chartered professional civil engineer, which detail the following:
	 General design in accordance with stormwater management plans, referenced 230990-Rev 2, prepared by Henry & Hymas, dated 28/09/2023, other than amended by this and other conditions,
	b) The proposed stormwater connection to the Council's drainage system as shown in drawing 230990_DA_C100-Rev 2, dated 28/09/2023 is not approved. A separate application under S68 of the Local Government Act (Stormwater Drainage Activity Application) for the proposed stormwater discharge must be made with Council for approval,
	c) The installation of stormwater filtration /treatment system which includes but not limited to the installation 1 x 50m ² Bioretention system, 5kL rainwater tank and 3 x OceanGuard 200 by Ocean Protect to achieve the minimum the water quality targets stipulated in Chapter E2.2.3 of the Council's DCP,
	 A minimum 450mm x 450mm boundary junction pit must be provided prior to discharging stormwater from the site to the Council's drainage system,
	 All below ground structures are to be fully tanked such that subsoil drainage/seepage water is NOT collected and discharged to the kerb and gutter to comply with Chapter E2.2.5 of Council's DCP. Notation to this requirement must be clearly depicted on the drawings,
	 f) Internal stormwater drainage including but not limited to gutters and downpipes, pipes and pits are to be designed for rainfall intensities up to and including the 1% AEP event if an unimpeded overland flow path to the street drainage system is not available. Design details and calculations must be included in the stormwater management plans,
	g) Dimensions of all drainage pits and access grates must comply with AS3500.3,
	h) Compliance with the objectives and performance requirements of the BCA,
	 General compliance with the Council's Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.
	The Stormwater Management Plan must also include the following specific requirements:

	Layout plan
	 A detailed drainage plan at a scale of 1:100 based on drainage calculations prepared in accordance with the Australian Government publication, Australian Rainfall and Run-off, 2019 edition or most current version thereof. It must include: a) All pipe layouts, dimensions, grades, lengths and material specification. b) Location of proposed rainwater tanks. c) All invert levels reduced to Australian Height Datum (AHD). d) Location and dimensions of all drainage pits. e) Point and method of connection to Councils drainage infrastructure. f) Overland flow paths over impervious areas.
	Rainwater Reuse System details:
	 a) Any potential conflict between existing and proposed trees and vegetation. b) Internal dimensions and volume of the proposed rainwater storage. c) Plans, elevations and sections showing the rainwater tanks, finished surface level and adjacent structures. d) Details of access and maintenance facilities. e) Construction and structural details of all tanks and pits and/or manufacturer's specifications for proprietary products. f) Details of the emergency overland flow-path (to an approved Council drainage point) in the event of a blockage to the rainwater tanks For Stormwater Drainage works on Council's property, separate approval under Section
	138 of the Roads Act 1993 must be obtained from Council for those works before the issue of any construction certificate.
	All Stormwater Drainage System work within any road or public place must comply with Woollahra Municipal Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works (2012).
	Notes: The collection, storage and use of rainwater is to be in accordance with Standards Australia HB230 "Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook".
	Condition Reason: To ensure that site stormwater is disposed of in a controlled and sustainable manner.
D. 17.	Non-Gravity Drainage Systems
	Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must include a Stormwater Management Plan for the site.
	The Stormwater Management Plan must detail the non-gravity drainage systems (charged, siphon, pump/sump systems) being designed in accordance with Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.
	Notes: The Woollahra DCP is available from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u>
	Condition Reason: To ensure that site stormwater is disposed of in a controlled and sustainable manner.

D. 18	8.	Flood Protection
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must include a Flood Risk Management Plan on the basis of the Flood Planning Level (FPL).
		Flood Warning:
		 A permanent flood risk management plan shall be installed in an area frequented by the residents such as the laundry,
		Flood Proof Material
		a) Flood compatible materials shall be used for all flood exposed construction.
		Electricals
		a) All flood exposed electrical wiring and equipment shall be waterproofed,
		Certification
		 All flood protection measures shall be inspected and certified as fit for purpose after construction is complete by an engineer experienced in flood mitigation
		 Notes: The revised driveway profile, gradients and transitions must be in accordance with Australian Standard 2890.1, Part 1: Off-street car parking. The driveway profile submitted to Council must contain all relevant details: reduced levels, proposed grades and distances. Council will not allow alteration to existing reduced levels within the road or any other public place to achieve flood protection.
		Condition Reason: To ensure the development incorporates flood inundation protection measures.
D. 19	9.	Swimming and Spa Pools – Child Resistant Barriers
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must demonstrate compliance (by showing the proposed location of all child-resistant barriers and the resuscitation sign) with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and the Building Code of Australia.
		Approval is not granted for the modification of any boundary fencing beyond what is authorised by the stamped approved plans, as modified by any condition of consent or what is permitted to be carried out as 'exempt development' under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
		 Notes: A statement to the effect that isolation swimming pool fencing complying with AS1926 will be installed does not satisfy this condition. The location of the required barriers and the sign must be detailed upon the construction certificate plans.
		Condition Reason: To ensure child-resistant swimming and spa pool barriers are provided.

D.	20.	Swimming and Spa Pools – Backwash
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must detail the connection of backwash to Sydney Waters sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2.
		 Notes: The plans must show the location of Sydney Water's sewer, the yard gully or any new connection to the sewer system including a detailed cross section of the connection complying with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2. The discharge of backwash water to any stormwater system is water pollution and an offence under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997. The connection of any backwash pipe to any stormwater system is an offence under the Protection of the Environment System is an offence under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
		Condition Reason: To ensure swimming and spa pool backwash is connected to Sydney Waters sewer.
D.	21.	Electric vehicle circuitry and electric vehicle charging point requirements
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must include an accurate electrical plan of all off-street car parking spaces, prepared by a suitably qualified person, which includes details and specifications to illustrate how the off-street car parking spaces will be constructed with the capacity to install at a minimum, a 'Level 2' (single phase, 7Kw power) electric vehicle charger point.
		Condition Reason: To ensure the provision of electric vehicle circuitry to enable the future installation of electric vehicle charging point(s).
D.	22.	Acoustic Certification of Mechanical Plant and Equipment
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, the construction certificate plans and specifications required under clause 7 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, must be accompanied by a certificate from a professional acoustic engineer certifying that the noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the proposed mechanical plant and equipment is operating will not exceed the background noise level. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed background noise level, at any time.
		The background noise level is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the LA90, 15 minute level measured by a sound level meter.
		Where sound attenuation is required this must be detailed.
		 Notes: Further information including lists of Acoustic Engineers can be obtained from: Australian Acoustical Society - professional society of noise-related professional www.acoustics.asn.au Association of Australian Acoustical Consultant - professional society of noise related professionals www.aaac.org.au

		Condition Reason: To ensure the development does not result in any unreasonable acoustic impacts.
D.	23.	Submission of a Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan
		Before the issue of any construction certificate, a Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan, prepared in accordance with Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015 Chapter E5 – Waste Management, is to be submitted to Council for approval.
		 Notes: The site waste minimisation and management is not listed under clause 73 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation as a matter that a Principal Certifier may certify. Hence, the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan must be referred to Council for its approval prior to the issue of any construction certificate for such works. It is estimated that building waste, including disposable materials, resulting from demolition, excavation, construction and renovation, accounts for almost 70% of landfill. Such waste is also a problem in the generation of dust and the pollution of stormwater. Council encourages the recycling of demolition and building materials.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that the Waste Minimisation and Management Plan is assessed and approved by Council.

E. BEFORE BUILDING WORK COMMENCES

E. 1.	Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989
	 Before any building work commences, and under section 4.17(11) of the Act, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work: a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia, b) in the case of residential building work for which the Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.
	 This condition does not apply: a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under the Home Building Regulation 2014, or b) to the erection of a temporary building. In this condition, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.
	 Notes: This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia. All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of AS3500.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that works are carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia and any required contract of insurance is in force.

E. 2.	Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation
	 Before any building work commences, water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls must be installed and maintained in accordance with: a) The Soil and Water Management Plan if required under this consent; b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" and accompanying factsheets published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, and c) "Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (The Blue Book).
	Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.
	 Notes: The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia (www.austieca.com.au/) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association – Australasia. The "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" publication and the accompanying factsheets can be downloaded from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au and The Blue Book is available at www.environment.nsw.gov.au A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution. Section 257 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides inter alia that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution". Warning: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being.
	Condition Reason: To prevent potential water pollution and dust nuisance.
E. 3.	Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifier, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (Part 6, Division 6.3 of the Act)
	 Building work must not commence, until: a) A construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
	 b) The person having the benefit of the development consent has: appointed a Principal Certifier for the building work, and notified the Principal Certifier that the person will carry out the building work as an Owner-builder, if that is the case, and
	 c) The Principal Certifier has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences: notified the consent authority and the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any
	 critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and d) The person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an Owner-builder, has: appointed a Principal Contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
	 notified the Principal Certifier of any such appointment, and

	 unless that person is the Principal Contractor, notified the Principal Contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and given at least 2 days' notice to the Council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building. Notes:
	 Building has the same meaning as in section 1.4 of the Act and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure. New building has the same meaning as in section 6.1 of the Act and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building. The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 6.6(2) of the Act (including the need for a Construction Certificate) prior to any demolition work. See: Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc [2001] NSWLEC 125. Construction Certificate Application, PC Service Agreement and Notice of Commencement forms can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a building in breach of this condition and in breach of section 6.6(2) of the Act. Under the Home Building Act 1989 any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from NSW Fair Trading.
	Condition Reason: To ensure a construction certificate has been issued, a Principal Certifier is appointed, a Principal Contractor (if applicable) is appointed, and a notice of commencement has been submitted.
E. 4.	Notification of Home Building Act 1989 requirements Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifier for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the following information: a) In the case of work for which a Principal Contractor is required to be appointed: • the name and licence number of the Principal Contractor, and • the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act, b) In the case of work to be done by an Owner-builder: • the name of the Owner-builder, and • if the Owner-builder is required to hold an Owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the Owner-builder permit. If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifier for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the updated information. This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 6.28 of the Act, to comply with the Building Code of Australia. For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the Act, the requirements of this condition are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
	Condition Reason: To ensure Council is notified of the Home Building Acts 1989 requirements.

F. DURING BUILDING WORK

F. 1.	Compliance with BCA and Insurance Requirements under the Home Building Act 1989
	While site work is being carried out:
	a) work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA),
	 b) in the case of residential building work for which the Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.
	 This condition does not apply: a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulations, or b) to the erection of a temporary building.
	In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.
	For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the Act, the above condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work.
	Notes:All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of AS 3500.
	Condition Reason: To ensure compliance with the BCA and Home building Act 1989.
F. 2.	Requirement to Notify about New Evidence
	While site work is being carried out, any new information that comes to light, which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination, heritage significance, threatened species or other relevant matters must be immediately notified to Council and the Principal Certifier.
	Condition Reason: To ensure Council and the Principal Certifier are made aware of new information.
F. 3.	Critical Stage Inspections
	While site work is being carried out, critical stage inspections must be called for by the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder as required by the Principal Certifier, any PC service agreement, the Act, the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation, and the Regulation.
	Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the Principal Certifier is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the construction certificate(s) and the Act.
	Critical stage inspections means the inspections prescribed by the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulations, and Regulations for the purposes of section 6.5 of the Act or as required by the Principal Certifier and any PC Service Agreement.

1	Notes:
	 The Principal Certifier may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the Principal Certifier be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.
	 The Principal Certifier may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of Compliance Certificates, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2G2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that building work progresses in accordance with the approved plans, conditions of consent, and requirements of the act.
F. 4.	Hours of Work – Amenity of the Neighbourhood
	 While site work is being carried out: a) No work must take place on any Sunday or public holiday. b) No work must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday. c) No work must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday. d) The following work must not take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday: i. piling, ii. piering, iii. rock or concrete cutting, boring or drilling, iv. rock breaking, v. rock sawing, vi. jack hammering, or vii. machine excavation. e) No loading or unloading of material or equipment associated with the activities
	listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
	 f) No operation of any equipment associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
	g) No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing , jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute interval break within every hour.
	Notes:
	• The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.
	 Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to a separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.
	 The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to Transport for NSW and NSW Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.
	 Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2017.
	NSW EPA Noise Guide is available at www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm

	Condition Reason: To mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood.
F. 5.	Public Footpaths – Safety, Access and Maintenance
	While site work is being carried out, any person acting with the benefit of this consent must:
	a) Not erect or maintain any gate or fence that swings out, or encroaches upon the road or the footway.
	 b) Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste o thing.
	c) Not use the road or footway for any work.
	 d) Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction. e) Any damage caused to the road, footway, vehicular crossing, nature strip or any public place must be immediately made safe and then repaired, to the satisfaction
	of Council.
	f) Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.
	 g) If it is proposed to locate any site fencing, hoardings, skip bins or other articles upon any part of the footpath, nature strip or any public place, or operate a crane, hoist or concrete pump on or over Council land, an application must be submitted to and approved by Council beforehand.
	 h) Provide a clear safe pedestrian route a minimum of 1.5m wide. i) Protect heritage listed street name inlays located in the footpath, kerb and gutter, and any other structure, to ensure they are not removed or damaged during development.
	 section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 except that at all time compliance is required with: a) Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set): Manual of uniform traffic control devices and a relevant parts of this set of standards.
	b) Australian Road Rules.
	 Notes: Section 148B of the Road Transport Act 2013 allows the NSW Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose.
	 Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 provides that a person must not: erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
	 remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road,
	 otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority. Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the Council including:
	 Part C Management of waste: a) For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place b) Place waste in a public place
	 c) Place a waste storage container in a public place. Part E Public roads: a) Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist
	 a) Swing of holst goods across of over any part of a public road by means of a lift, holst or tackle projecting over the footway b) Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or

	Condition Reason: To ensure safe access is maintained to footpaths and roads during building works.
F. 6.	Tree Preservation
	While site work is being carried out, all persons must comply with Chapter E.3 – <i>Tree Management</i> of Council's Development Control Plan (DCP) 2015, other than where varied by this consent. The DCP applies to any tree with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres.
	 General Protection Requirements: a) The tree protection measures must be maintained during all development work unless otherwise specified within these conditions of consent. b) Excavation must cease where tree roots with a diameter exceeding 50mm are exposed. The principal contractor must procure an inspection of the exposed tree roots by an arborist with a minimum AQF Level 5 qualification. Excavation must only recommence with the implementation of the recommendations of the arborist. c) Where there is damage to any part of a tree the principal contractor must procure an inspection of the tree by a qualified arborist immediately. The principal contractor must immediately implement treatment as directed by the arborist. The arborist is to supply a detailed report to the appointed certifier.
	Trees must be pruned in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4373 "Pruning of Amenity Trees" and WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry.
	Condition Reason: To protect trees during the carrying out of sitework.
F. 7.	Maintenance of Environmental Controls
	 While site work is being carried out, the following monitoring, measures and controls must be maintained: a) erosion and sediment controls, b) dust controls, c) dewatering discharges, d) noise controls, e) vibration monitoring and controls, and f) ablutions.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that environmental controls are maintained during building works to protect the public and surrounding environment.
F. 8.	Compliance with Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program
	 While site work is being carried out, excavation must be undertaken in accordance with the recommendations of the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program and any oral or written direction of the supervising professional engineer. The Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor must strictly follow the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program for the development including, but not limited to: a) the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised, b) recommended hold points to allow for inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the professional engineer, and c) the contingency plan.

	 Notes: The consent authority cannot require that the author of the geotechnical/hydrogeological report submitted with the development application to be appointed as the professional engineer supervising the work however, it is the Council's recommendation that the author of the report be retained during the construction stage. Condition Reason: To ensure the geotechnical and/or hydrogeological impacts of the development are appropriately managed.
F. 9.	Support of Adjoining Land and Buildings
	While site work is being carried out, a person must not to do anything on or in relation to the site (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building). For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.
	been reclaimed.
	 Notes: This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must obtain: the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or an easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919, or an easement under section 40 of the Land and Environment Court Act 1979 as appropriate. Section 177 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land). Clause 17 of the Roads Regulation 2018 prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "Excavations adjacent to road - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil
	 anchoring within or under any road. The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, Crown land under Council's care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the Local Government Act 1993.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that the support of adjoining land is not removed
F. 10.	Vibration Monitoring
	While site work is being carried out, vibration monitoring equipment must be installed and maintained, under the supervision of a professional engineer with expertise and experience in geotechnical engineering, between any potential source of vibration and any building identified by the professional engineer as being potentially at risk of movement or damage from settlement and/or vibration during the excavation and during the removal of any excavated material from the land being developed.

