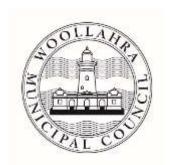
# Ordinary Council Meeting Agenda



**Agenda:** Ordinary Council Meeting

**Date:** *Monday 1 May 2017* 

**Time:** 8.00pm

# Woollahra Municipal Council

# **Notice of Meeting**

27 April 2017

To: Her Worship the Mayor, Councillor Toni Zeltzer ex-officio

Councillors Ted Bennett

Peter Cavanagh
Luise Elsing
James Keulemans
Greg Levenston
Anthony Marano
Katherine O'Regan
Andrew Petrie
Matthew Robertson
Deborah Thomas
Susan Wynne

**Dear Councillors** 

### **Ordinary Council Meeting – 1 May 2017**

In accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993, I request your attendance at Council's **Ordinary Council Meeting** meeting to be held in the **Council Chambers**, **536 New South Head Road**, **Double Bay**, **on Monday 1 May 2017 at 8.00pm**.

Gary James General Manager

# **Meeting Agenda**

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# 1. Leave of Absence and Apologies

**Item No:** 1.1

**From:** Councillor Luise Elsing

**File No:** 17/48704

**Reason for Report:** Seeking Leave of Absence for all meetings of the Council and its

Committees from Monday 17 April 2017 to Friday 5 May 2017 inclusive.

### **Recommendation:**

That Leave of Absence for all meetings of the Council and its Committees be granted to Councillor Luise Elsing for the period from Monday 17 April 2017 to Friday 5 May 2017 inclusive.

**Item No:** 2.2

From: Councillor Susan Wynne

**File No:** 17/49954

**Reason for Report:** Seeking Leave of Absence for all meetings of the Council and its

Committees from Sunday 30 April 2017 to Monday 1 May 2017

inclusive.

### **Recommendation:**

That Leave of Absence for all meetings of the Council and its Committees be granted to Councillor Susan Wynne for the period from Sunday 30 April 2017 to Monday 1 May 2017 inclusive.

**Item No:** 3.3

From: Councillor Matthew Robertson

**File No:** 17/54283

**Reason for Report:** Seeking Leave of Absence for all meetings of the Council and its

Committees from Tuesday 25 April 2017 to Friday 26 May 2017

inclusive.

### **Recommendation:**

That Leave of Absence for all meetings of the Council and its Committees be granted to Councillor Matthew Robertson for the period from Tuesday 25 April 2017 to Friday 26 May 2017 inclusive.

Item No. 1.1 Page 7

# 9.1. Corporate & Works Committee

# Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 24 April 2017 **Submitted to the Council for Determination**

Item No: Recommendation to Council R1

BELL STREET, VAUCLUSE - ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE **Subject:** 

**RENEWALS** 

Paul Sentas, Project Manager **Author:** 

Richard Ladlow, Acting Manager - Capital Projects Approvers:

Aurelio Lindaya, Acting Director Technical Services

File No: 17/50939

**Reason for Report:** To recommend to Council the acceptance of Tender

### **Recommendation:**

Α. That Council enter into a contract with Mack Civil Pty Ltd for Bell Street, Vaucluse – Road Infrastructure Renewals Project for the sum of \$216,880.06.

B. That successful and unsuccessful tenderers be advised accordingly.

Item No: Recommendation to Council R2

TENDERSC3683-NORTHLAND ROAD - COOPER PARK **Subject:** 

WOOLLAHRA EMBANKMENT STABILISATION.

Sam Badalati, Project Manager - Civil Works **Author: Approvers:** 

Richard Ladlow, Acting Manager - Capital Projects

Aurelio Lindaya, Acting Director Technical Services

File No: 17/50181

To recommend to Council the acceptance of a Tender. **Reason for Report:** 

### **Recommendation:**

A. That Council enter into a Contract with Pan Civil Pty Ltd for Part A of the Northland Road Cooper Park Woollahra embankment stabilisation for the sum of \$237,783.80plus any provisional costs used (excluding GST).

- B. That Council enter into a Contract with GPM Constructions Pty Ltd for Part B of the Northland Road Cooper Park Woollahra embankment stabilisation for the sum of \$173,677.30 plus any provisional costs used (excluding GST).
- C. That Council enter into a Contract with GPM Constructions Pty Ltd for Part C of the Northland Road Cooper Park Woollahra embankment stabilisation for the sum of \$267,671.10 plus any provisional costs used (excluding GST).
- D. That successful and unsuccessful tenderers be advised accordingly.