	If vibration monitoring equipment detects any vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building exceeding the peak particle velocity adopted by the professional engineer as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity an audible alarm must activate such that the Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor are easily alerted to the event.
	Where any such alarm triggers all excavation works must cease immediately. Prior to the vibration monitoring equipment being reset by the professional engineer and any further work recommencing the event must be recorded and the cause of the event identified and documented by the professional engineer.
	Where the event requires, in the opinion of the professional engineer, any change in work practices to ensure that vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building does not exceed the peak particle velocity adopted by the professional engineer as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity these changes in work practices must be documented and a written direction given by the professional engineer to the Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor clearly setting out required work practice.
	The Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor must comply with all work directions, verbal or written, given by the professional engineer.
	A copy of any written direction required by this condition must be provided to the Principal Certifier within 24 hours of any event.
	Where there is any movement in foundations such that damaged is occasioned to any adjoining building or such that there is any removal of support to supported land the professional engineer, Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor responsible for such work must immediately cease all work, inform the owner of that supported land and take immediate action under the direction of the professional engineer to prevent any further damage and restore support to the supported land.
	 Notes: Professional engineer has the same mean as in Schedule 1 of the BCA. Building has the same meaning as in section 1.4 of the Act i.e. "building includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure" Supported land has the same meaning as in the Conveyancing Act 1919.
	Condition Reason: To monitor and manage vibration impacts from development.
F. 11.	Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance
	 While site work is being carried out, water pollution, erosion, and sedimentation controls must be maintained in accordance with: a) the Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent, b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" and the accompanying factsheets published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, and c) "Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (The Blue Book).
	Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.
	 Notes: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

		 Section 257 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution". Warning: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution.
		Condition Reason: To prevent potential water pollution and dust nuisance.
F.	12.	Disposal of Site Water During Construction
		 While site work is being carried out: a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system, approval must be obtained from Council under section 138(1)(d) of the Roads Act 1993. b) Water pollution, as defined by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, must not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place of any site water. c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not cause erosion and water pollution.
F.	13.	Site Cranes
		While site work is being carried out, site crane(s) and hoist(s) may be erected within the boundary of the land being developed subject to compliance with Australian Standards AS 1418, AS 2549 and AS 2550 and all relevant parts to these standards.
		Cranes must not swing or hoist over any public place unless the relevant approvals have been obtained under the Local Government Act 1993, Crown Lands Act 1989 or Roads Act 1993.
		The crane must not be illuminated outside approved working hours other than in relation to safety beacons required by the Civil Aviation Safety Authority under the Civil Aviation Act 1988 (Cth).
		No illuminated sign(s) must be erected upon or displayed upon any site crane.
		 Notes: Where it is proposed to swing a crane over a public place a separate application to Council must be made under section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and obtain activity approval from Council prior to swinging or hoisting over the public place. Where it is proposed to swing a crane over private land the consent of the owner of that private land is required. Alternatively, an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000 or easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919 or section 40 of the Land and Environment Court Act 1979 as appropriate must be obtained. The encroachment of cranes or the like is a civil matter of trespass and encroachment. Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments.
		Condition Reason: To ensure site cranes are used safely with the relevant approvals.
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F. 14.	Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height, stormwater drainage system and flood protection measures relative to Australian Height Datum
	While site work is being carried out, a registered surveyor must carry out check surveys and provide survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s), ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the site and that the height of buildings, ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.
	 Work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the Principal Certifier's satisfaction: a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level. b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey. c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof. d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structure, flood protection work, swimming pool or spa pool or the like. e) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for driveways showing transitions and crest thresholds confirming that driveway levels match Council approved driveway crossing levels and minimum flood levels. f) Stormwater drainage Systems are in place prior to back filling over pipes confirming location, height and capacity of works. g) Flood protection measures are in place confirming location, height and capacity.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent, which is critical to ensure that buildings are constructed to minimum heights for flood protection and maximum heights to protect views and the amenity of neighbours.
F. 15.	Placement and Use of Skip Bins
	While site work is being carried out, all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:
	 a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 to place the waste storage container in a public place; and b) where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules.
	 Notes: Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.
	Condition Reason: To ensure waste storage containers are appropriately located.
F. 16.	Prohibition of Burning
	While site work is being carried out, there must be no burning of any waste or other materials. The burning of copper chrome arsenate (CCA) or pentachlorophenol (PCP) treated timber is prohibited in all parts of NSW. All burning is prohibited in the Woollahra local government area.

	 Notes: Under the Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation 2021 all burning (including burning of vegetation and domestic waste) is prohibited except with approval. No approval is granted under this consent for any burning.
	Condition Reason: To ensure no burning of waste occurs.
F. 17.	Dust Mitigation
	While site work is being carried out, dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with "Dust Control - Do it right on site" and the accompanying facts sheets published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.
	 This generally requires: a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences. b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used. c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers. d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins. e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied. f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust. g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.
	 Notes: "Dust Control - Do it right on site" and the accompanying factsheets can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from www.safework.nsw.gov.au and www.epa.nsw.gov.au. Other specific conditions and advice may apply. Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.
	Condition Reason: To mitigate the impact of dust upon the amenity of the neighbourhood and prevent water pollution.
F. 18.	Compliance with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works, Road Works and, Work within the Road and Footway
	While site work is being carried out, all work carried out on assets which are under Council ownership or will revert to the ownership, care, control or management of Council in connection with the development to which this consent relates must comply with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works (2012).
	The person with the benefit of this consent must meet all costs associated with such works.
	This condition does not set aside the need to obtain relevant approvals under the Roads Act 1993 or Local Government Act 1993 for works within roads and other public places.
	Notes: A copy of Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works can be downloaded from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u>

		Condition Reason: To ensure that any road, drainage, or miscellaneous works comply with Council's specifications.
F.	19.	Swimming and Spa Pools – Temporary Child Resistant Barriers and other Matters
		While site work is being carried out, temporary child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and Building Code of Australia where any swimming pool or spa pool, as defined by the Swimming Pools Act 1992, contains more than 300mm in depth of water at any time.
		Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and the Building Code of Australia as soon as practical.
		Backwash and any temporary dewatering from any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the Swimming Pools Act 1992 must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.
		 Notes: This condition does not prevent Council from issuing an order under section 23 of the Swimming Pool Act 1992 or taking such further action as necessary for a breach of this condition or the Swimming Pools Act 1992.
		Condition Reason: To ensure access to swimming pools is effectively restricted to maintain child safety.
F.	20.	Existing Drainage Easement, Drainage Reserve or Stormwater Drainage System Benefiting Council
		Council drainage easement(s) drainage reserve(s) or stormwater system passes through the site. While site work is being carried out, no building or other structure must be placed over the drainage easement or stormwater system or within the zone of influence taken from the invert of any pipe.
		Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, for structures adjacent to the drainage reserve and/or Council's stormwater drainage system within the site, a chartered professional Structural Engineer shall certify that all footings and structures adjacent to Council's drainage infrastructures and/or drainage reserve have been constructed at least 100mm below the invert of the Council's pipe unless the footings are placed on competent bedrock. All footings for buildings and/or other structures located adjacent to drainage reserve, easements and/or Council drainage pipes shall be constructed outside of Council's easement.
		Certification is to be provided to the Principal Certifier and a copy provided to Council, prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.
		All stormwater drainage systems must be located without causing any damage to the public system. The stormwater drainage system must be protected, and must not be obstructed, removed, disconnected, or rendered inoperable.
		Works such as fences must not obstruct the natural floodway or alter the natural floodway in such a way as to direct or concentrate stormwater on to neighbouring properties.
		An inspection must be carried out by Council's Assets Engineer for the removal of the existing stormwater connection to the Council's pipe line that traverses the site. A completion certificate shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Principal Certifier prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

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	 This condition does not set aside the need to obtain relevant approvals under the Roads Act 1993 or Local Government Act 1993 for works within roads and other public places. Notes: The Local Government Act 1993 provides: "59A Ownership of water supply, sewerage and stormwater drainage works Subject to this Division, a Council is the owner of all works of water supply, sewerage and stormwater drainage installed in or on land by the Council (whether or not the land is owned by the Council). A Council may operate, repair, replace, maintain, remove, extend, expand, connect, disconnect, improve or do any other things that are necessary or appropriate to any of its works to ensure that, in the opinion of the Council, the works are used in an efficient manner for the purposes for which the works were installed."
	Condition Reason: To ensure the development does not adversely impact upon an existing stormwater drainage system or easement.
F. 21.	Site Waste Minimisation and Management – Demolition
	 While site work is being carried out, in order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from demolition activities: a) the provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work, b) an area is to be allocated for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (giving consideration to slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets, vegetation and access and handling requirements), c) separate collection bins and/or areas for the storage of residual waste are to be provided, d) the purpose and content of the bins and/or storage areas are to be clearly 'signposted', e) measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour, health risks and windborne litter are to be implemented, and f) site disturbance must be minimised, and unnecessary excavation limited. When implementing the SWMMP the Applicant must ensure: a) footpaths, public reserves and street gutters are not used as places to store demolition waste or materials of any kind without Council approval, b) any material moved offsite is transported in accordance with the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, c) waste is only transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility, generation, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous waste and special waste (including asbestos) is conducted in accordance with relevant waste legislation administered by the NSW Environment Protection Authority, and relevant occupational health and safety legislation administered by SafeWork NSW, and e) evidence such as weighbridge dockets and invoices for waste disposal of in a land fill. Reuse and recycling opportunities are decreased when asbestos is not carefully removed and segregated from other waste streams. Condition Reason: To maximise resource recovery and minimise residual w
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F. 22.	Site Waste Minimisation and Management – Construction
	 While site work is being carried out, in order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from construction activities: a) the provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work, b) deliveries of materials must be arranged so that materials are delivered 'as needed' to prevent the degradation of materials through weathering and moisture damage, c) consideration must be given to returning excess materials to the supplier or manufacturer, d) an area must be allocated for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (considering slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets and vegetation), e) the purpose and content of the storage areas must be clearly 'signposted', f) contractors must be arranged for the transport, processing and disposal of waste and recycling and all contractors must be aware of the legal requirements for disposing of waste, g) separate collection bins or areas for the storage of residual waste must be promoted, h) measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour and health risks, and windborne litter must be implemented, i) site disturbance must be minimised and unnecessary excavation limited, j) all waste must be transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility, and k) records demonstrating lawful disposal of waste must be retained and kept readily accessible for inspection by regulatory authorities such as Council, the NSW EPA or SafeWork NSW.
- 00	construction activities.
F. 23.	Asbestos Removal
	While site work is being carried out, all asbestos removal work must be carried out safely according to NSW work health and safety legislation.
	 Where hazardous material, including bonded or friable asbestos has been identified in accordance with the conditions in Section B above, and such material must be demolished, disturbed and subsequently removed, all such works must comply with the following criteria: a) Be undertaken by contractors who hold a current SafeWork NSW "demolition
	licence" and a current SafeWork NSW "Class A licence" for friable asbestos removal.b) Be carried out in accordance with the relevant SafeWork NSW codes of practice.
	 c) No asbestos products may be reused on the site. d) No asbestos laden skip or bins must be left in any public place.
	 Notes: Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from SafeWork NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current SafeWork licence. All removal repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:
	 All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with: Work Health and Safety Act 2011, Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017, SafeWork NSW "Code of Practice: How to Safely Remove Asbestos" (2016), and SafeWork NSW "Code of Practice: How to Manage and Control Asbestos in the Workplace" (2016).

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		 For more information go to the SafeWork NSW website on asbestos www.safework.nsw.gov.au/health-and-safety/safety-topics-a-z/asbestos, and <u>www.safework.nsw.gov.au/law-and-policy/legislation-and-codes/codes-of-practice or</u> <u>call 131 050</u>
		Condition Reason: To ensure the safe removal of asbestos and protect the health and safety of persons working on the site and the public.
F. 2	24.	Classification of Hazardous Waste
		While site work is being carried out, and prior to the exportation of hazardous waste (including hazardous fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provision of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and the NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste, 2014.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that where hazardous waste will be removed from a site an asbestos licensed contractor can definitively determine where the waste may be legally taken for disposal.
F. 2	25.	Disposal of Asbestos and Hazardous Waste
		While site work is being carried out, asbestos and hazardous waste, once classified in accordance with the hazardous waste classification condition must only be transported to waste facilities licensed to accept asbestos and appropriate classifications of hazardous waste.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that asbestos and other hazardous waste is disposed of lawfully under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and relevant NSW EPA requirements.
F. 2	26.	Asbestos Removal Signage
		While site work is being carried out and when asbestos is being removed, standard commercially manufactured signs containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" measuring not less than 400mm x 300mm are to be erected in prominent visible positions on the site.
		Condition Reason: To ensure awareness of any hazard to the health and safety of persons working on the site and public.
F. 2	27.	Notification of Asbestos Removal
		While site work is being carried out, in addition to the requirements for licensed asbestos removalists to give written notice to SafeWork NSW, all adjoining properties and those opposite the development site must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted.
		The notification is to identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone and facsimile numbers and email addresses.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that local residents are informed and have adequate contact details for incidents of asbestos removal.

Arborists Documentation and Compliance Checklist
 While site work is being carried out, the project arborist must provide written certification that all tree protection measures and construction techniques relevant to this consent have been implemented. Documentation for each site visit must include: a) a record of the condition of trees to be retained prior to and throughout development, b) recommended actions to improve site conditions and rectification of non-compliance, and c) recommendations for future works which may impact the trees. All compliance certification documents must be kept on site by the site Supervisor. As a minimum the following intervals of site inspections must be made:
Stage of arboricultural Compliance documentation and photos must include inspection and supervision Compliance documentation and photos must include
 While site work is carried out The project arborist must supervise all demolition and excavation works within the Tree Protection Zones or specified distances of nominated trees listed in this consent. The project arborist must ensure pier holes within the Tree Protection Zones or specified distances of nominated trees listed in this consent are positioned to avoid the severance of and damage to roots greater than 50mm diameter. The project arborist must inspect the installed irrigation system to plants in garden beds. The arborist must certify there is an appropriate distribution of water to planted and existing trees. Project Arborist to approve relocation of tree protection for landscaping. All landscaping works within the TPZ of trees to be retained are to be undertaken in consultation with the project Arborist to minimise the impact to trees. Regular inspections as indicated in the Tree Management Plan.
Inspections and compliance documentation must be made by an arborist with AQF Level 5 qualifications.
Additional site visits must be made when required by site arborist and/or site foreman for ongoing monitoring/supervisory work.
Condition Reason: To ensure that all tree protection measures and construction techniques relevant to this consent have been implemented.
Replacement/Supplementary trees which must be planted
While site work is being carried out, any replacement or supplementary tree must be grown in accordance with Tree stock for landscape use (AS 2303). The following replacement tree/s must be planted in deep soil landscaped area and maintained in a healthy and vigorous condition. If the replacement tree is found to be faulty, damaged, dying or dead before it attains a size whereby it becomes a prescribed tree in accordance with Chapter E.3 of Council's Development Control Plan, it must be replaced with another of the same species, which complies with the approved Landscape Plans.
The project arborist must document compliance with the above condition.
Condition Reason: To ensure the provision of appropriate replacement planting.

F. 30.	Hand exca	vation within tree roo	ot zones	
	existing foot	tings and approved ex	ut, demolition of undergroun ccavation undertaken within nust be carried out by hand.	
	Council Ref No	Species	Location	Radius from centre of trunk (metres)
	2	Glochidium ferdinandii	Rear Yard – southern boundary	4.9m
	be used. Ro damaged ur Mechanical the hand ex covered with from drying All root prun "Pruning of	oots with a diameter en nless approved in writ excavation is permitte cavated perimeter line h mulch or a geotextile out. hing must be undertak Amenity Trees" and c	as or using compressed air of qual to or in excess of 50mn ing and documented by the ed beyond this radius when the e is completed. Exposed roo e fabric and kept in a moist of the in accordance with the A arried out by a qualified Arbo- ration Framework Level 5 or	n must not be severed or project arborist. root pruning by hand along ts to be retained must be condition and prevented ustralian Standard 4373 prist (minimum
	The project	arborist must docume	ent compliance with the abov	e condition.
		Reason: To ensure den the health of existing	emolition and excavation wo trees.	rks would not adversely
F. 31.	Installation	of stormwater pipes	s and pits in the vicinity of	trees
		nin the specified radiu	ut, excavation for the installa s from the trunks of the follo	
	Council Ref No	Species	Location	Radius from centre of trunk (metres)
	2	Glochidium ferdinandii	Rear Yard – southern boundary	4.9m
	stormwater excavated to bridging acr roots equal The project Condition F	pipes and pits must n rench. Pipes must be oss excavated trench to or greater then 50n arborist must docume	a 50mm diameter uncovered ot be severed and remain in guided under any roots equ es. Stormwater pits must be nm diameter are severed. ent compliance with the above the installation of the stormwater of existing trees.	situ bridging across the al to or greater than 50mm positioned so that no ve condition.