**Item No:** R3 Recommendation to Council

Subject: DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013 TO 2018 AND OPERATIONAL PLAN

2017/18

**Author:** Don Johnston, Chief Financial Officer

**Approvers:** Stephen Dunshea, Director Corporate Services

Gary James, General Manager

**File No:** 17/47530

**Reason for Report:** To present the draft Delivery Program 2013 to 2018 and Operational Plan

2017/18 with a recommendation that the document be placed on public

exhibition for a period of 28 days.

### **Recommendation:**

A. THAT Council note the responses from the Urban Planning and Community & Environment Committees to the Priorities and Actions proposed for inclusion in the draft Delivery Program 2013 to 2018 and Operational Plan 2017/18.

- B. THAT the draft Delivery Program 2013 to 2018 and Operational Plan 2017/18 be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28 days in accordance with the requirements of Sections 404 and 405 of the *Local Government Act 1993*, commencing on Wednesday 3 May 2017.
- C. THAT a further report be presented following the public exhibition period advising of any submissions received in relation to the draft Delivery Program 2013 to 2018 and Operational Plan 2017/18.

# 9.2. Development Control Committee

### Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 24 April 2017 **Submitted to the Council for Determination**

ITEM No. **R**1 Recommendation to Council

FILE No. DA507/2016/1

188 New South Head Road EDGECLIFF **ADDRESS** 

> (Lot 81 DP217078, Lot 1 DP225312, Lot 9 DP5444, Lot 10 DP5444, Lot 1 DP68900, Lot 1 DP69838, Lot 1 DP224844, Lot 1 DP723473,

Lots 1 and 2 DP183645, Lot 1 DP74398)

37 Darling Point Road DARLING POINT (Lot A DP108600) 43 Darling Point Road DARLING POINT (Lot 4 DP5444)

(aka Ascham School)

Demolition of the existing Margaret Bailey building & the **PROPOSAL** 

construction of a new 4 storey, English Centre building

**REASON FOR** REPORT

In accordance with Council's meeting procedures and policy this matter is referred to full Council to allow Council to make a

submission to the Sydney Central Planning Panel (SCPP).

### **Recommendation:**

That Council advises the Sydney Central Planning Panel (SCPP), that it raises no objection to the granting of development consent to Development Application No. 507/2016/1 for the demolition of the existing Margaret Bailey building and the construction of a new 4 storey, English Centre building on land at 188 New South Head Road, Edgecliff (Lot 81 DP217078, Lot 1 DP225312, Lot 9 DP5444, Lot 10 DP5444, Lot 1 DP68900, Lot 1 DP69838, Lot 1 DP224844, Lot 1 DP723473, Lots 1 and 2 DP183645, Lot 1 DP74398), 37 Darling Point Road Darling Point (Lot A DP108600), 43 Darling Point Road Darling Point (Lot 4 DP5444), subject to the conditions recommended in the planning assessment report (Annexure 1).

Note: The Officer's Report contains the following Recommendations.

### **General Conditions** A.

### **Conditions A.1**

Consent is granted subject to the following conditions imposed pursuant to section 80 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 ("the Act") and the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 ("the Regulation") such conditions being reasonable and relevant to the development as assessed pursuant to section 79C of the Act.

Standard Condition: A1 (Autotext AA1)

### A.2 Approved Plans and supporting documents

Those with the benefit of this consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the plans and supporting documents listed below as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved DA Plans" unless modified by any following condition. Where the plans relate to alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
Project No 20161359.1	Acoustic Report	Acoustic Logic	4/11/2016
AR-A-XX-03 (Issue E)	Proposed Site Plan	All by BVN	2/11/2016
AR-A-XX-04 (Issue D)	Proposed External Finishes		4/11/2016
AR-B-02-01 (Issue F)	Proposed Ground Floor Plan		2/11/2016
AR-B-03-01 (Issue F)	Proposed Level 01 Floor Plan		2/11/2016
AR-B-04-01 (Issue F)	Proposed Level 02 Floor Plan		2/11/2016
AR-B-05-01 (Issue F)	Proposed Level 03 Floor Plan		2/11/2016
AR-B-06-01 (Issue F)	Proposed Roof Plan		2/11/2016
AR-C-XX-01 (Issue F)	Elevations Sheet 01		4/11/2016
AR-D-XX-01 (Issue H)	Sections		17/3/2017
No reference	Proposed External Finishes –	BVN	3/11/2016
	Sample Board		
P1605566JR01V01	Preliminary Geotechnical and	Martens Consulting	1/11/2016
	Acid Sulfate Soils Assessment	Engineers	
Version 2.2	Conservation Management Plan	Hector Abrahams Architects	15/11/2016
DA_L-001 (Rev 03) to	Landscape Plan	Oculus landscape Architect	All dated
DA_L-005 (Rev 03)			13/10/2016
inclusive			
C90790	Arboricultural Impact	Arbor Safe	10/11/2016
	Assessment Report		
Attachment 1	Site Waste Minimisation and	Lauren McMahon	17/3/2017
	Management Plan		