G. BEFORE ISSUE OF AN OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

G. 1.	Occupation Certificate (section 6.9 of the Act)
	A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 6.10 of the Act) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.
	Notes:
	New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.
	Condition Reason: To ensure the building is suitable to occupy.
G. 2.	Amenity Landscaping
	Before the issue of any occupation certificate, all approved amenity landscaping (screen planting, soil stabilisation planting, etc.) and replacement/supplementary tree planting must be installed in accordance with the approved plans and documents and any relevant conditions of consent.
	Condition Reason: To ensure that the environmental impacts of the development are mitigated by approved landscaping prior to the occupation of the development.
G. 3.	Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works
	Before the issue of any occupation certificate, works-as-executed (WAE) plans prepared by a registered surveyor, compliance certificates, and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A5G1 of the BCA confirming that the works, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the Act, the Regulations, any relevant construction certificate, the BCA and relevant Australian Standards must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier.
	 Works-as-executed plans, compliance certificates, and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A5G1 of the BCA must include, but may not be limited to: a) Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical/Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work. b) All flood protection measures. c) All garage/car park/basement car park, driveways and access ramps comply with
	 Australian Standard AS 2890.1: Off-Street car parking. All stormwater drainage and storage systems. All mechanical ventilation systems. All hydraulic systems. All structural work. All acoustic attenuation work.
	 i) All waterproofing. j) Such further matters as the Principal Certifier may require.
	 Notes: The PC may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the Act, Regulation, development standards, BCA, and relevant Australia Standards. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services). The PC must submit to Council, with any occupation certificate, copies of WAE plans, compliance certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A5G1 of the BCA upon which the PC has relied in issuing any occupation certificate.

		Condition Reason: To ensure that systems and works as completed meet development standards as defined by the Act, comply with the BCA, and this consent, and to ensure a public record of works as executed is maintained.
G.	4.	Commissioning and Certification of Public Infrastructure Works
		Before the issue of any occupation certificate, certification from a professional engineer that all public infrastructure works have been executed in compliance with this consent and with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works (2012) must be submitted to the satisfaction of Council, and the Principal Certifier must be provided with correspondence from Council to this effect. The certification must be supported by closed circuit television / video inspection provided on DVD of all stormwater drainage together with works-as-executed engineering plans and a survey report detailing all finished reduced levels.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that any road, drainage, or miscellaneous works have been completed in accordance with Council's specifications to the satisfaction of Council.
G.	5.	Swimming and Spa Pools – Permanent Child Resistant Barriers and other Matters
		 Before the issue of any occupation certificate, and prior to filling any swimming pool, as defined by the Swimming Pools Act 1992: a) Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and the Building Code of Australia. b) The swimming pool must be registered in accordance with section 30B of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 on the NSW Government Swimming Pool Register. c) The Principal Contractor or Owner must either obtain a certificate of compliance issued under section 22D of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or an appropriate occupation certificate authorising use of the swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines in force at that time and private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable. e) Water recirculation and filtration systems must be installed in compliance with AS 1926.3: Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation systems. Backwash must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with AS/NZS 3500. Water recirculation and filtration systems must be connected to the electricity supply by a timer that limits the systems operation such that it does not operate before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.
		NSW Health guidelines and fact sheets are available at <u>www.health.nsw.gov.au</u>
		Condition Reason: To ensure that the swimming pool maintains public safety and to manage the amenity impacts of swimming pools.
G.	6.	Swimming Pool Fencing
		Before the issue of any occupation certificate, swimming pool fencing is to be constructed in accordance with AS1926: Australian Standard Swimming Pool Safety Part 1 – Safety Barriers for Swimming Pools.
L		

		Notes:
		 Pools commenced or completed after May 2013 must meet the BCA and AS1926.
		Condition Reason: To ensure swimming pool safety.
G.	7.	Certification of Electric Vehicle Charging System
		Before the issue of any occupation certificate, certification by a suitably qualified person that the electric vehicle charger points and/or electric vehicle circuitry, has been installed in accordance with the construction certificate plans and specifications as required by Condition D.21 must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier.
		Condition Reason: To ensure the certification of the electric vehicle charging system.
G.	8.	Fulfilment of BASIX Commitments – Clause 44 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation
		Before the issue of any occupation certificate, all BASIX commitments must be effected in accordance with the BASIX certificate No. 1422104S_03. Notes:
		 Clause 44 of the Development Certification and Fire Safety Regulation applies to an occupation certificate if a relevant BASIX certificate requires a certifier to monitor fulfilment of a commitment listed in the certificate in relation to a building. The certifier must not issue an occupation certificate for the building unless the commitment has been fulfilled.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that sustainable building commitments, to reduce water and energy consumption, are fulfilled prior to the occupation.
G.	9.	Landscaping
		Before the issue of any occupation certificate, the Principal Certifier and Council must be provided with a works-as-executed landscape plan and certification from a qualified landscape architect/designer, horticulturist and/or arborist as applicable to the effect that the landscaping and replacement/supplementary tree planting works comply with this consent.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that all landscaping work is completed prior to occupation.
G.	10.	Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures
		 Before the issue of any occupation certificate for the whole of the building, The following articles must be removed from the land and any adjoining public place: a) the site sign, b) ablutions, c) hoarding, d) scaffolding, and e) waste materials, matter, article or thing.
		Condition Reason: To ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to occupation.

G.	11.	Works within Public Land (including Council, State or Federal owned land or
		property)
		Before the issue of any occupation certificate, the following works within public land, whether new/existing/renewed must be completed to the satisfaction of Council, in
		compliance with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous
		Works (2012) unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the person
		with the benefit of this consents expense:
		a) stormwater pipes, pits, structures and connections to public stormwater systems
		within the road,
		b) driveways and vehicular crossings,
		c) renew/new retaining structures,
		d) overhang structures,
		e) encroachments or occupation or alienation of public land or property,
		f) removal of redundant driveways and any other structure,
		g) new footpaths, pathways, walkways, or dunny lanes,
		h) relocation of existing power/light pole, if applicable,
		i) relocation/provision of street signs, if applicable,
		j) new or replacement street trees, if applicable,
		k) verge landscape items, where a grass verge exists, the balance of the area
		between the footpath and the kerb or site boundary over the full frontage of the
		proposed development must be turfed. The grass verge must be constructed to
		contain a uniform minimum 75mm of friable growing medium and have a total
		cover of turf predominant within the street,
		 new or reinstated kerb and guttering within the road, and new or reinstated road surface pavement within the road.
		ing new of reinstated road surface pavement within the road.
		Notes:
		• When determining whether the works within public land are satisfactory, Council will consider
		the ownership, construction quality, maintenance, operations, and public utility of such item/s.
		• Security held by Council under section 4.17(6) of the Act will not be released until compliance
		has been achieved with this condition. An application for the refund of security must be submitted with the occupation certificate to Council.
		This form can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or obtained
		from Council's customer service centre.
		Condition Reason: To ensure road, drainage and miscellaneous works are completed
		to the satisfaction of Council prior to occupation.
G.	12.	Dilapidation Report for Public Infrastructure Works
		Before the issue of an occupation certificate for the whole of the building, a follow up
		dilapidation report, prepared by a chartered professional engineer, on Council's
		infrastructure within and near the development site upon completion of the work must
		be submitted to Council.
		The dilegidetion report must include:
		The dilapidation report must include:
		a) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) and report of the existing
		underground drainage system adjoining the site,
		b) photographs showing any existing damage of the open stormwater channel
		adjoining the site,
		c) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site,
		d) photographs showing any existing damage to the kerb and gutter fronting the site,
		e) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath
		pavement fronting the site,

 f) photographs showing any existing damage to retaining walls within the footway or road, g) photographs showing any existing damage to street signs, heritage name plates, 	١r
g) photographs showing any existing damage to street signs, heritage name plates,	Л
	,
and historical items,h) the full name and signature of the Chartered Professional Engineer.	
The reports are to be supplied in both paper copy and electronic format in PDF. Photographs are to be in colour, digital and date stamped.	
Before the issue of an occupation certificate for the whole building, written correspondence must be obtained from Council attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied, and be provided to the Principal Certifier.	
 Notes: If the dilapidation report required by this condition is not provided and damage is occasioned to public assets adjoining the site Council will deduct from security any costs associated wir remedying, repairing or replacing damaged public infrastructure. Nothing in this condition prevents Council making any claim against security held for this purpose. 	
Condition Reason: To ensure that any damage to public infrastructure is identified a rectified prior to the occupation of the whole building.	nd
G. 13. Covenant for Private Works on Council Property	
Before the issue of an occupation certificate for the whole of the building, a Positive Covenant, under section 88E of the Conveyancing Act 1919, must be created on the title of the subject property, providing for the insurance and indemnification of Council from any claims or actions, and the on-going maintenance of any private structures of or over Council property for which consent has been given, such as steps, retaining walls, access ways, overhang, balconies, awnings, signs and the like.	
The wording of the Instrument must be in accordance with Council's Positive Covena Template t and the Instrument must be registered with the NSW Land Registry Servic prior to the issuance of any occupation certificate.	
 Notes: The property owner must reimburse all Council's expenses incurred in the drafting, negotiation and registration of the Positive Covenant. The required wording of the Instrument can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au. The PC must supply a copy of the Works As Executed plans to Council together with the occupation certificate. The occupation certificate for the whole of the building must not be issued until this condition has been satisfied. 	
Condition Reason: To ensure Council is indemnified from any claims, actions, or the on-going maintenance of private structures on or over Council property prior to the occupation of the whole building.	ý
G. 14. Works-As-Executed Certification of Stormwater Systems	
Before the issue of an occupation certificate for the whole of the building, and on the completion of construction work, stormwater drainage works are to be certified by a professional engineer with works-as-executed drawings supplied to the Principal Certifier detailing:	

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		t system has been constructed in accordance with the the water quality targets stipulated in the Council's
	 c) that all below ground struct seepage water is NOT colle 	ures are fully tanked such that subsoil drainage/ ected and discharged into the kerb and gutter in
	accordance with the approvd) pipe invert levels and surface	ce levels to Australian Height Datum, and
		ction in which water will flow over land should the
	capacity of the pit be excee	eded in a storm event exceeding design limits.
	Notes:	
		e whole of the building must not be issued until this condition
	has been satisfied.	
	has been satisfied.	
	Condition Reason: To ensure t	the certification and ongoing maintenance of the
	stormwater system prior to the c	
		coupation of the whole building.
G. 15.		Compliance Checklist – Prior to any occupation
	certificate	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ion certificate, the project arborist must provide written
		on measures and construction techniques relevant to
		ented. Documentation for each site visit must include:
	a) A record of the condition of the	rees to be retained prior to and throughout development.
	b) Recommended actions to im	prove site conditions and rectification of non-
	compliance.	
	c) Recommendations for future	works which may impact the trees.
	All compliance certification docu	ments must be kept on site by the site Supervisor.
	•	
	As a minimum the following inte	rvals of site inspections must be made:
	Stage of arboricultural	Compliance documentation and photos must
	inspection and supervision	include
	Prior to the issue of any	Ensure all trees conditioned to be planted as part of
	occupation certificate	this consent have been planted in accordance with the
		details prescribed in this consent.
	•	cumentation must be made by an arborist with AQF
	Level 5 qualifications.	
		de when required by site arborist and/or site foreman
	for ongoing monitoring/supervise	ory work.
	Condition Reason: To ensure t	that all tree protection measures and construction
	techniques relevant to this conse	ent are implemented.
G. 16.	Arborists Documentation and	Compliance Checklist – Prior to an occupation
	certificate for the whole buildi	
		J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J
	Before the issue of any occupation	ion certificate for the whole of the building, the project
		rtification that all tree protection measures and
		t to this consent have been implemented.
	•	•
	Documentation for each site visi	
	a) A record of the condition of	trace to be retained prior to and throughout
		trees to be retained prior to and throughout
	development.	

Recommended actions to improve site conditions and rectification of nonb) compliance. Recommendations for future works which may impact the trees. C) All compliance certification documents must be kept on site. As a minimum the following intervals of site inspections must be made: Stage of arboricultural Compliance documentation and photos must include inspection and supervision Before the issue of any The project arborist must supervise the dismantling of tree occupation certificate for protection measures the whole of the building • After all demolition, construction and landscaping works are complete the project Arborist must assess that the subject trees have been retained in the same condition and vigour. If changes to condition are identified the project Arborist must provide recommendations for remediation. Inspections and compliance documentation must be made by an arborist with AQF Level 5 qualifications. Additional site visits must be made when required by site arborist and/or site foreman

for ongoing monitoring/supervisory work.

Condition Reason: To ensure that all tree protection measures and construction techniques relevant to this consent are implemented.

Н. **OCCUPATION AND ONGOING USE**

Н.	1.	Maintenance of BASIX Commitments
		During the occupation and ongoing use, all BASIX commitments must be maintained in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No. 1422104S_03.
		This condition affects successors in title with the intent that environmental sustainability measures must be maintained for the life of development under this consent.
		Condition Reason: To ensure the approved environmental sustainability measures are maintained for the life of development.
Н.	2.	Maintenance of Landscaping
		During the occupation and ongoing use, all landscaping must be maintained in general accordance with this consent.
		This condition does not prohibit the planting of additional trees or shrubs subject that they are native species endemic to the immediate locality.
		Notes:
		 This condition also acknowledges that development consent is not required to plant vegetation and that over time additional vegetation may be planted to replace vegetation or enhance the amenity of the locality.
		Owners must have regard to the amenity impact of trees upon the site and neighbouring land. Further, drought proof vegetation being native species endemic to the immediate locality is encouraged. Suggested native species endemic to the immediate locality are listed in the brochure "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by Woollahra, Waverley, Randwick and Botany Bay Councils.

	Condition Reason: To ensure that the landscaping design intent is not eroded over time by the removal of landscaping or inappropriate exotic planting.
H. 3.	Swimming and Spa Pools – Maintenance
	 During the occupation and ongoing use, swimming and spa pools must be maintained: a) in compliance with the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and the Building Code of Australia with regard to the provision of child-resistant barriers and resuscitation signs,
	 b) in compliance with the NSW Health "Public Swimming Pools and Spa Pools Advisory Document" in force at that time. Private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable,
	 c) in compliance with AS 1926 Swimming pool safety - Water recirculation and filtration systems,
	 d) with backwash being discharged to the sewer in compliance with AS/NZS 3500, and
	 e) with a timer that limits the recirculation and filtration systems operation such that it does not emit noise that can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises (regardless of whether any door or window to that room is open):
	 before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.
	 Notes: Child-resistant barriers, resuscitation signs, recirculation and filtration systems and controls systems require regular maintenance to ensure that life safety, health and amenity standards are maintained. The NSW Health public swimming pools and spa pools guidelines are available at www.health.nsw.gov.au
	Condition Reason: To ensure public health and safety.
H. 4.	Outdoor Lighting – Residential
	During the occupation and ongoing use, outdoor lighting must comply with AS/NZS 4282: Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminare and threshold limits must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under tables in AS/NZS 4282.
	Condition Reason: To protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.
H. 5.	Outdoor Lighting – Roof Terraces
	During the occupation and ongoing use, outdoor lighting must comply with AS/NZS 4282: Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminare and threshold limits must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under tables in AS/NZS 4282.
	All lighting to be installed on the roof terrace will be recessed lights or will be surface wall/balustrade mounted lights at a maximum height of 600mm above the finished floor level of the roof terrace.
	 Notes: Council may consider, subject to an appropriate Section 4.55 Application, relaxation of this condition where it can be demonstrated, by expert report, that the level of lighting in the existing area already exceeds the above criteria, where physical shielding is present or physical shielding is reasonably possible.

Du ap DC Th no Th wit wit No Fo Wo	Paste Management – Residential uring the occupation and ongoing use, waste management must comply with the oproved site waste minimisation and management plan (SWMMP) and with Woollahra CP 2015, Chapter E5–Waste Management. ne waste and recycling bins/crates must be placed on the footpath for collection, but of earlier than 12 hours prior to the designated collection time. ne occupier of the site must remove waste and recycling bins/crates from the footpath for thin 12 hours of being emptied by Council's waste service and they must be stored ithin the site in the approved waste storage area. o commercial waste must be placed within residential waste and recycling bins/crates. or further residential wastes management policy information go to www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au ondition Reason: To ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and 'oollahra DCP are complied with during the ongoing operations of the development.
ap DC Th no Th wit wit No For Wo Co Wo	oproved site waste minimisation and management plan (SWMMP) and with Woollahra CP 2015, Chapter E5–Waste Management. The waste and recycling bins/crates must be placed on the footpath for collection, but of earlier than 12 hours prior to the designated collection time. The occupier of the site must remove waste and recycling bins/crates from the footpath ithin 12 hours of being emptied by Council's waste service and they must be stored ithin the site in the approved waste storage area. The occupier of waste must be placed within residential waste and recycling bins/crates. The occupier of the site must remove waste storage area. The occupier of being emptied by Council's waste service and they must be stored waste storage area. The occupier of the approved wastes management policy information go to www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au The ordition Reason: To ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and
no Th wit wit No Foi WW	ot earlier than 12 hours prior to the designated collection time. The occupier of the site must remove waste and recycling bins/crates from the footpath ithin 12 hours of being emptied by Council's waste service and they must be stored ithin the site in the approved waste storage area. To commercial waste must be placed within residential waste and recycling bins/crates. otes: or further residential wastes management policy information go to www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au ondition Reason: To ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and
wit wit No Foi Wo	 atthin 12 hours of being emptied by Council's waste service and they must be stored in the site in the approved waste storage area. b) commercial waste must be placed within residential waste and recycling bins/crates. b) contes: b) or further residential wastes management policy information go to www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au c) condition Reason: To ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and
No Foi WW Co	otes: or further residential wastes management policy information go to ww.woollahra.nsw.gov.au ondition Reason: To ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and
For ww Co Wo	or further residential wastes management policy information go to ww.woollahra.nsw.gov.au ondition Reason: To ensure that the provisions of the approved SWMMP and
Wa	
H. 7. No	
	oise from Mechanical Plant and Equipment
the exe the	uring the occupation and ongoing use, the noise level measured at any boundary of e site at any time while the mechanical plant and equipment is operating must not ceed the background noise level. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within e site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title nd and must not exceed background noise level at any time.
ex as	ne background noise level is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, ccluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For sessment purposes the background noise level is the LA90, 15 minute level easured by a sound level meter.
	btes: Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the Noise Policy for Industry (2017) www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/noise/industrial-noise/noise-policy-for- industry-(2017) and Noise Guide for Local Government (2013) www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/noise/regulating-noise/noise-guide-local- government
Co	ondition Reason: To protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

SUBDIVISION WORK

I. BEFORE ISSUE OF A SUBDIVISION WORKS CERTIFICATE

Nil

J. BEFORE SUBDIVISION WORK COMMENCES

Nil

K. BEFORE ISSUE OF A SUBDIVISION CERTIFICATE

Nil

LAND SUBDIVISION

L. BEFORE ISSUE OF A SUBDIVISION CERTIFICATE

Nil

STRATA SUBDIVISION

M. BEFORE ISSUE OF A STRATA CERTIFICATE

Nil

Note: In accordance with the Woollahra Local Planning Panel Operational Procedures the votes are recorded on this planning matter.

For the Motion

Against the Motion

Penelope Holloway Glennys James Larissa Ozog Ronald Schaffer

4/0

ITEM No.	D4
FILE No.	DA510/2019/4
ADDRESS	16 Olphert Avenue, Vaucluse
PROPOSED	Modifications to the approved alterations and additions, including the
MODIFICATION	addition of a lift, extensions to the basement and alfresco and
	modifications to the swimming pool

- **Note:** Late correspondence was tabled by Brett Daintry and Campbell Taylor.
- **Note:** Campbell Taylor and Brett Daintry on behalf of 18 Olphert Avenue, Vaucluse, Objectors and Misha di Moyer, Applicant addressed the Panel.

Reasons for Decision

The Panel has undertaken a site inspection, considered any submissions and late correspondence and reviewed the assessment report prepared by Council officers that addresses the relevant matters detailed in Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The Panel noted that the modification application does not include any proposed modification to the pool fencing as previously approved and conditioned. The Panel sought further clarification from the applicant as to whether this application involves any works to pool fencing and also the rationale as to why the architectural drawings in the modification application were amended. The applicant confirmed that the modification application did not seek any change to the pool fencing and stated that the previously imposed condition C.1(g) would be maintained. As such, the Panel did not consider that any further assessment of this issue was necessary.

For the reasons generally in the assessment report, the Panel is satisfied that the application be modified.

Resolved: Pursuant to Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

That the Woollahra Local Planning Panel, exercising the functions of Council as the consent authority, modify the development consent to Development Application No. 510/2019 for alterations and additions to an existing dwelling house, new swimming pool and cabana on land at 16 Olphert Avenue Vaucluse in the following terms:

Modification Summary

DA Application Number (PAN Number)	Determination Date	Modification Description
DA510/2019/3 PAN 263993	07/09/2023	Addition of A.6. B.4, B.5 and B.6 Amendment of Conditions C.1, C.3, H.1 and I.1
DA510/2019/4 PAN 438759	15/08/2024	Addition of A.7 Amendment of Conditions C.3, H.1 and I.1

A. General Conditions

A.1 Conditions

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 4.16 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* ("the *Act*") and the provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* ("the *Regulation*") such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 4.15 of the *Act*.

Standard Condition: A1 (Autotext AA1)

A.2 Definitions

Unless specified otherwise, words have the same meaning as defined by the *Act*, the *Regulation* and the *Interpretation Act 1987* as in force at the date of consent.

Applicant means the applicant for this consent.

Approved Plans mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.

AS or **AS/NZS** means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.

BCA means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes Board as in force at the date of issue of any Construction Certificate.

Council means Woollahra Municipal Council

Court means the Land and Environment Court

Local native plants means species of native plant endemic to Sydney's eastern suburbs (see the brochure titled "Local Native Plants for Sydney's Eastern Suburbs" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils).

Stormwater drainage system means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:

- the collection of stormwater,
- the retention of stormwater,
- the reuse of stormwater,
- the detention of stormwater,

- the controlled release of stormwater; and
- connections to easements and public stormwater systems.

Owner means the owner of the site and successors in title to the site.

Owner-builder has the same meaning as in the Home Building Act 1989.

PC means the Principal Certifier under the Act.

Principal Contractor has the same meaning as in the *Act*, or where a Principal Contractor has not been appointed by the Owner of the land being developed Principal Contractor means the Owner of the land being developed.

Professional engineer has the same meaning as in the BCA.

Public place has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993.

Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.

SEE means the final version of the Statement of Environmental Effects lodged by the Applicant.

Site means the land being developed subject to this consent.

Woollahra LEP means Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014

Woollahra DCP means Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015

Work for the purposes of this consent means:

- the use of land in connection with development,
- the subdivision of land,
- the erection of a building,
- the carrying out of any work,
- the use of any site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the storage of waste, materials, site crane, machine, article, material, or thing,
- the demolition of a building,
- the piling, piering, cutting, boring, drilling, rock breaking, rock sawing or excavation of land,
- the delivery to or removal from the *site* of any machine, article, material, or thing, or
- the occupation of the *site* by any person unless authorised by an occupation certificate.

Note: Interpretation of conditions - Where there is any need to obtain an interpretation of the intent of any condition this must be done in writing to Council and confirmed in writing by Council. Standard Condition: A2 (Autotext AA2)

A.3 Approved Plans and Supporting Documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with both the architectural plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant unless modified by any following condition.

Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
DA101 (Rev C)	Site Plan	De Moyer Architecture	31/07/2020
DA204 (Rev C)	Proposed Roof Plan		31/07/2020
DA204 (Rev C)	Proposed Living Level		31/07/2020
DA206 (Rev C)	Proposed Bedrooms Level		31/07/2020
DA207(Rev C)	Proposed Pool Level		31/07/2020
DA208 (Rev D)	Pool Details		31/07/2020
DA300 (Rev A)	South Elevation		18/12/2020
DA301 (Rev B)	North Elevation		31/07/2020
DA302 (Rev C)	East Elevation		31/07/2020
DA303 (Rev C)	West Elevation		31/07/2020
DA304 (Rev C)	Boundary Fencing Elevations		31/07/2020
DA400 (Rev C)	Section A		31/07/2020
DA401 (Rev B)	Section B		30/01/2020
DA402 (Rev C)	Section C		31/07/2020
DA501 (Rev A)	External Finishes Schedule		18/12/2019
DA700 (Rev B)	Driveway Details		31/07/2020
DA701 (Rev B)	Waste Management Plan		31/07/2020
A362284_02	BASIX Certificate	NSW Department of	28/10/2019
		Planning and	
		Infrastructure	
	Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan	De Moyer Architecture	18/12/2019
Job No. 2018H0239, Revision P3	Stormwater Management Plan	Partridge	03/08/2020
32254SCrptrev4	Geotechnical Investigation Report	JK Geotechnics	07/05/2020
2810-GR-1-1	Geotechnical Advice - Stabilisation or Replacement of Damaged Retaining Wall	Alliance Geotechnical	02/03/2017
32254SClet	Geotechnical Advice	JK Geotechnics	04/08/2020

Note: Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the Applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.) Standard Condition: A5 (Autotext AA5)

A.4 Ancillary Aspects of Development (section 4.17(2) of the Act)

The Owner must procure the repair, replacement or rebuilding of all road pavement, kerb, gutter, footway, footpaths adjoining the site or damaged as a result of work under this consent or as a consequence of work under this consent. Such work must be undertaken to Council's satisfaction in accordance with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012) unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the Owner's expense.

Note: This condition does not affect the Principal Contractor's or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs. Standard Condition: A8 (Autotext AA8)

A.5 No Underpinning works (Special Condition)

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to any works outside the boundaries of the subject site including any underpinning works to any structures on adjoining properties.

A.6 Approved Amended (section 4.55) Plans and Supporting Documents

Those acting upon or under this amended consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the approved plans and supporting documents listed in the original consent, as amended by the amended architectural approved plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents as submitted by the Applicant listed below otherwise than modified by further condition(s).

Where the plans relate to amendments, alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
Dwg 101 Rev. A Dwg 204 Rev. A Dwg 205 Rev. A Dwg 206 Rev. A Dwg 207 Rev. A Dwg 208 Rev. A Dwg 300 Rev. A Dwg 301 Rev. A Dwg 302 Rev. A Dwg 303 Rev. A Dwg 304 Rev. A Dwg 400 Rev. A Dwg 401 Rev. A Dwg 402 Rev. A	Site Plan Proposed Roof Plan Proposed Living Level Proposed Bedrooms Level Proposed Pool Level Pool Details South Elevation North Elevation East Elevation West Elevation Boundary Fencing Section A Section B Section C	De Moyer Architecture	01/09/2022
Dwg 01 Issue 4.55 Dwg 02 Issue 4.55 Dwg 03 Issue 4.55 Dwg 04 Issue 4.55 Dwg 05 Issue 4.55	Landscape schedule Roof level landscape Living level landscape Bedroom level landscape Garden level landscape	Dangar Sarin Smith Landscape & De Moyer Architecture	04/11/2022
A288412	BASIX Certificate	NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Infrastructure prepared by De Moyer Architecture	01/09/2022

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions modifying the development imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)

(Added on 07/09/2023 under DA510/2019/3 (PAN 263993))

A.7 Approved Amended (section 4.55) Plans and Supporting Documents

Those acting upon or under this amended consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the approved plans and supporting documents listed in the original consent, as amended by the amended architectural approved plans to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved" and supporting documents as submitted by the Applicant listed below otherwise than modified by further condition(s).

Only the modifications documented via clouding are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
Dwg 101 Rev. 00	Site Plan	De Moyer Architecture	22/05/2024
Dwg 204 Rev. 00	Proposed Roof Plan		22/05/2024
Dwg 205 Rev. 00	Proposed Living Level		22/05/2024
Dwg 206 Rev. 01	Proposed Bedrooms Level		17/07/2024
Dwg 207 Rev. 02	Proposed Basement/Pool Level		17/07/2024
Dwg 208 Rev. 02	Pool Details		25/07/2024
Dwg 300 Rev. 00	South Elevation		22/05/2024
Dwg 301 Rev. 00	North Elevation		22/05/2024
Dwg 302 Rev. 00	East Elevation		22/05/2024
Dwg 303 Rev. 00	West Elevation		22/05/2024
Dwg 400 Rev. 00	Section A		22/05/2024
Dwg 401 Rev. 00	Section B		22/05/2024
Dwg 402 Rev. 00	Section C		22/05/2024

Note: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions modifying the development imposed under section 4.17(1)(g) of the *Act* (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)

(Added on 15/08/2024 under DA510/2019/4 (PAN 438759))

B. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied Prior to the Demolition of Any Building or Construction

B.1 Construction Certificate Required Prior to Any Demolition

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 6.6 of the *Act*.

In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a Principal Certifier, and Notice of Commencement under the *Act*.

Note: See Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc [2001] NSWLEC 125. Standard Condition: B1 (Autotext BB1)

B.2 Identification of Hazardous Material

In accordance with Australian Standard AS2601: *The Demolition of Structures*, the Owner shall identify all hazardous substances located on the site including asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), lead paint, underground storage tanks, chemicals, etc. per Clause 1.6.1 of the Standard.

In this regard, **prior to the commencement of any work**, Council shall be provided with a written report prepared by a suitably qualified competent person detailing:

- all hazardous materials identified on the site,
- the specific location of all hazardous materials identified,
- whether the hazardous materials are to be removed from the site as part of the works to be undertaken, and
- safety measures to be put in place.

Note: This condition is imposed to protect the health and safety of all persons while works are being undertaken and to ensure all safety measures have been identified and are in place to protect all parties in the immediate vicinity of the site. Standard Condition: B6

B.3 Public Road Assets Prior to Any Work/Demolition

To clarify the condition of the existing public infrastructure prior to the commencement of any development (including prior to any demolition), the Applicant or Owner must submit to Council a full record of the condition of the public road infrastructure adjacent to the development site.

The report must be submitted to Council **prior to the commencement of any work** and include photographs showing current condition and any existing damage fronting and adjoining the site to the:

- road pavement,
- kerb and gutter,
- footway including footpath pavement and driveways,
- retaining walls within the footway or road, and
- drainage structures/pits.

The reports are to be supplied in both paper copy and electronic format in Word. Photographs are to be in colour, digital and date stamped.

If the required report is not submitted then Council will assume there was no damage to any infrastructure in the immediate vicinity of the site prior to the commencement of any work under this consent.

Note: If the Applicant or Owner fails to submit the asset condition report required by this condition and damage is occasioned to public assets adjoining the site, Council will deduct from security any costs associated with remedying, repairing or replacing damaged public infrastructure. Nothing in this condition prevents Council making any claim against security held for this purpose Standard Condition: B7

B.4 Archaeological Features – Unexpected Findings

If unexpected archaeological features are discovered during the works covered by this approval, work must cease immediately in the affected area(s) and the Department of Premier and Cabinet, Community Engagement, Heritage must be notified. Additional assessment and approval pursuant to the Heritage Act 1977 may be required prior to works continuing in the affected area(s) based on the nature of the discovery.

Note: Definition of archaeological feature as per the NSW Heritage Manual: Any physical evidence of past human activity. Archaeological features include buildings, works, relics, structures, foundations, deposits, cultural landscapes and shipwrecks. During an archaeological excavation the term 'feature' may be used in a specific sense to refer to any item that is not a structure, a layer or an artefact (for example, a post hole). Standard Condition: B8

(Added on 07/09/2023 under DA510/2019/3 (PAN 263993))

B.5 Skeletal Remains

If any skeletal remains suspected of being human are found during construction works, work must cease immediately and no further disturbance of the site must occur. The NSW Police and the Department of Premier and Cabinet, Community Engagement, Heritage must be notified and details of the remains and their precise location are to be provided. Standard Condition: B9

(Added on 07/09/2023 under DA510/2019/3 (PAN 263993))

B.6 Aboriginal Objects – Unexpected Findings

If unexpected Aboriginal objects or bones are found during any activity associated with this consent, you must:

- a) Not further disturb or move these objects or bones.
- b) Immediately cease all work at the particular location.
- c) In the case of suspected human remains, notify NSW Police.
- d) Notify the Heritage NSW Environment Line on 131 555 and the La Perouse LALC on (02) 9311 4282 as soon as practicable and provide available details of the objects or remains and their location.
- e) Not recommence any work at the particular location unless authorised in writing by Heritage NSW. Additional assessment and approval pursuant to the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* may be required prior to works continuing in the affected area(s) based on the nature of the discovery.
- **Note**: The Definition of Aboriginal object as per the Woollahra Local Environmental Plan 2014: any deposit, object or other material evidence (not being a handicraft made for sale) relating to the Aboriginal habitation of an area of New South Wales, being habitation before or concurrent with (or both) the occupation of that area by persons of non-Aboriginal extraction, and includes Aboriginal remains.