**Note:** Warning to Accredited Certifiers – You should always insist on sighting the original Council stamped approved plans. You should not rely solely upon the plan reference numbers in this condition. Should the applicant not be able to provide you with the original copy Council will provide you with access to its files so you may review our original copy of the approved plan.

**Note:** These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* modifying or amending the development (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)

Standard Condition: A5 (Autotext AA5)

### A.3 Ancillary Aspect of the Development (s80A(2) of the Act)

The owner must procure the repair, replacement or rebuilding of all road pavement, kerb, gutter, footway, footpaths adjoining the site or damaged as a result of work under this consent or as a consequence of work under this consent. Such work must be undertaken to Council's satisfaction in accordance with Council's "Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works" dated February 2012 unless expressly provided otherwise by these conditions at the *owner's* expense.

**Note:** This condition does not affect the *principal contractor's* or any sub-contractors obligations to protect and preserve public infrastructure from damage or affect their liability for any damage that occurs. Standard Condition: A8 (Autotext AA8)

### A.4 Tree Preservation & Approved Landscaping Works

All landscape works shall be undertaken in accordance with the approved landscape plan, arborist report, tree management plan and transplant method statement as applicable.

- a) The following trees shall be retained
  - Trees on Private Land

Council Ref No.	Species	Location	Dimension (metres)
145	Ulmus parvifolia (Chinese Elm)	Existing Library Courtyard	7 x 10

b) The following trees shall be pruned in accordance with *Australian Standard Pruning of Amenity Trees* (AS 4373) and *Workcover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry*, to the minimum extent necessary to provide clearance to the new development:

Council Ref No.	Species	Location	Approved pruning (extent of pruning)
145	Ulmus parvifolia (Chinese Elm)	Existing Library Courtyard	Prune to provide crown clearance from new balcony to south
181	Araucaria bidwillii (Bunya pine)	Standing on 3-17 darling Point Rd – Adj. to proposed works	Prune as required to provide crown clearance from new building alignment.

**Note:** The tree/s required to be pruned should appear coloured blue on the construction certificate plans.

# B. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the demolition of any building or construction

### **B.1** Construction Certificate required prior to any demolition

Where demolition is associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building the demolition of any part of a building is "commencement of erection of building" pursuant to section 81A(2) of the Act. In such circumstance all conditions in Part C and Part D of this consent must be satisfied prior to any demolition work. This includes, but is not limited to, the issue of a Construction Certificate, appointment of a PCA and Notice of Commencement under the Act.

Note: See *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125. Standard Condition: B1 (Autotext BB1)

### **B.2** Recording of buildings with little or no heritage significance that are to be demolished:

A photographic archival record of the building and landscape elements to be demolished is to be submitted prior to the commencement of demolition work and prior to the issue of a Construction certificate.

The photographic archival recording is to be bound in an A4 format and is to include the following:

- a) Site plan at a scale of 1:200 (or 1:500 if appropriate) of all structures and major landscape elements including their relationship to the street and adjoining properties.
- b) Postcard sized photographs of:
  - each elevation,
  - each structure and landscape feature;
  - any significant original internal features;
  - views to the subject property from each street and laneway or public space.

Each photograph to be mounted, labelled and cross-referenced in accordance with recognised archival recording practice.

One original coloured photographic set and a coloured photocopy are to be submitted to the satisfaction of Council prior to the commencement of demolition work and prior to the issue of a construction certificate. The original will be retained by Council and the coloured photocopy will be provided to the Woollahra Local History Library.

Standard Condition: B4 (Autotext BB4)

### **B.3** Identification of Hazardous Material

In accordance with Australian Standard AS2601- 'The Demolition of Structures' the owner shall identify all hazardous substances located on the site including asbestos, Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), lead paint, underground storage tanks, chemicals, etc. per Clause 1.6.1 of the Standard. In this regard, **prior to the commencement of any work**, Council shall be provided with a written report prepared by a suitably qualified competent person detailing;

- all hazardous materials identified on the site;
- the specific location of all hazardous materials identified;
- whether the hazardous materials are to be removed from the site as part of the works to be undertaken; and
- safety measures to be put in place.