(Added on 07/09/2023 under DA510/2019/3 (PAN 263993))

C. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied Prior to the Issue of Any Construction Certificate

C.1 Modification of Details of the Development (section 4.17(1)(g) of the Act)

The approved plans and the Construction Certificate plans and specification, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail the following amendments:

- a) Construction of a full width vehicular crossing having a width of 4.7m at property boundary and perpendicular to the road carriageway in accordance with Council's standard driveway drawing RF2-D. Note: Council's road reserve fronting the boat and bicycle storage area within the site shall not be utilised for any type of access to this storage area. As such, there shall be no direct access gate to this area fronting Council's road reserve.
- b) Deleted.
- c) To ensure a satisfactory streetscape outcome, the wall/front fence to Olphert Avenue (western end) must maintain the height as existing to a maximum RL of 63.150 to AHD.
- d) In order to minimise the visual impact of the solar energy system, the solar energy panels must be in line with the roof surface and no more than 300mm above and parallel with the roof surface, and must not involve mirrors or lenses to reflect or concentrate sunlight.
- e) In order to minimise the bulk of the cabana as viewed from the adjoining property, the height of the proposed cabana (inclusive of the green roof) must not exceed a height of RL 56.800 to AHD.
- f) In order to ensure that views are not unreasonably compromised by landscaping in accordance with Part B3.5.3 of the Woollahra DCP 2015, the approved Landscape Plans are to be modified as follows:
 - i) To ensure a satisfactory view sharing outcome, the 8 x Syzygium resilience must be replaced with another Lilly Pilly variety that attains a maximum mature height not exceeding 3.5m (RL57.500AHD) from the finished ground level (RL54.000AHD).

- ii) To ensure a satisfactory view sharing outcome, the 1 x Magnolia grandiflora adjacent to the eastern side boundary fence must be replaced with a species that attains a maximum mature height not exceeding 1.9m from finished ground level.
- iii) To ensure a satisfactory view sharing outcome, the 21 x Viburnum emerald lustre adjacent to the northern (rear) boundary fence must be replaced with a species that attains a maximum mature height not exceeding 1.9m from finished ground level.
- iv) To ensure a satisfactory streetscape and view sharing outcome the proposed 12 x Raphiolepsis Indica located within the planter associated with the roof terrace level must be replaced with a ground cover species that does not exceed the height of the balustrade (RL 66.350 to AHD).
- g) All 1.8m high boundary pool fencing is to be palisade open fencing to facilitate view sharing.

(Amended on 07/09/2023 under DA510/2019/3 (PAN 263993))

C.2 Payment of Long Service Levy, Security, Contributions and Fees

The Certifying Authority must not issue any certificates under section 6.4 of the *Act* until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, Subdivision Certificate or Occupation Certificate, as will apply.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code
LONG SERVICE LEVY under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986			
Long Service Levy www.longservice.nsw.gov.au/bci/levy/other- information/levy-calculator	Contact LSL Corporation or use online calculator	No	
SECURITY under section 4.17(6) of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i>			
Property Damage Security Deposit -making good any damage caused to any property of the Council	\$83,525	No	T115
Infrastructure Works Bond -completing any public work required in connection with the consent.	\$52,000	No	T113
DEVELOPMENT LEVY under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011 This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded at www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au			
Development Levy (section 7.12)	\$33,642.09 + Index Amount	Yes, quarterly	T96
INSPECTION FEES under section 608 of the <i>Local Government Act</i> 1993			
Public Road/Footpath Infrastructure Inspection Fee	\$480	No	
Security Administration Fee	\$194	No	T16
TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS, LEVIES AND FEES	\$169,841.09 plus any relevant indexed amounts and long service levy		

Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment

The long service levy under section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act 1986*, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate. The levy can be paid directly to the Long Service Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Corporation website <u>www.longservice.nsw.gov.au</u> or the Long Service Corporation on 131 441.

How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

- cash deposit with Council,
- credit card payment with Council, or
- bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution,
- the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable],
- the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent,
- the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, and
- the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

How will the section 7.12 levy (formerly known as 94A levy) be indexed?

To ensure that the value the development levy is not eroded over time by increases in costs, the proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the levy.

Do you need HELP indexing the levy?

Please contact Council's Customer Service Team on ph 9391 7000. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted development levy will delay the issue of any certificate issued under section 6.4 of the *Act* and could void any such certificate (eg Construction Certificate, Subdivision Certificate, or Occupation Certificate).

Deferred or periodic payment of section 7.12 levy (formerly known as 94A levy) under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011

Where the Applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 7.12 levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- the reasons given,
- whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities,
- whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of the Plan, and
- whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

- the guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution,
- the bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable],

- the bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the Applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent,
- the bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, and
- the bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or periodic payment of the section 7.12 levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the Plan. The Applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid. Standard Condition: C5

C.3 BASIX Commitments

The Applicant must submit to the Certifying Authority BASIX Certificate No. A1746501_02 with any application for a Construction Certificate.

Note: Where there is any proposed change in the BASIX commitments the Applicant must submit of a new BASIX Certificate to the Certifying Authority and Council. If any proposed change in the BASIX commitments are inconsistent with development consent (see: clauses 145 and 146 of the *Regulation*) the Applicant will be required to submit an amended development application to Council pursuant to section 4.55 of the *Act*.

All commitments in the BASIX Certificate must be shown on the Construction Certificate plans and specifications prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

Note: Clause 145(1)(a1) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation* 2000 provides: "A certifying authority must not issue a Construction Certificate for building work unless it is satisfied of the following matters: (a1) that the plans and specifications for the building include such matters as each relevant BASIX certificate requires".

(Amended on 15/08/2024 under DA510/2019/4 (PAN 438759))

C.4 Road and Public Domain Works

A separate application under Section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993 is to be made to, and approved by Council prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate for the following infrastructure works, which must be carried out at the applicant's expense:

a) The stormwater discharge from the site shall connect to Council's underground drainage system. As such, Council's existing drainage system on Olphert Avenue shall be extended to the site in order to allow for the below ground connection. Council's underground stormwater system shall be extended from the existing pit situated approximately adjacent to No. 12 Olphert Avenue and No. 73 Hopetoun Avenue. A standard double grated kerb inlet pit (KIP) with a 1.8m precast lintel (in accordance with Council's standard drawing DR1) shall be constructed within the frontage of the site and at least 0.5m away from any vehicular crossings. The extension of the Council's underground system shall be made by using a maximum 300mm diameter pipe and in accordance with Council's Specifications unless otherwise amended at the Section 138 Application of the Roads Act 1993. Where the pipe crosses the vehicular crossings of No.14 Olphert Avenue and No.73 Hopetoun Avenue or any other crossing, the crossings shall be reconstructed/reinstated with the owner of the properties notified. Owner consent is not required. The plans shall clearly demonstrate the surface and invert levels of all proposed and existing pits and the gradient of all proposed pipes on longitudinal sections with all stormwater pipes having a minimum 1% gradient. Longitudinal sections (scale 1:100) showing the extension of Council's underground system shall be provided for assessment. All design details and location of all existing services shall be included in the longitudinal section.

Note: the vehicular crossing shall have a minimum 1m clearance from the existing Telstra Pit. As such written approval from Telstra shall be provided to either have the pit remain in its current location or for the pit to be relocated.

b) Reconstruction of a full width vehicular crossing having a width of **4.7**m at property boundary and perpendicular to the road carriageway in accordance with Council's standard driveway drawing RF2-D.

Note: Council's road reserve fronting the boat and bicycle storage area within the site shall not be utilised for any type of access to this storage area. As such the proposed permeable paving/grassed crossing fronting the boat and bicycle storage shall be removed, turfed and reinstated with kerb and gutter.

- c) A design longitudinal surface profile for the proposed driveway must be submitted for assessment.
- d) Removal and replacement of the existing concrete footpath for the full width of the property in accordance with Council's standard drawing RF3.
- e) Removal and replacement of all cracked or damaged kerb and gutter for the full width of all property in accordance with Council's standard drawing RF3.
- f) Removal of any driveway crossings and kerb laybacks which will be no longer required. Note: the proposed permeable paving/grassed crossing fronting the boat and bicycle storage shall also be removed, turfed and reinstated with kerb and gutter.
- g) Reinstatement of footpath, kerb and gutter to match existing.
- h) Where a grass verge exists, the balance of the area between the footpath and the kerb over the full frontage of the proposed development must be turfed. The grass verge must be constructed to contain a uniform minimum 75mm of friable growing medium and have a total cover of Couch turf.
- **Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.
- Note: Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.
- **Note**: The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Roads Act* 1993 approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the applicant to seek to amend this consent.
- **Note**: See condition K24 in *Section K. Advisings* of this Consent titled *Roads Act Application*. Standard Condition: C13

C.5 Soil and Water Management Plan – Submission and Approval

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit to the Certifying Authority a soil and water management plan complying with:

a) *"Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry"* published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and

b) *"Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction"* 2004 published by the NSW Government (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.

The Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the soil and water management plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any Construction Certificate.

Note: This condition has been imposed to eliminate potential water pollution and dust nuisance.

- **Note**: The International Erosion Control Association Australasia <u>www.austieca.com.au</u> lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.
- **Note**: The "*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*" publication can be downloaded from <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u>, and *The Blue Book* is available at <u>www.environment.nsw.gov.au/stormwater/publications.htm</u>.
- Note: Pursuant to clause 161(1)(a)(5) of the *Regulation* an Accredited Certifier may satisfied as to this matter.

Standard Condition: C25

C.6 Structural Adequacy of Existing Supporting Structures

A certificate from a professional engineer (structural engineer), certifying the adequacy of the existing supporting structure to support the additional loads proposed to be imposed by the development, must be submitted with the Construction Certificate application.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that the existing structure is able to support the additional loads proposed. Standard Condition: C35 (Autotext CC35)

C.7 Professional Engineering Details

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydrogeological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the application for any Construction Certificate.

Note: This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged Construction Certificates. Standard Condition: C36

C.8 Engineer Certification (Special Condition)

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to any works outside the boundaries of the subject property including any underpinning works to any structures on adjoining properties.

Any structural design is not to incorporate any underpinning works which encroaches outside the boundaries of the subject property.

C.9 Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Design, Certification and Monitoring

The Construction Certificate plans and specification required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must be accompanied by a Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program together with civil and structural engineering details for foundation retaining walls, footings, basement tanking, and subsoil drainage systems, as applicable, prepared by a professional engineer, who is suitably qualified and experienced in geotechnical and hydrogeological engineering.

These details must be certified by the professional engineer to:

- a) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no ground settlement or movement, during excavation or after construction, sufficient to cause an adverse impact on adjoining property or public infrastructure.
- b) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no adverse impact on surrounding property or infrastructure as a result of changes in local hydrogeology (behaviour of groundwater).
- c) Provide foundation tanking prior to excavation such that any temporary changes to the groundwater level, during construction, will be kept within the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations. Where the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations is unknown, the design must demonstrate that changes in the level of the natural water table, due to construction, will not exceed 0.3m at any time.
- d) Provide tanking of all below ground structures to prevent the entry of all ground water such that they are fully tanked and no on-going dewatering of the site is required.
- e) Provide a Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Monitoring Program that:
 - will detect any settlement associated with temporary and permanent works and structures,
 - will detect deflection or movement of temporary and permanent retaining structures (foundation walls, shoring bracing or the like),
 - will detect vibration in accordance with AS 2187.2-1993 Appendix J including acceptable velocity of vibration (peak particle velocity),
 - will detect groundwater changes calibrated against natural groundwater variations,
 - details the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised,
 - details the pre-set acceptable limits for peak particle velocity and ground water fluctuations,
 - details recommended hold points to allow for the inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the professional engineer, and
 - details a contingency plan.
 Standard Condition: C40 (Autotext: CC40)

C.10 Ground Anchors

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to any ground anchors encroaching onto adjoining private properties. Use of any Ground Anchors extending beyond site boundaries requires the approval of neighbouring private properties in writing.

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths excluding minor works subject to separate Road Opening Permit. The use of permanent ground anchors under Council land is not permitted.

Temporary ground anchors may be permitted, in accordance with Council's "Rock Anchor Policy", where alternative methods of stabilisation would not be practicable or viable, and where there would be benefits in terms of reduced community impact due to a shorter construction period, reduced disruption to pedestrian and vehicular traffic on adjacent public roads, and a safer working environment.

If temporary ground anchors under Council land are proposed, a separate application, including payment of fees, must be made to Council under section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993*. Application forms and Council's "Rock Anchor Policy" are available from Council's website. Approval may be granted subject to conditions of consent. Four weeks should be allowed for assessment.

- **Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.
- Note: Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.
- Note: Clause 20 of the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "Excavations adjacent to road A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the *Roads Act 1993* for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary)) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road. Standard Condition: C41

C.11 Parking Facilities

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include detailed plans and specifications for all bicycle, car and commercial vehicle parking in compliance with AS2890.3:1993 *Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking Facilities*, AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 : *Parking Facilities - Off-Street Car Parking* and AS 2890.2:2002 – *Off-Street Parking: Commercial Vehicle Facilities* respectively.

Access levels and grades must comply with access levels and grade required by Council under the *Roads Act 1993*.

The Certifying Authority has no discretion to reduce or increase the number or area of car parking or commercial parking spaces required to be provided and maintained by this consent.

Standard Condition: C45 (Autotext: CC45)

C.12 Stormwater Management Plan (site greater than 500m²)

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include a Stormwater Management Plan for the site. The Stormwater Management Plan must detail:

- a) General design in accordance with the Stormwater Management Plan, Job No. 2018H0239, Revision P3, prepared by Partridge, dated 03/08/2020, other than amended by this and other conditions;
 - i. The additional impervious area shall not exceed 40m2. Note: Swimming pool overflow shall automatically discharge to the sewer. Manufacturer's details shall be provided prior to Construction Certificate approval.
 - ii. All surface run-off at the rear of the site shall be collected and diverted to the pump-out system.
 - iii. The rainwater tank volume shall be increased from 32m3 to minimum 34m3.
- b) The discharge of stormwater, by direct connection, to back of a new Council kerb inlet pit on Olphert Avenue in accordance with the following;
 - i. The stormwater discharge from the site shall connect to Council's underground drainage system. As such, Council's existing drainage system on Olphert Avenue shall be extended to the site in order to allow for the below ground connection. Council's underground stormwater system shall be extended from the existing pit situated approximately adjacent to No. 12 Olphert Avenue and No. 73 Hopetoun Avenue. A standard double grated kerb inlet pit (KIP) with a 1.8m precast lintel (in accordance with Council's standard drawing DR1) shall be constructed within the frontage of the site and at least 0.5m away from any vehicular crossings

The extension of Council's underground system shall be made by using a maximum 300mm diameter pipe and in accordance with Council's Specifications unless otherwise amended at the Section 138 Application of the Roads Act 1993. The plans shall clearly demonstrate the surface and invert levels of all proposed and existing pits and the gradient of all proposed pipes on longitudinal sections with all stormwater pipes having a minimum 1% gradient. Longitudinal sections (scale 1:100) showing the extension of Council's underground system shall be provided for assessment. All design details and location of all existing services shall be included in the longitudinal section.

- c) Compliance the objectives and performance requirements of the BCA,
- d) Any rainwater tank (see Note below) required by BASIX commitments including Their overflow connection to the Stormwater Drainage System,
- e) General compliance with Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 Stormwater and Flood Risk Management, and
- f) Provision of a rainwater tank having a minimum volume of 34m3 and a pump-out system with a minimum storage volume of 16.4m3. The pump-out system shall be designed in accordance with AS3500.3 Note: the volumes shall be calculated to the top of water level only.

The Stormwater Management Plan must also include the following specific requirements:

Layout plan

A detailed drainage plan at a scale of 1:100 based on drainage calculations prepared in accordance with the Institute of Engineers Australia publication, *Australian Rainfall and Runoff, 1987* edition or most current version thereof.