**Note**: This condition is imposed to protect the health and safety of all persons while works are being undertaken and to ensure all safety measures have been identified and are in place to protect all parties in the immediate vicinity of the site.

Standard Condition: B6

### **B.4** Public Road Assets prior to any work/demolition

To clarify the condition of the existing public infrastructure prior to the commencement of any development (including prior to any demolition), the *Applicant* or *Owner* must submit to Council a full record of the condition of the Public Road infrastructure adjacent to the development site.

The report must be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of <u>any work</u> and include photographs showing current condition and any existing damage fronting and adjoining the site to the:

- road pavement,
- kerb and gutter,
- footway including footpath pavement and driveways,
- retaining walls within the footway or road, and
- drainage structures/pits.

The reports are to be supplied in both paper copy and electronic format in Word. Photographs are to be in colour, digital and date stamped.

If the required report is not submitted then Council will assume there was no damage to any infrastructure in the immediate vicinity of the site prior to the commencement of any work under this consent.

**Note:** If the Applicant or Owner fails to submit the Asset condition report required by this condition and damage is occasioned to public assets adjoining the site, Council will deduct from security any costs associated with remedying, repairing or replacing damaged public infrastructure. Nothing in this condition prevents Council making any claim against security held for this purpose Standard Condition: B7

### **B.5** Establishment of Tree Protection Zones (TPZ)

Tree Protection Zones shall be established around all trees to be retained and in accordance with Section 4 of the *Australian Standard Protection of Trees on Development Sites* (AS 4970-2009). Tree protection zones must also comply with the following requirements;

a) Tree Protection Zone areas

Council Ref No.	Species	Location	Radius from Centre of Trunk (Metres)
145	Ulmus parvifolia (Chinese Elm)	Existing Library Courtyard	4.7m
181	Araucaria bidwillii (Bunya pine)	Standing on 3-17 darling Point Rd – Adj. to proposed works	4m
182	Syagrus romanzoffiana (Cocos palm)	Standing on 3-17 darling Point Rd – Adj. to proposed works	3m
186	Cupressocyparis leylandii (Leyland Cypress)	Standing on 3-17 darling Point Rd – Adj. to proposed works	2m
196	Brachychiton acerifolius (Illawarra Flame tree)	Standing on 3-17 darling Point Rd – Adj. to proposed works	3m
195	Howea forsteriana (Kentia palm)	Standing on 3-17 darling Point Rd – Adj. to proposed works	1.7m

**Note:** Where this condition relates to trees on private property the radial distance of fencing shall be positioned only within the subject property.

- b) Tree Protection Zones shall be fenced with a 1.8 metre high chainmesh or weldmesh fence and secured to restrict access. The fence shall be established prior to any materials being bought onto the site and before the commencement of works including demolition. The area within the fence shall be mulched and maintained to a depth of 75mm. The soil within the TPZ shall be kept in a moist condition for the duration of the construction works. Unless approved by the site arborist there shall be no access within the TPZ.
- c) Trunk protection shall be installed around the trunks of the following trees:

Council Ref No.	Species
145	Ulmus parvifolia (Chinese Elm)

Trunk protection shall consist of a padding material such as hessian or thick carpet underlay wrapped around the trunk. Hardwood planks (50mm x100mm or similar) shall be placed over the padding and around the trunk of the tree at 150mm centres. The planks shall be secured with 8 gauge wire at 300mm spacing. Trunk protection shall extend a minimum height of 2 metres or to the maximum possible length permitted by the first branches.

- d) A sign identifying the Tree Protection Zone shall be erected on each side of the protection fence indicating the existence of a TPZ. Signage must be visible from within the development site.
- e) No excavation, construction activity, grade changes, storage of materials, stockpiling, siting of works sheds, preparation of mixes or cleaning of tools is permitted within Tree Protection Zones, unless specified in Condition B.2 of this consent.
- f) Establishment of Ground protection
  Temporary access within the TPZ for pedestrian and machinery movements shall only
  be permitted with the approval of the site arborist or unless specified in Condition B.2
  of this consent. Appropriate ground protection shall be installed under the supervision
  of the site arborist.
- g) All site personnel and contractors must be made aware of all tree protection requirements associated with these conditions of consent.
- h) The project arborist shall provide written certification of compliance with the above condition.

### **B.6** Permissible work within Tree Protection Zones

The following works are permissible within the Tree Protection Zone:

Council Ref No.	Species	Radius from Trunk (metres)	Approved works
145	Ulmus parvifolia (Chinese Elm)	4.7m	Landscaping works. New seating
181	Araucaria bidwillii (Bunya pine)	4m	Excavation for footings of English
			Classroom building

The project arborist shall provide written certification of compliance with the above condition.

### **B.7** Arborists Documentation and Compliance Checklist

The site arborist shall provide written certification that all tree protection measures and construction techniques relevant to this consent have been complied with. Documentation for each site visit shall include:

- A record of the condition of trees to be retained prior to and throughout development
- Recommended actions to improve site conditions and rectification of non-compliance
- Recommendations for future works which may impact the trees

All compliance certification documents shall be kept on site by the Site Foreman.

As a minimum the following intervals of site inspections must be made:

Stage of arboricultural inspection	Compliance documentation and photos shall be included
Installation of tree protection fencing	Compliance with tree protection measures
Excavations for courtyard level reductions adjacent to Tree 145	Condition of any exposed roots
Excavations for English Classroom building footings adjacent to Tree 181	Condition of any exposed roots
Prior to pouring of slab	Condition of roots and soil
Prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate	Supervise the dismantling of tree protection measures

Inspections and compliance documentation shall be made by an arborist with AQF Level 5 qualifications.

Additional site visits shall be made when required by site arborist and/or site foreman for ongoing monitoring/supervisory work.

### C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate

### C.1 Modification of details of the development (Section 80A(1)(g) of the Act)

The approved plans and the Construction Certificate plans and specification, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation, must detail the following amendments:

The window panes on the bottom rows of all classrooms on the Ground Floor, Level 01 a) and Level 02 to the south elevation are to be fitted with fixed and translucent glazing to a minimum height of 1.6m measured from the corresponding finished floor level. This condition is imposed to comply with Control C5 and to achieve consistency with Objective O3 prescribed in Section F2.3 of Chapter F2 of the Woollahra Development Contrl Plan 2015

Note: The effect of this condition is that it requires design changes and/or further information to be provided with the Construction Certificate drawings and specifications to address specific issues identified during assessment under section 79C of the Act.

Note: Clause 146 of the Regulation prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate subject to this condition unless the Certifying Authority is satisfied that the condition has been complied with.

Note: Clause 145 of the Regulation prohibits the issue of any Construction Certificate that is inconsistent with this consent.

Standard Condition: C4 (Autotext CC4)

### C.2 Payment of Long Service Levy, Security, Contributions and Fees

The certifying authority must not issue any Part 4A Certificate until provided with the original receipt(s) for the payment of all of the following levy, security, contributions, and fees prior to the issue of a construction certificate, subdivision certificate or occupation certificate, as will apply.

Description	Amount	Indexed	Council Fee Code		
LONG SERVICE LEVY					
under Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986					
Long Service Levy	Contact LSL				
http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/levy_information/?levy	Corporation or use	No			
information/levy calculator.stm	online calculator				
SECURITY					
under section 80A(6) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979					
Property Damage Security Deposit -making good	\$208,600	No	T115		
any damage caused to any property of the Council	\$200,000				
DEVELOPMENT LEVY					
under Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011					
This plan may be inspected at Woollahra Council or downloaded at <a href="https://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a>					
<b>Development Levy</b> (Section 94A)	\$88,164 Yes,		T96		
	+ Index Amount	quarterly	190		
Security Administration Fee	\$189	No	T16		
TOTAL SECURITY, CONTRIBUTIONS,	\$296,953 plus any relevant indexed amounts and long				
LEVIES AND FEES	service levy				

### **Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment**

The Long Service Levy under Section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payment Act*, 1986, must be paid and proof of payment provided to the *Certifying Authority* prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*. The Levy can be paid directly to the Long Services Payments Corporation or to Council. Further information can be obtained from the Long Service Payments Corporation's website <a href="http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/">http://www.lspc.nsw.gov.au/</a> or the Long Service Payments Corporation on 13 14 41.

### How must the payments be made?

Payments must be made by:

- Cash deposit with Council,
- Credit card payment with Council, or
- Bank cheque made payable to Woollahra Municipal Council.

The payment of a security may be made by a bank guarantee where:

- The guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- The bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable];
- The bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other
  person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter
  relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the
  development consent;
- The bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the construction certificate; and
- The bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

### How will the section 94A levy be indexed?

To ensure that the value the development levy is not eroded over time by increases in costs, the proposed cost of carrying out development (from which the development levy is calculated) will be indexed either annually or quarterly (see table above). Clause 3.13 of the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011 sets out the formula and index to be used in adjusting the s.94A levy.