The layout plan must include:

- a) All pipe layouts, dimensions, grades, lengths and material specification,
- b) Location of the rainwater tank and pump-out system,
- c) All invert levels reduced to Australian Height Datum (AHD),
- d) Location and dimensions of all drainage pits,
- e) Point and method of connection to Council's drainage infrastructure, and
- f) Overland flow paths over impervious areas.

Stormwater Management Systems

The rainwater tank and pump-out system utilised within the site shall address:

- a) Any potential conflict between existing and proposed trees and vegetation,
- b) Internal dimensions and volume of the proposed retention storage,
- c) Diameter of the outlet to the proposed retention storage basin,
- d) Plans, elevations and sections showing the retention storage basin invert level, centreline level of outlet, top water level, finished surface level and adjacent structures,
- e) Details of access and maintenance facilities,
- f) Construction and structural details of all tanks and pits and/or manufacturer's specifications for proprietary products,
- g) Details of the emergency overland flow-path (to an approved Council drainage point) in the event of a blockage to the systems.

Subsoil drainage

The subsoil drainage is to address:

- a) Subsoil drainage details,
- b) Clean out points, and
- c) Discharge point.

Where any new *Stormwater Drainage System* crosses the footpath area within any road, separate approval under section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993 must be obtained from Council for those works prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

All Stormwater Drainage System work within any road or public place must comply with Woollahra Municipal Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works dated February 2012.

- **Note:** This Condition is imposed to ensure that site stormwater is disposed of in a controlled and sustainable manner.
- **Note:** The collection, storage and use of rainwater is to be in accordance with *Standards Australia HB230-2008 "Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook".* Standard Condition: C.51 (Autotext CC51)

C.13 Non-Gravity Drainage Systems

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include a Stormwater Management Plan for the site.

The Stormwater Management Plan must detail the non-gravity drainage systems (charged, siphon, pump/sump systems) being designed in accordance with section 6.2.4 – "Non-gravity drainage systems" of Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.

Note: The Woollahra DCP is available from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u>. Standard Condition: C.52 (Autotext CC52)

C.14 Flood Protection

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by Clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must include a Flood Risk Management Plan on the basis of the Flood Planning Level (FPL). The flood planning level shall be based on the 1 in 100 year AEP flood level and the 1 in 20 AEP flood level, detailing:

- a) The Garage floor shall be at or above the level of 61.4m AHD.
- b) All flood protection measures shall be inspected and certified as fit for purpose after construction is complete by an engineer experienced in flood mitigation.

Flood protection is to comply with Woollahra DCP 2015, Part E "General Controls for All Development" Chapter E2 "Stormwater and Flood Risk Management" DCP

Note: The revised driveway profile, gradients and transitions must be in accordance with Australian Standard 2890.1 – 2004, Part 1 (Off-street car parking). The driveway profile submitted to Council must contain all relevant details: reduced levels, proposed grades and distances. Council will not allow alteration to existing reduced levels within the road or any other public place to achieve flood protection. Standard Condition C.54 (autotext CC54)

C.15 Swimming and Spa Pools – Child Resistant Barriers

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation* must demonstrate compliance (by showing the proposed location of all child-resistant barriers and the resuscitation sign) with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and the Building Code of Australia.

Approval is not granted for the modification of any boundary fencing beyond what is authorised by the stamped approved plans, as modified by any condition of consent or what is permitted to be carried out as 'exempt development' pursuant to *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

Note: A statement to the effect that isolation swimming pool fencing complying with AS1926 will be installed does not satisfy this condition. The location of the required barriers and the sign must be detailed upon the *Construction Certificate* plans. Standard Condition: C55 (Autotext CC55)

C.16 Swimming and Spa Pools – Backwash

The Construction Certificate plans and specification required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must detail the connection of backwash to Sydney Waters sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

- **Note**: The plans must show the location of Sydney Water's sewer, the yard gully or any new connection to the sewer system including a detailed cross section of the connection complying with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.
- **Note**: The discharge of backwash water to any stormwater system is water pollution and an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The connection of any backwash pipe to any stormwater system is an offence under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. Standard Condition: C56 (Autotext CC56)

D. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied Prior to the Commencement of Any Development Work

D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u>

For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b) in the case of residential building work for which the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u> requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under the *Home Building Regulation* 2004, or
- b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.

- **Note**: This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.
- **Note**: All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia. Standard Condition: D1 (Autotext DD1)

D.2 Dilapidation Reports for Existing Buildings

Dilapidation surveys and dilapidation reports shall be conducted and prepared by a *professional engineer* (structural) for all buildings and/or structures that are located within the likely "zone of influence" of any excavation, dewatering and/or construction induced vibration as determined applicable by the Structural Engineer.

These properties must include (but is not limited to):

- a) No. 14 Olphert Avenue
- b) No. 18 Olphert Avenue
- c) No. 77 Hopetoun Avenue

The dilapidation reports must be completed and submitted to the *Certifying Authority* for approval. An approved copy of the reports shall be submitted to Council with the *Notice of Commencement* prior to the commencement of any *development work*.

Where excavation of the site will extend below the level of any immediately adjoining building the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must give the adjoining building owner(s) a copy of the dilapidation report for their building(s) and a copy of the *notice of commencement* required by Section 6.6(2) of the *Act* not less than two (2) days prior to the commencement of any work.

Note: The reasons for this condition are:

- To provide a record of the condition of buildings prior to development being carried out.
- To encourage developers and its contractors to use construction techniques that will minimise the risk of damage to buildings on neighbouring land.
- Note: Also refer to the Dilapidation Report Advising for more information regarding this condition Standard Condition: D4 (Autotext DD4)

D.3 Dilapidation Reports for Public Infrastructure

To clarify the existing state of public infrastructure prior to the commencement of any development (including prior to any demolition), the Principal Contractor must submit a dilapidation report, prepared by a professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site.

The dilapidation report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of any work and include:

- a) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site,
- b) photographs showing any existing damage to the kerb and gutter fronting the site,
- c) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath pavement fronting the site,
- d) photographs showing any existing damage to retaining walls within the footway or road,
- e) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) of public stormwater drainage systems fronting, adjoining or within the site, and
- f) the full name and signature of the professional engineer.

The reports are to be supplied in both paper copy and electronic format in Word. Photographs are to be in colour, digital and date stamped.

The dilapidation report must specify (with supporting photographic/DVD evidence) the exact location and extent of any damaged or defective public infrastructure prior to the commencement of any work. If the required report is not submitted then Council will assume there was no damage to any infrastructure in the immediate vicinity of the site prior to the commencement of any work under this consent.

Note: If the Principal Contractor fails to submit the dilapidation report required by this condition and damage is occasioned to public assets adjoining the site Council will deduct from security any costs associated with remedying, repairing or replacing damaged public infrastructure. Nothing in this condition prevents Council making any claim against security held for this purpose. Standard Condition: D5 (Autotext DD5)

D.4 Adjoining Buildings Founded on Loose Foundation Materials

The Principal Contractor must ensure that a professional engineer determines the possibility of any adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials being affected by piling, piers or excavation. The professional engineer (geotechnical consultant) must assess the requirements for underpinning any adjoining or adjacent buildings founded on such soil on a case by case basis and the Principal Contractor must comply with any reasonable direction of the professional engineer.

Note: A failure by contractors to adequately assess and seek professional engineering (geotechnical) advice to ensure that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained prior to commencement may result in damage to adjoining land and buildings. Such contractors are likely to be held responsible for any damages arising from the removal of any support to supported land as defined by section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*. Standard Condition: D6 (Autotext DD6)

D.5 Works (Construction) Zone – Approval and Implementation

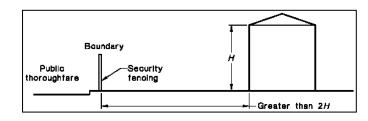
A Works Zone may be required for this development. The Principal Contractor or Owner can apply for a works zone. If the works zone is approved the Principal Contractor or Owner must pay all fees for this Works Zone before it can be installed.

The Principal Contractor must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road as a Works Zone. All Works Zone signs must have been erected by Council to permit enforcement of the Works Zone by Council's Rangers and NSW Police before commencement of any work. Signs are not erected until full payment of works zone fees.

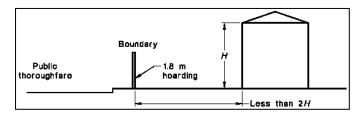
- **Note**: The Principal Contractor or Owner must allow not less than four to six weeks (for routine applications) from the date of making an application to the Traffic Committee (Woollahra Local Traffic Committee) constituted under the clause 22 of the *Transport Administration (General) Regulation 2000* to exercise those functions delegated by the Roads and Maritime Services under section 50 of the *Transport Administration Act 1988*.
- **Note:** The enforcement of the works zone is at the discretion of Council's Rangers and the NSW Police Service. The Principal Contractor must report any breach of the works zone to either Council or the NSW Police Service. Standard Condition: D10 (Autotext DD10)

D.6 Security Fencing, Hoarding and Overhead Protection

Security fencing must be provided around the perimeter of the development site, including any additional precautionary measures taken to prevent unauthorised entry to the site at all times during the demolition, excavation and construction period. Security fencing must be the equivalent 1.8m high chain wire as specified in AS 1725.



Where the development site adjoins a public thoroughfare, the common boundary between them must be fenced for its full length with a hoarding, unless the least horizontal distance between the common boundary and the nearest parts of the structure is greater than twice the height of the structure. The hoarding must be constructed of solid materials (chain wire or the like is not acceptable) to a height of not less than 1.8m adjacent to the thoroughfare.

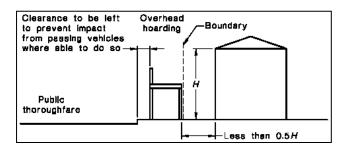


Where a development site adjoins a public thoroughfare with a footpath alongside the common boundary then, in addition to the hoarding required above, the footpath must be covered by an overhead protective structure and the facing facade protected by heavy-duty scaffolding, unless either:

- a) the vertical height above footpath level of the structure being demolished is less than 4.0m; or
- b) the least horizontal distance between footpath and the nearest part of the structure is greater than half the height of the structure.

The overhead structure must consist of a horizontal platform of solid construction and vertical supports, and the platform must:

- a) extend from the common boundary to 200mm from the edge of the carriageway for the full length of the boundary,
- b) have a clear height above the footpath of not less than 2.1m,
- c) terminate 200mm from the edge of the carriageway (clearance to be left to prevent impact from passing vehicles) with a continuous solid upstand projecting not less than 0.5m above the platform surface, and
- d) together with its supports, be designed for a uniformly distributed live load of not less than 7 kPa.



The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road (footway) for required hoarding or overhead protection.

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that overhead protective structures are installed and maintained in accordance with the NSW "*Code of Practice - Overhead Protective Structures 1995*". This is code available at www.safework.nsw.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf_file/0008/52883/Overhead-protective-structures-Code-of-practice.pdf

Security fencing, hoarding and overhead protective structure must not obstruct access to utilities services including but not limited to man holes, pits, stop valves, fire hydrants or the like.

Note: The Principal Contractor or Owner must allow not less than two (2) weeks from the date of making a hoarding application for determination. Any approval for a hoarding or overhead protection under the *Roads Act 1993* will be subject to its own conditions and fees. Standard Condition: D11 (Autotext DD11)

D.7 Site Signs

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that the sign/s required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is/are erected and maintained at all times.

Clause 98A of the *Regulation* provides:

Erection of signs

- For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
- A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision `work or demolition work is being carried out:
 - a. showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifier for the work, and
 - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
 - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
- Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
- This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
- This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 6.28 of the *Act*, to comply with the Building Code of Australia.

Clause 227A of the *Regulation* provides:

Signs on development sites

If there is a person who is the Principal Certifier or the Principal Contractor for any building work, subdivision work or demolition work authorised to be carried out on a site by a development consent or complying development certificate:

- Each such person MUST ensure that a rigid and durable sign showing the person's identifying particulars so that they can be read easily by anyone in any public road or other public place adjacent to the site is erected in a prominent position on the site before the commencement of work, and is maintained on the site at all times while this clause applies until the work has been carried out.
- Note: Clause 227A imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000 if these requirements are not complied with.
- **Note**: If Council is appointed as the Principal Certifier it will provide the sign to the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by clause 98A and clause 227A of the *Regulation*. Standard Condition: D12 (Autotext DD12)

D.8 Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided:

- a) must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b) must be connected to a public sewer, or
- c) if connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the Council, or
- d) if connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the Council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

accredited sewage management facility means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993 applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993. *approved by the Council* means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993*.

public sewer has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.*

sewage management facility has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

Note: This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with SafeWork NSW requirements. Standard Condition: D13 (Autotext DD13)

D.9 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must install and maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan if required under this consent;
- b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (*The Blue Book*).

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.

- **Note**: The International Erosion Control Association Australasia (<u>www.austieca.com.au/</u>) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association Australasia.
- **Note**: The "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" publication can be downloaded from <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> and *The Blue Book* is available at <u>www.environment.nsw.gov.au/stormwater/publications.htm</u>
- **Note**: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the *Act* and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* <u>without any further warning</u>. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.
- **Note**: Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides inter alia that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution"
- Warning: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being developed. Standard Condition: D14 (Autotext DD14)

D.10 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifier, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (Part 6, Division 6.3 of the Act)

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- a) A Construction Certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b) The person having the benefit of the development consent has:
 - appointed a Principal Certifier for the building work, and
 - notified the Principal Certifier that the person will carry out the building work as an Owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- c) The Principal Certifier has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
 - notified the consent authority and the Council (if the Council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and

- notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- The person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work d) as an Owner-builder, has:
 - appointed a Principal Contractor for the building work who must be the holder of • a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
 - notified the Principal Certifier of any such appointment, and
 - unless that person is the Principal Contractor, notified the Principal Contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
 - given at least 2 days' notice to the Council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.
- Note: building has the same meaning as in section 1.4 of the Act and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.
- Note: new building has the same meaning as in section 6.1 of the Act and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.
- Note: The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 6.6(2) of the Act (including the need for a Construction Certificate) prior to any demolition work. See: Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc [2001] NSWLEC 125.
- Note: Construction Certificate Application, PC Service Agreement and Notice of Commencement forms can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au
- Note: It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 6.6(2) of the Act. Standard Condition: D15 (Autotext DD15)

D.11 Notification of *Home Building Act* 1989 Requirements

- For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the requirements of this condition are a) prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989.
- b) Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the following information:
 - In the case of work for which a *principal contractor* is required to be appointed: •
 - the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
 - the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act,
 - In the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
 - the name of the owner-builder, and
 - if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the owner-builder permit.
- If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in C) progress so that the information notified under subclause (2) becomes out of date. further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifying authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the council) has given the council written notice of the updated information.
- This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in d) accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws. Standard Condition: D17 (Autotext DD17)

E. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied During Any Development Work

E.1 Compliance with BCA and Insurance Requirements under the *Home Building Act 1989*

For the purposes of section 4.17(11) of the *Act*, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA),
- b) in the case of residential building work for which the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u> requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the *Regulation*, or
- b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.

Note: All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia. Standard Condition: E1 (Autotext EE1)

E.2 Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601— 2001: *The Demolition of Structures*. Standard Condition: E2 (Autotext EE2)

E.3 Requirement to Notify about New Evidence

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination, heritage significance, threatened species or other relevant matters must be immediately notified to Council and the Principal Certifier. Standard Condition: E4 (Autotext EE4)

E.4 Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder as required by the Principal Certifier, any PC service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*.

Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the Principal Certifier is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*.

Critical stage inspections means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 6.5 of the *Act* or as required by the Principal Certifier and any PC Service Agreement.

- **Note**: The PC may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the PC be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.
- **Note**: The PC may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of Compliance Certificates, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development. Standard Condition: E5 (Autotext EE5)

E.5 Hours of Work – Amenity of the Neighbourhood

- a) No *work* must take place on any Sunday or public holiday.
- b) No *work* must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday.
- c) No *work* must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday.
- d) The following *work* **must not** take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday:
 - (i) piling,
 - (ii) piering,
 - (iii) rock or concrete cutting, boring or drilling,
 - (iv) rock breaking,
 - (v) rock sawing,
 - (vi) jack hammering, or
 - (vii) machine excavation.
- e) No loading or unloading of material or equipment associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
- f) No operation of <u>any equipment</u> associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday.
- g) No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing , jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

- **Note**: The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.
- **Note**: Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to a separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.
- **Note**: The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RMS and NSW Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.
- **Note**: Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2017*.
- Note: NSW EPA Noise Guide is available at <u>www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm</u> Standard Condition: E6 (Autotext EE6)

E.6 Public Footpaths – Safety, Access and Maintenance

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

- a) Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.
- b) Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.
- c) Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d) Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e) Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.
- f) Provide a clear safe pedestrian route a minimum of 1.5m wide.
- g) Protect heritage listed street name inlays in the footpath which are not to be removed or damaged during development.