### Do you need HELP indexing the levy?

Please contact our customer service officers. Failure to correctly calculate the adjusted development levy will delay the issue of any Part 4A Certificate and could void any Part 4A Certificate (construction certificate, subdivision certificate, or occupation certificate).

# Deferred or periodic payment of section 94A levy under the Woollahra Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2011

Where the applicant makes a written request supported by reasons for payment of the section 94A levy other than as required by clause 3.9, the Council may accept deferred or periodic payment. The decision to accept a deferred or periodic payment is at the sole discretion of the Council, which will consider:

- The reasons given;
- Whether any prejudice will be caused to the community deriving benefit from the public facilities;
- Whether any prejudice will be caused to the efficacy and operation of the plan; and
- Whether the provision of public facilities in accordance with the adopted works schedule will be adversely affected.

Council may, as a condition of accepting deferred or periodic payment, require the provision of a bank guarantee where:

- The guarantee is by an Australian bank for the amount of the total outstanding contribution;
- The bank unconditionally agrees to pay the guaranteed sum to the Council on written request by Council on completion of the development or no earlier than 12 months from the provision of the guarantee whichever occurs first [NOTE: a time limited bank guarantee or a bank guarantee with an expiry date is not acceptable];
- The bank agrees to pay the guaranteed sum without reference to the applicant or landowner or other person who provided the guarantee and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development in accordance with the development consent;
- The bank guarantee is lodged with the Council prior to the issue of the construction certificate; and
- The bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the guarantee or when Council notifies the bank in writing that the guarantee is no longer required.

Any deferred or periodic payment of the section 94A levy will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.13 of the plan. The applicant will be required to pay any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank guarantee. Council will not cancel the bank guarantee until the outstanding contribution as indexed and any accrued charges are paid.

### Standard Condition: C5

### C.3 Soil and Water Management Plan – Submission & Approval

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the *Certifying Authority* a soil and water management plan complying with:

- a) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- b) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition" ('The Blue Book').

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence. The *Certifying Authority* must be satisfied that the soil and water management plan complies with the publications above prior to issuing any *Construction Certificate*.

Note: This condition has been imposed to eliminate potential water pollution and dust nuisance.

**Note**: The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia <a href="http://www.austieca.com.au/">http://www.austieca.com.au/</a> lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where erosion and sedimentation plans are required for larger projects it is recommended that expert consultants produce these plans.

**Note**: The "*Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry*" publications can be down loaded free of charge from <a href="http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/">http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/</a>.

**Note**: Pursuant to clause 161(1)(a)(5) of the *Regulation* an *Accredited Certifier* may satisfied as to this matter. Standard Condition: C25

### **C.4** Professional Engineering Details

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications, required by clause 139 of the Regulation, must include detailed *professional engineering* plans and/or specifications for all structural, electrical, hydraulic, hydro-geological, geotechnical, mechanical and civil work complying with this consent, approved plans, the statement of environmental effects and supporting documentation.

Detailed professional engineering plans and/or specifications must be submitted to the *Certifying Authority* with the application for any *Construction Certificate*.

**Note:** This does not affect the right of the developer to seek staged Construction Certificates. Standard Condition: C36

### C.5 Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Design, Certification & Monitoring

The Construction Certificate plans and specification required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation must be accompanied by a Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program together with civil and structural engineering details for foundation retaining walls, footings, basement tanking, and subsoil drainage systems, as applicable, prepared by a professional engineer, who is suitably qualified and experienced in geotechnical and hydrogeological engineering. These details must be certified by the professional engineer to:

- a) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no ground settlement or movement, during excavation or after construction, sufficient to cause an adverse impact on adjoining property or public infrastructure.
- b) Provide appropriate support and retention to ensure there will be no adverse impact on surrounding property or infrastructure as a result of changes in local hydrogeology (behaviour of groundwater).
- c) Provide foundation tanking prior to excavation such that any temporary changes to the groundwater level, during construction, will be kept within the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations. Where the historical range of natural groundwater fluctuations is unknown, the design must demonstrate that changes in the level of the natural water table, due to construction, will not exceed 0.3m at any time.
- d) Provide tanking of all below ground structures to prevent the entry of all ground water such that they are fully tanked and no on-going dewatering of the site is required.
- e) Provide a Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Monitoring Program that:
  - Will detect any settlement associated with temporary and permanent works and structures;
  - Will detect deflection or movement of temporary and permanent retaining structures (foundation walls, shoring bracing or the like);
  - Will detect vibration in accordance with AS 2187.2-1993 Appendix J including acceptable velocity of vibration (peak particle velocity);
  - Will detect groundwater changes calibrated against natural groundwater variations;
  - Details the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised;