This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 148B of the *Road Transport Act 2013*, section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* or section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* except that at all time compliance is required with:

- a) Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set): *Manual of uniform traffic control devices* and all relevant parts of this set of standards.
- b) Australian Road Rules.
- **Note**: Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* allows the NSW Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose.
- Note: Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993 provides that a person must not:
 - erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
 - dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
 - remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
 - pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
 - connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road, otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.
- **Note**: Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the Council including:
 - Part C Management of waste:
 - a. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
 - b. Place waste in a public place
 - c. Place a waste storage container in a public place.
 - Part E Public roads:
 - a. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
 - Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road. Standard Condition: E7 (Autotext EE7)

E.7 Maintenance of Environmental Controls

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that the following monitoring, measures and controls are maintained:

- a) erosion and sediment controls,
- b) dust controls,
- c) dewatering discharges,
- d) noise controls,
- e) vibration monitoring and controls,
- f) ablutions.
 - Standard Condition: E11

E.8 Compliance with Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program

Excavation must be undertaken in accordance with the recommendations of the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program and any oral or written direction of the supervising professional engineer.

The Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor must strictly follow the Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program for the development including, but not limited to:

- a) the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised,
- b) recommended hold points to allow for inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the professional engineer, and
- c) the contingency plan.

Note: The consent authority cannot require that the author of the geotechnical/hydrogeological report submitted with the development application to be appointed as the professional engineer supervising the work however, it is the Council's recommendation that the author of the report be retained during the construction stage. Standard Condition: E12 (Autotext EE12)

E.9 Support of Adjoining Land and Buildings

A person must not to do anything on or in relation to the site (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building).

For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.

- **Note**: This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must obtain:
 - a. the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or
 - b. an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or
 - c. an easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919, or
 - d. an easement under section 40 of the *Land and Environment Court Act* 1979 as appropriate.
- **Note**: Section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).
- Note: Clause 20 of the *Roads Regulation 2008* prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "Excavations adjacent to road - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the *Roads Act 1993* for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary)) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.
- **Note**: The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, Crown land under Council's care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Standard Condition: E13 (Autotext EE13)

E.10 Vibration Monitoring

Vibration monitoring equipment must be installed and maintained, under the supervision of a professional engineer with expertise and experience in geotechnical engineering, between any potential source of vibration and any *building* identified by the professional engineer as being potentially at risk of movement or damage from settlement and/or vibration during the excavation and during the removal of any excavated material from the land being developed.

If vibration monitoring equipment detects any vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building exceeding the peak particle velocity adopted by the professional engineer as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity an audible alarm must activate such that the Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor are easily alerted to the event.

Where any such alarm triggers all excavation works must cease immediately. Prior to the vibration monitoring equipment being reset by the professional engineer and any further work recommencing the event must be recorded and the cause of the event identified and documented by the professional engineer. Where the event requires, in the opinion of the professional engineer, any change in work practices to ensure that vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building does not exceed the peak particle velocity adopted by the professional engineer as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity these changes in work practices must be documented and a written direction given by the professional engineer to the Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor clearly setting out required work practice.

The Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor must comply with all work directions, verbal or written, given by the professional engineer.

A copy of any written direction required by this condition must be provided to the Principal Certifier within 24 hours of any event.

Where there is any movement in foundations such that damaged is occasioned to any adjoining *building* or such that there is any removal of support to *supported land* the professional engineer, Principal Contractor and any sub-contractor responsible for such work must immediately cease all work, inform the owner of that *supported land* and take immediate action under the direction of the professional engineer to prevent any further damage and restore support to the *supported land*.

Note: professional engineer has the same mean as in clause A1.1 of the BCA.

- **Note**: *building* has the same meaning as in section 1.4 of the *Act* i.e. "*building* includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure...."
- **Note:** supported land has the same meaning as in the Conveyancing Act 1919. Standard Condition: E14 (Autotext EE14)

E.11 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) the Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent,
- b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001, and
- c) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" 2004 published by the NSW Government (The Blue Book).

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.



- **Note:** A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the *Act* and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.
- **Note**: Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* provides that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution".
- Warning: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution. Standard Condition: E15 (Autotext EE15)

E.12 Disposal of Site Water During Construction

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from Council under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water.
- c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.
- **Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution. Standard Condition: E17 (Autotext EE17)

E.13 Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height, stormwater drainage system and flood protection measures relative to Australian Height Datum

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that a registered surveyor carries out check surveys and provides survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s), ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the site and that the height of buildings, ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the Principal Certifier's satisfaction:

- a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level.
- b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey.
- c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof.
- d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structure, flood protection work, swimming pool or spa pool or the like.
- e) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for driveways showing transitions and crest thresholds confirming that driveway levels match Council approved driveway crossing levels and minimum flood levels.
- f) Stormwater drainage Systems prior to back filling over pipes confirming location, height and capacity of works.
- g) Flood protection measures are in place confirming location, height and capacity.
- **Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent. This is critical to ensure that building are constructed to minimum heights for flood protection and maximum heights to protect views and the amenity of neighbours.

Standard Condition: E20 (Autotext EE20)

E.14 Placement and Use of Skip Bins

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* to place the waste storage container in a public place; and
- b) where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules.
- **Note**: Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards. Standard Condition: E21 (Autotext EE21)

E.15 Prohibition of Burning

There must be no burning of any waste or other materials. The burning of copper chrome arsenate (CCA) or pentachlorophenol (PCP) treated timber is prohibited in all parts of NSW.

All burning is prohibited in the Woollahra local government area.

Note: Pursuant to the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation 2010* all burning (including burning of vegetation and domestic waste) is prohibited except with approval. No approval is granted under this consent for any burning. Standard Condition: E22 (Autotext EE22)

E.16 Dust Mitigation

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with "*Dust Control - Do it right on site*" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences.
- b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used.
- c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers.
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied.
- f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust.
- g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.
- **Note**: "*Dust Control Do it right on site*" can be downloaded from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> or obtained from Council's office.
- **Note:** Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from <u>www.safework.nsw.gov.au</u> and <u>www.epa.nsw.gov.au</u>. Other specific conditions and advice may apply.
- **Note:** Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution.

Standard Condition: E23 (Autotext EE23)

E.17 Compliance with Council's Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works, Road Works and, Work within the Road and Footway

All work carried out on assets which are under Council ownership or will revert to the ownership, care, control or management of Council in connection with the *development* to which this consent relates must comply with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012).

The Owner, Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must meet all costs associated with such works.

This condition does not set aside the need to obtain relevant approvals under the *Roads Act* 1993 or *Local Government Act* 1993 for works within roads and other public places.

Note: A copy of Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* can be downloaded from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> Standard Condition: E24 (Autotext EE24)

E.18 Swimming and Spa Pools – Temporary Child Resistant Barriers and other Matters

Temporary child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and Building Code of Australia where any swimming pool or spa pool, as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*, contains more than 300mm in depth of water at any time.

Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and the Building Code of Australia as soon as practical.

Backwash and any temporary dewatering from any swimming pool or spa pool as defined by the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

Note: This condition does not prevent Council from issuing an order pursuant to section 23 of the *Swimming Pool Act 1992* or taking such further action as necessary for a breach of this condition or the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*. Standard Condition: E26

E.19 Site Waste Minimisation and Management – Demolition

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from demolition activities:

- a) the provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work,
- an area is to be allocated for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (giving consideration to slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets, vegetation and access and handling requirements),
- c) provide separate collection bins and/or areas for the storage of residual waste,
- d) clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the bins and/or storage areas,
- e) implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour, health risks and windborne litter, and
- f) minimise site disturbance, limiting unnecessary excavation.

When implementing the SWMMP the Applicant must ensure:

- a) footpaths, public reserves and street gutters are not used as places to store demolition waste or materials of any kind without Council approval,
- b) any material moved offsite is transported in accordance with the requirements of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997,*
- c) waste is only transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility,
- d) generation, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous waste and special waste (including asbestos) is conducted in accordance with relevant waste legislation administered by the NSW Environment Protection Authority, and relevant occupational health and safety legislation administered by SafeWork NSW, and
- e) evidence such as weighbridge dockets and invoices for waste disposal or recycling services are retained.
- **Note**: Materials that have an existing reuse or recycling market should not be disposed of in a land fill. Reuse and recycling opportunities are decreased when asbestos is not carefully removed and segregated from other waste streams. Standard Condition: E31 (Autotext EE31)

E.20 Site Waste Minimisation and Management – Construction

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from construction activities:

- a) the provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work,
- b) arrange for the delivery of materials so that materials are delivered 'as needed' to prevent the degradation of materials through weathering and moisture damage,
- c) consider organising to return excess materials to the supplier or manufacturer,
- allocate an area for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (considering slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets and vegetation),
- e) clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the storage areas,
- arrange contractors for the transport, processing and disposal of waste and recycling and ensure that all contractors are aware of the legal requirements for disposing of waste,
- g) promote separate collection bins or areas for the storage of residual waste,
- h) implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour and health risks, and windborne litter,
- i) minimise site disturbance and limit unnecessary excavation,
- j) ensure that all waste is transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility, and
- k) retain all records demonstrating lawful disposal of waste and keep them readily accessible for inspection by regulatory authorities such as Council, the NSW EPA or SafeWork NSW. Standard Condition: E32 (Autotext EE32)

E.21 Existing Drainage Easement (Special Condition)

No building or other structure must be placed over the existing inter-allotment drainage easement or stormwater system or within the zone of influence taken from the invert of any pipe.

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must locate all stormwater drainage systems without causing any damage to the system and ensure its protection. The Owner, Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must not obstruct or otherwise remove, disconnect or render inoperable the stormwater drainage system.

Works such as fences must not obstruct the natural floodway or alter the natural floodway in such a way as to direct or concentrate stormwater on to neighbouring properties.

E.22 Asbestos Removal

All asbestos removal work must be carried out safely according to NSW work health and safety legislation.

Where hazardous material, including bonded or friable asbestos has been identified in accordance with **Condition B.2** above, and such material must be demolished, disturbed and subsequently removed, all such works must comply with the following criteria:

- a) Be undertaken by contractors who hold a current SafeWork NSW "demolition licence" and a current SafeWork NSW "Class A licence" for friable asbestos removal.
- b) Be carried out in accordance with the relevant SafeWork NSW codes of practice.
- c) No asbestos products may be reused on the site.
- d) No asbestos laden skip or bins shall be left in any public place.

Note: This condition is imposed to protect the health and safety of persons working on the site and the public Standard Condition: E39

E.23 Classification of Hazardous Waste

Prior to the exportation of hazardous waste (including hazardous fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provision of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the NSW EPA *Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste, 2014*.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that where hazardous waste will be removed from a site an asbestos licensed contractor can definitively determine where the waste may be legally taken for disposal.

E.24 Disposal of Asbestos and Hazardous Waste

Asbestos and hazardous waste, once classified in accordance with **Condition E.23** above must only be transported to waste facilities licensed to accept asbestos and appropriate classifications of hazardous waste.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that asbestos and other hazardous waste is disposed of lawfully under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and relevant NSW EPA requirements. Standard Condition: E41

E.25 Asbestos Removal Signage

Standard commercially manufactured signs containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" measuring not less than 400mm x 300mm are to be erected in prominent visible positions on the site when asbestos is being removed.

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure awareness of any hazard to the health and safety of persons working on the site and public. Standard Condition: E42

E.26 Notification of Asbestos Removal

In addition to the requirements for licensed asbestos removalists to give written notice to SafeWork NSW all adjoining properties and those opposite the development site must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted.

The notification is to identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone and facsimile numbers and email addresses.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that local residents are informed and have adequate communication facilitated for incidents of asbestos removal. Standard Condition: E43

F. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied Prior to Any Occupation or Use of the Building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)

F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 6.9 of the Act)

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 6.10 of the *Act*) unless an Occupation Certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

Note: New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building. Standard Condition: F1 (Autotext FF1)

F.2 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier works-as-executed (WAE) plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA confirming that the works, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant construction certificate, the BCA and relevant Australian Standards.

Works-as-executed plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA must include but may not be limited to:

- a) Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical/Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b) All flood protection measures.
- c) All garage/car park/basement car park, driveways and access ramps comply with Australian Standard AS 2890.1: *Off-Street car parking*.
- d) All stormwater drainage and storage systems.
- e) All mechanical ventilation systems.
- f) All hydraulic systems.
- g) All structural work.
- h) All acoustic attenuation work.
- i) All waterproofing.
- j) Such further matters as the Principal Certifier may require.
- **Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet development standards as defined by the *Act*, comply with the BCA, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.
- **Note**: The PC may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, development standards, BCA, and relevant Australia Standards. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).
- Note: The PC must submit to Council, with any Occupation Certificate, copies of WAE plans, Compliance Certificates and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA upon which the PC has relied in issuing any Occupation Certificate. Standard Condition: F7 (Autotext FF7)

F.3 Commissioning and Certification of Public Infrastructure Works

The Principal Contractor or Owner-builder must submit, to the satisfaction of Council, certification from a professional engineer that all public infrastructure works have been executed in compliance with this consent and with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012).

The certification must be supported by closed circuit television / video inspection provided on DVD of all stormwater drainage together with works-as-executed engineering plans and a survey report detailing all finished reduced levels. Standard Condition F9 (Autotext FF9)

F.4 Swimming and Spa Pools – Permanent Child Resistant Barriers and other Matters

Prior to filling any swimming pool, as defined by the Swimming Pools Act 1992:

- a) Permanent child-resistant barriers must be installed in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and the Building Code of Australia.
- b) The swimming pool must be registered in accordance with section 30B of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* on the NSW Government Swimming Pool Register.

- c) The Principal Contractor or Owner must either obtain a certificate of compliance issued pursuant to section 22D of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* or an appropriate Occupation Certificate authorising use of the swimming pool.
- d) Public pools must comply with the *NSW Health Public Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Guidelines* in force at that time and private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable.
- e) Water recirculation and filtration systems must be installed in compliance with AS 1926.3-2010: *Swimming pool safety Water recirculation systems*.

Backwash must be discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996.

Water recirculation and filtration systems must be connected to the electricity supply by a timer that limits the systems operation such that it does not operate before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday or before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.

F.5 Swimming Pool Fencing

Swimming pool fencing is to be constructed in accordance with AS1926-2012 Australian Standard Swimming Pool Safety Part 1 – *Safety Barriers for Swimming Pools.*

Note: Pools commenced or completed after May 2013 must meet Part 3.9.6 of the BCA AS1926.1-2012 and AS1926.2-2012 Standard Condition: F20 (Autotext FF20)

G. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied Prior to the Issue of Any Subdivision Certificate

Nil.

H. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied Prior to the Issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (Section 6.4 (C))

H.1 Fulfillment of BASIX Commitments – clause 154B of the *Regulation*

All BASIX commitments must be effected in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No. A1746501_02.

Note: Clause 154B(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000* provides: "A *certifying authority* must not issue a final Occupation Certificate for a BASIX affected building to which this clause applies unless it is satisfied that each of the commitments whose fulfilment it is required to monitor has been fulfilled." Standard Condition: H7 (Autotext HH7)

(Amended on 15/08/2024 under DA510/2019/4 (PAN 438759))

H.2 Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures

The Principal Contractor or Owner must remove from the land and any adjoining public place:

- a) the site sign,
- b) ablutions,
- c) hoarding,
- d) scaffolding, and
- e) waste materials, matter, article or thing.