- Details the pre-set acceptable limits for peak particle velocity and ground water fluctuations;
- Details recommended hold points to allow for the inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydro-geological measures by the professional engineer; and;
- Details a contingency plan.
   Standard Condition: C40 (Autotext: CC40)

### C.6 Stormwater discharge to existing Stormwater Drainage System

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must detail:

- a) The location of the existing *Stormwater Drainage System* including all pipes, inspection openings, surface drains, pits and their discharge location,
- b) The state of repair of the existing Stormwater Drainage System,
- c) Any remedial works required to upgrade the existing Stormwater Drainage *System* to comply with the BCA,
- d) Any remedial works required to upgrade the existing Stormwater Drainage *System* crossing the footpath and any new kerb outlets,
- e) Any new Stormwater Drainage System complying with the BCA,
- f) Interceptor drain(s) at the site boundary to prevent stormwater flows from the site crossing the footpath,
- g) Any rainwater tank (See Note Below) required by BASIX commitments including their overflow connection to the *Stormwater Drainage System*, and
- h) General compliance with the Council's Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 Stormwater and Flood Risk Management

Where any new *Stormwater Drainage System* crosses the footpath area within any road, separate approval under section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993 must be obtained from Council for those works prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.

All *Stormwater Drainage System* work within any road or public place must comply with Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated February 2012.

**Note:** Clause F1.1 of Volume 1 and Part 3.1.2 of Volume 2 of the BCA provide that stormwater drainage complying with AS/NZS 3500.3 Plumbing and drainage - Part 3: Stormwater drainage is deemed-to-satisfy the BCA. Council's specifications apply in relation to any works with any road or public place.

**Note:** The collection, storage and use of rainwater is to be in accordance with *Standards Australia HB230-2008* "Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook".

**Note**: Stormwater Drainage Systems must not discharge to any Sewer System. It is illegal to connect stormwater pipes and drains to the sewerage system as this can overload the system and cause sewage overflows. See:

http://www.sydneywater.com.au/Publications/Factsheets/SewerfixLookingAfterYourSewerPipes

Note: Woollahra Municipal Council's *Specification for Roadworks, Drainage and Miscellaneous Works* dated January 2003 and Council's Woollahra DCP 2015 Chapter E2 – Stormwater and Flood Risk Management can be downloaded from Council's website: <a href="www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a>
Standard Condition: C49

### C.7 Light & Ventilation

The Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority pursuant to clause 139 of the Regulation, must detail all a lighting, mechanical ventilation or air-conditioning systems complying with Part F.4 of the BCA or clause 3.8.4 and 3.8.5 of the BCA Housing Provisions, inclusive of AS 1668.1, AS 1668.2 and AS/NZS 3666.1. If an alternate solution is proposed then the Construction Certificate application must include a statement as to how the performance requirements of the BCA are to be complied with and support the performance based solution by expert evidence of suitability. This condition does not set aside the mandatory requirements of the Public Health (Microbial Control) Regulation 2000 in relation to regulated systems. This condition does not set aside the effect of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 in relation to offensive noise or odour.

Note: Clause 98 of the Regulation requires compliance with the BCA. Clause 145 of the *Regulation* prevents the issue of a *Construction Certificate* unless the *Accredited Certifier/Council* is satisfied that compliance has been achieved. Schedule 1, Part 3 of the *Regulation* details what information must be submitted with any *Construction Certificate*. It is the Applicant's responsibility to demonstrate compliance through the Construction Certificate application process. Applicants must also consider possible noise and odour nuisances that may arise. The provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997 have overriding effect if offensive noise or odour arises from the use. Applicant's must pay attention to the location of air intakes and air exhausts relative to sources of potentially contaminated air and neighbouring windows and air intakes respectively, see section 2 and 3 of <u>AS 1668.2</u>.

Standard Condition C59

### C.8 Acoustic Certification of Mechanical Plant & Equipment

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specification required to be submitted pursuant to clause 139 of the *Regulation* must be accompanied by a certificate from a *professional engineer* (acoustic engineer) certifying that the noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the proposed mechanical plant and equipment is operating will not exceed the *background noise level*. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed *background noise level*, at any time.

The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the  $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$  level measured by a sound level meter.

Where sound attenuation is required this must be detailed.