Note: NSW Health guidelines and fact sheets are available at <u>www.health.nsw.gov.au/environment/publicpools/Pages/default.aspx</u> Standard Condition: F13 (Autotext FF13)

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to the issue of the Final Occupation Certificate. Standard Condition: H12 (Autotext HH12)

H.3 Road Works (including footpaths)

The following works must be completed to the satisfaction of Council, in compliance with Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* (2012) unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the Principal Contractor's or Owner's expense:

- a) stormwater pipes, pits and connections to public stormwater systems within the *road*,
- b) driveways and vehicular crossings within the road,
- c) removal of redundant driveways and vehicular crossings,
- d) new footpaths within the road,
- e) relocation of existing power/light pole,
- f) relocation/provision of street signs,
- g) new or replacement street trees,
- new footway verges, where a grass verge exists, the balance of the area between the footpath and the kerb or site boundary over the full frontage of the proposed development must be turfed. The grass verge must be constructed to contain a uniform minimum 75mm of friable growing medium and have a total cover of turf predominant within the street,
- i) new or reinstated kerb and guttering within the *road*, and
- j) new or reinstated road surface pavement within the road.
- **Note**: Security held by Council pursuant to section 4.17(6) of the *Act* will not be release by Council until compliance has been achieved with this condition. An application for refund of security must be submitted with the Final Occupation Certificate to Council. This form can be downloaded from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> or obtained from Council's customer service centre. Standard Condition: H13 (Autotext HH13)

H.4 Dilapidation Report for Public Infrastructure Works

The Principal Contractor must submit a follow up dilapidation report, prepared by a professional engineer, on Council's infrastructure within and near the development site to Council upon completion of the work.

The Final Occupation Certificate must not be issued until Council's Civil Works Engineer is satisfied that the works have been satisfactorily completed and the Principal Certifier has been provided with correspondence from Council to this effect.

The dilapidation report must include:

- a) photographs showing any existing damage to the road pavement fronting the site,
- b) photographs showing any existing damage to the kerb and gutter fronting the site,
- c) photographs showing any existing damage to the footway including footpath pavement fronting the site,
- d) photographs showing any existing damage to retaining walls within the footway or road,
- e) closed circuit television/video inspection (in DVD format) of public stormwater drainage systems fronting, adjoining or within the site, and
- f) the full name and signature of the professional engineer.

The reports are to be supplied in both paper copy and electronic format in Word. Photographs are to be in colour, digital and date stamped.

The dilapidation report must specify (with supporting photographic/DVD evidence) the exact location and extent of any damaged or defective public infrastructure. If the required report is not submitted then Council will assume any damage to any infrastructure in the immediate vicinity of the site was caused by the principle contractor and Owner carrying out work under this consent.

Note: If the Principal Contractor fails to submit the dilapidation report required by this condition and damage is occasioned to public assets adjoining the site Council will deduct from security any costs associated with remedying, repairing or replacing damaged public infrastructure. Nothing in this condition prevents Council making any claim against security held for this purpose. Standard Condition: H14 (AutotextHH14)

H.5 Positive Covenant and Works-As-Executed Certification of Stormwater Systems

On completion of construction work, stormwater drainage works are to be certified by a *professional engineer* with Works-As-Executed drawings supplied to the *PCA* detailing:

- a) Compliance with conditions of development consent relating to stormwater;
- b) The structural adequacy of the Rainwater Tank and Pump-out system;
- c) That the works have been constructed in accordance with the approved design and will provide the retention storage volume and attenuation in accordance with the submitted calculations;
- d) Pipe invert levels and surface levels to Australian Height Datum;
- e) Contours indicating the direction in which water will flow over land should the capacity of the pit be exceeded in a storm event exceeding design limits.
- f) A positive covenant pursuant to Section 88E of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 must be created on the title of the subject property, providing for the indemnification of Council from any claims or actions and for the on-going maintenance of the rainwater tank and pump-out system incorporated in the development. The wording of the Instrument must be in accordance with Council's standard format and the Instrument must be registered at the Land and Property Information NSW.
- **Note**: The required wording of the Instrument can be downloaded from Council's web site <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u>. The PCA must supply a copy of the WAE Plans to Council together with the *Final Occupation Certificate*.
- Note: The *Final Occupation Certificate* must not be issued until this condition has been satisfied. Standard Condition: H20 (Autotext HH20)

I. Conditions Which Must Be Satisfied During the Ongoing Use of the Development

I.1 Maintenance of BASIX Commitments

All BASIX commitments must be maintained in accordance with the BASIX Certificate No. A1746501_02.

Note: This condition affects successors in title with the intent that environmental sustainability measures must be maintained for the life of development under this consent. Standard Condition: 124

(Amended on 15/08/2024 under DA510/2019/4 (PAN 438759))

I.2 Outdoor Lighting – Residential

Outdoor lighting must comply with AS 4282-1997: *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting*. The maximum luminous intensity from each luminare must not exceed the level 1 control relevant under table 2.2 of AS 4282. The maximum illuminance and the threshold limits must be in accordance with Table 2.1 of AS 4282.

Note: This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of neighbours and limit the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting in public places.

Note: This condition has been imposed to control the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting. Standard Condition: 149

I.3 Noise from Mechanical Plant and Equipment

The noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the mechanical plant and equipment is operating must not exceed the *background noise level*. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed *background noise level* at any time.

The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ level measured by a sound level meter.

Note: This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Note: Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the *Noise Policy for Industry* (2017) <u>www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/noise/industrial-noise/noise-policy-for-industry-(2017)</u> and *Noise Guide for Local Government* (2013) <u>www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-</u> environment/noise/regulating-noise/noise-guide-local-government

Standard Condition: 159

I.4 Swimming and Spa Pools – Maintenance

Swimming and spa pools must be maintained:

- a) in compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and the Building Code of Australia with regard to the provision of child-resistant barriers and resuscitation signs,
- b) in compliance with the NSW Health "Public Swimming Pools and Spa Pools Advisory Document" in force at that time. Private pools are encouraged to comply with the same standards as applicable,
- c) in compliance with AS 1926.3-2010 *Swimming pool safety Water recirculation and filtration systems,*
- d) with backwash being discharged to the sewer in compliance with clause 10.9 (Figure 10.2) of AS/NZS 3500.2.2:1996, and
- e) with a timer that limits the recirculation and filtration systems operation such that it does not emit noise that can be heard within a habitable room in any other residential premises (regardless of whether any door or window to that room is open):
 - before 8 am or after 8 pm on any Sunday or public holiday, or
 - before 7 am or after 8 pm on any other day.
- **Note**: Child-resistant barriers, resuscitation signs, recirculation and filtration systems and controls systems require regular maintenance to ensure that life safety, health and amenity standards are maintained.
- Note: The NSW Health public swimming pools and spa pools guidelines are available at www.health.nsw.gov.au/environment/publicpools/Pages/default.aspx Standard Condition: I30

I.5 Ongoing Maintenance of the On-Site-Detention System

The Owner(s) must in accordance with this condition and any positive covenant:

- a) Permit stormwater to be temporarily detained by the system;
- b) Keep the system clean and free of silt rubbish and debris;

- c) If the car park is used as a retention basin, a weather resistant sign must be maintained in a prominent position in the car park warning residents that periodic inundation of the car park may occur during heavy rain;
- d) Maintain renew and repair as reasonably required from time to time the whole or part of the system so that it functions in a safe and efficient manner and in doing so complete the same within the time and in the manner reasonably specified in written notice issued by the Council;
- e) Carry out the matters referred to in paragraphs (b) and (d) at the Owners expense;
- Not make any alterations to the system or elements thereof without prior consent in writing of the Council and not interfere with the system or by its act or omission cause it to be interfered with so that it does not function or operate properly;
- g) Permit the Council or its authorised agents from time to time upon giving reasonable notice (but at any time and without notice in the case of an emergency) to enter and inspect the land with regard to compliance with the requirements of this covenant;
- h) Comply with the terms of any written notice issued by Council in respect to the requirements of this clause within the time reasonably stated in the notice;
- i) Where the Owner fails to comply with the Owner's obligations under this covenant, permit the Council or its agents at all times and on reasonable notice at the Owner's cost to enter the land with equipment, machinery or otherwise to carry out the works required by those obligations;
- j) Indemnify the Council against all claims or actions and costs arising from those claims or actions which Council may suffer or incur in respect of the system and caused by an act or omission by the Owners in respect of the Owner's obligations under this condition.
- **Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that owners are aware of require maintenance requirements for their stormwater systems.
- **Note**: This condition is supplementary to the owner(s) obligations and Council's rights under any positive covenant. Standard Condition: 129

J. Miscellaneous Conditions

Nil.

K. Advisings

K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent and Environmental Laws

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence.** Failure to comply with other environmental laws is also a criminal offence. Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

- a) Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);
- b) Issue notices and orders;
- c) Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- d) Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

Warnings as to potential maximum penalties

Maximum penalties under NSW environmental laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

Warning as to enforcement and legal costs

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

Note: The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. Standard Advising: K1 (Autotext KK1)

K.2 Dial Before You Dig



The Principal Contractor, Owner-builder or any person digging may be held financially responsible by the asset owner should they damage underground pipe or cable networks. Minimise your risk and dial 1100 Before You Dig or visit <u>www.1100.com.au</u>

When you contact Dial Before You Dig you will be sent details of all Dial Before You Dig members who have underground assets in the vicinity of your proposed excavation. Standard Advising: K2 (Autotext KK2)

K.3 Builder's Licences and Owner-builders Permits

Section 6.6(2)(d) of the *Act* requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appoint a Principal Contractor for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

The Owner(s) must appoint the Principal Certifier. The Principal Certifier must check that the required insurances are in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989* for the residential building work.

Note: For more information go to the NSW Fair Trading website <u>www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/building-and-renovating</u> Standard Condition: K5 (Autotext KK5)

K.4 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The Principal Certifier does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the Principal Certifier is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia.

Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the "NSW Guide to Standards and Tolerances 2017" are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the Principal Contractor's or Owner-builder's supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The Principal Certifier does not undertake this role.

Council, as the Principal Certifier or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the Principal Contractor, contractors and the Owner.

Note: For more information on the *NSW Guide to Standards and Tolerances* go to the NSW Fair Trading website <u>www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/building-and-renovating/after-you-build-or-renovate/guide-to-standards-and-tolerances or call 133</u> <u>220</u>. Standard Condition: K6 (Autotext KK6)

K.5 SafeWork NSW Requirements

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

Note: For more information go to the SafeWork NSW website <u>www.safework.nsw.gov.au</u> or call 131 050.

Standard Condition: K7 (Autotext KK7)

K.6 Dividing Fences

The erection of dividing fences under this consent does not affect the provisions of the *Dividing Fences Act 1991*. Council does not adjudicate civil disputes relating to the provision of, or payment for, the erection of dividing fences.

- **Note:** Further information can be obtained from the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal www.ncat.nsw.gov.au/Pages/cc/Divisions/dividing_fences.aspx
- **Note:** Community Justice Centres provide a free mediation service to the community to help people resolve a wide range of disputes, including dividing fences matters. Their service is free, confidential, voluntary, timely and easy to use. Mediation sessions are conducted by two impartial, trained mediators who help people work together to reach an agreement. Around 75% of mediations result in an agreement being reached. Mediation sessions can be arranged at convenient times during the day, evening or weekends. To contact the Community Justice Centres go to www.cjc.nsw.gov.au or call 1800 990 777. Standard Advising: K10 (Autotext KK10)

K.8 Release of Security

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 4.17 of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until a Final Occupation Certificate has been lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

Note: The Refund of Security Bond Application form can be downloaded from <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> Standard Condition: K15 (Autotext KK15)

K.9 Recycling of Demolition and Building Material

It is estimated that building waste, including disposable materials, resulting from demolition, excavation, construction and renovation, accounts for almost 70% of landfill. Such waste is also a problem in the generation of dust and the pollution of stormwater. Council encourages the recycling of demolition and building materials. Standard Condition: K17 (Autotext KK17)

K.10 Owner-builders

Under the *Home Building Act 1989* any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from NSW Fair Trading.

Note: For more information go to the NSW Fair Trading website <u>www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au</u> or call 133 220. Standard Condition: K18 (Autotext KK18)

K.11 Pruning or Removing a Tree Growing on Private Property

The Woollahra Development Control Plan 2015 (DCP), Chapter E3 –Tree Management, may require that an application be made to Council prior to pruning or removing any tree. The aim is to secure the amenity of trees and preserve the existing landscape within our urban environment.

Before you prune or remove a tree, make sure you read all relevant conditions. You can obtain a copy of the Woollahra DCP from Council's website <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u> or call Council on 9391 7000 for further advice. Standard Condition: K19 (Autotext KK19)

K.12 Dilapidation Report

Please note the following in relation to the condition for a dilapidation report:

- a) The dilapidation report will be made available to affected property owners on requested and may be used by them in the event of a dispute relating to damage allegedly due to the carrying out of the development.
- b) This condition cannot prevent neighbouring buildings being damaged by the carrying out of the development.
- c) Council will not be held responsible for any damage which may be caused to adjoining buildings as a consequence of the development being carried out.
- d) Council will not become directly involved in disputes between the developer, its contractors and the owners of neighbouring buildings.
- e) In the event that access for undertaking the dilapidation survey is denied the Applicant is to demonstrate in writing to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier that all reasonable steps were taken to obtain access to the adjoining property. The dilapidation report will need to be based on a survey of what can be observed externally.

Standard Advising: K23 (Autotext KK23)

K.13 Roads Act 1993 Application

Works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths are subject to sections 138, 139 and 218 of the *Roads Act 1993* and specifically:

- Construction of driveways and/or new or alterations to footpath paving
- Alteration and/or extension to Council drainage infrastructure
- Alteration and/or addition of retaining walls
- Pumping of water to Council's below ground stormwater system

- Installation of soil/rock anchors under the roadway
- Installation of Stormwater outlet pipes across the nature strip

An "Application to Carry Out Works in a Public Road" form must be completed and lodged, with the application fee, at Council's Customer Services. Detailed plans and specifications of all works (including but not limited to structures, road works, driveway crossings, footpaths and stormwater drainage etc) within existing roads, must be attached, submitted to and approved by Council under section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993*, before the issue of any Construction Certificate.

Detailed engineering plans and specifications of the works required by this condition must accompany the application form. The plans must clearly show the following:

- Engineering drawings (plan, sections and elevation views) and specifications of the footpath, driveways, kerb and gutter, new gully pit showing clearly the connection point of site outlet pipe(s). Note, the connection drainage lines must be as direct as possible and generally run perpendicular to the kerb alignment.
- Engineering drawings of the new drainage line to be constructed joining the new and existing drainage pits including services.

All driveways must include a design longitudinal surface profile for the proposed driveway for assessment. The driveway profile is to start from the road centreline and be along the worst case edge of the proposed driveway. Gradients and transitions must be in accordance with clause 2.5.3, 2.6 of AS 2890.1 – 2004, Part 1 – *Off-street car parking*. The driveway profile submitted to Council must be to (1:25) scale (for template checking purposes) and contain all relevant details: reduced levels, proposed grades and distances.

The existing footpath level and grade at the street alignment of the property must be maintained unless otherwise specified by Council. Your driveway levels are to comply with AS2890.1 and Council's Standard Drawings. There may be occasions where these requirements conflict with your development and you are required to carefully check the driveway/garage slab and footpath levels for any variations.

<u>Note</u>: Any adjustments required from the garage slab and the street levels are to be carried out internally on private property

Drainage design works must comply with the Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management.

Temporary ground anchors may be permitted, in accordance with Council's "Rock Anchor Policy".

<u>Services:</u> Prior to any excavation works, the location and depth of all public utility services (telephone, cable TV, electricity, gas, water, sewer, drainage, etc.) must be ascertained. The Applicant shall be responsible for all public utility adjustment/relocation works, necessitated by the development work and as required by the various public utility authorities and/or their agents.

All public domain works must comply with the latest version of Council's "*Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works*" unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions. This specification and the application form can be downloaded from <u>www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</u>.

- **Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.
- **Note:** When an application under the *Roads Act* is required, then four (4) weeks is to be allowed for assessment.
- Note: road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.

Note: The intent of this condition is that the design of the road, footpaths, driveway crossings and public stormwater drainage works must be detailed and approved prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate. Changes in levels may arise from the detailed design of buildings, road, footpath, driveway crossing grades and stormwater. Changes required under *Road Act 1993* approvals may necessitate design and levels changes under this consent. This may in turn require the Applicant to seek to amend this consent. Standard Advising: K24 (Autotext KK24)

K.14 Mailboxes

Council has been alerted to an increase in mailbox theft, and as such, all new development, being new dwelling houses and residential flat buildings, are encouraged to have lockable mail boxes.

For the Motion

Against the Motion

Penelope Holloway Glennys James Larissa Ozog Ronald Schaffer

4/0

There being no further business the meeting concluded at 3.07pm.

We certify that the pages numbered 1 to 175 inclusive are the Minutes of the Woollahra Local Planning Panel (Public Meeting) Meeting held on 15 August 2024 and confirmed by all Panel members of the Woollahra Local Panel on 19 August 2024 as correct.

Chairperson

Secretary of Committee

Expert

Expert

Community Representative

Note: In accordance with the Woollahra Local Planning Panel Operational Procedures the votes are recorded on this planning matter.