Note: Further information including lists of Acoustic Engineers can be obtained from:

- **1. Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals (www.acoustics.asn.au /index.php).
- **2. Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals (<a href="www.aaac.org.au">www.aaac.org.au</a>). Standard Condition: C62 (Autotext CC62)

### C.9 Design sound levels for building interiors

The *Construction Certificate* plans and specifications required by clause 139 of the *Regulation*, must provide details showing how the recommendations of the Environmental Noise Impact Assessment, prepared by Acoustic Logic will be implemented.

Design sound levels for building interiors should not exceed those recommended maximum design sound levels, LAeq, dB(A) specified by AS 2107-2000, *Acoustics - Recommended design sound levels and reverberation times for building interiors*.

**Note:** The design sound levels given in AS 2107-2000 are not necessarily appropriate in all circumstances. In particular, lower noise levels may be appropriate in quiet environments or where expectations of quality are high. For example, lower design sound levels than those given as satisfactory in AS 2107-2000 may be preferred for luxury hotels and apartments. However, additional costs will be incurred in achieving sufficient sound attenuation between spaces for acoustic privacy requirements. For each 5 dB reduction in the ambient sound level, 5 dB must be added to the overall sound isolation performance of the dividing elements to maintain the same level of acoustic privacy. There could also be additional costs associated with the provision of quieter building services. As a minimum compliance with the *BCA* is mandatory. Standard Condition: C63

### C.10 Ventilation - Internal Sanitary Rooms

All internal sanitary rooms and laundry facilities not provided with natural ventilation must be provided with a system of mechanical exhaust ventilation in accordance with *Table B1 Minimum Exhaust Ventilation Flow Rates of AS 1668.2-1991*. Details of any proposed mechanical ventilation system(s) being submitted with the Construction Certificate plans and specifications, required to be submitted to the Certifying Authority demonstrating compliance with AS 1668 Parts 1 & 2.

# D. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the commencement of any development work

# D.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following conditions are prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) that the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia,
- b) in the case of residential building work for which *the* Home Building Act 1989 requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under *the Home Building Regulation* 2004.
- b) to the erection of a temporary building.

In this condition, a reference to the *BCA* is a reference to that code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

**Note**: This condition must be satisfied prior to commencement of any work in relation to the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. This condition also has effect during the carrying out of all building work with respect to compliance with the Building Code of Australia.

**Note:** All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia. Standard Condition: D1 (Autotext DD1)

### D.2 Adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials

The *principal contractor* must ensure that a *professional engineer* determines the possibility of any adjoining buildings founded on loose foundation materials being affected by piling, piers or excavation. The *professional engineer* (geotechnical consultant) must assess the requirements for underpinning any adjoining or adjacent buildings founded on such soil on a case by case basis and the *principal contractor* must comply with any reasonable direction of the *professional engineer*.

**Note**: A failure by contractors to adequately assess and seek professional engineering (geotechnical) advice to ensure that appropriate underpinning and support to adjoining land is maintained prior to commencement may result in damage to adjoining land and buildings. Such contractors are likely to be held responsible for any damages arising from the removal of any support to supported land as defined by section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919.

Standard Condition: D6 (Autotext DD6)

### **D.3** Construction Management Plan

As a result of the site constraints, limited space and access a Construction Management Plan (CMP) is to be submitted to Council. Also, due to lack of on-street parking a Work Zone may be required during construction.

The principal contractor or owner must submit an application for approval of the Construction Management Plan by Council's Traffic Engineer and pay all fees associated with the application. The plan must be submitted as a self-contained document that outlines the nature of the construction project and as applicable, include the following information:-

- a) Detail the scope of the works to be completed including details of the various stages, e.g. Demolition, Excavation, Construction etc. and the duration of each stage.
- b) Identify local traffic routes to be used by construction vehicles.
- c) Identify ways to manage construction works to address impacts on local traffic routes.
- d) Identify other developments that may be occurring in the area and identify ways to minimise the cumulative traffic impact of these developments. Should other developments be occurring in close proximity (500m or in the same street) to the subject site, the developer/builder is to liaise fortnightly with the other developers/builders undertaking work in the area in order to minimise the cumulative traffic and parking impacts of the developments.
- e) Detail how construction workers will travel to and from the site and parking arrangements for those that drive.
- f) Identify any proposed road closures, temporary traffic routes, loss of pedestrian or cyclist access or reversing manoeuvres onto a public road and provide Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) prepared by an accredited RMS Red or Orange card holder to manage these temporary changes.
- g) Detail the size (including dimensions), numbers and frequency of arrival of the construction vehicles that will service the site for each stage of works.
- h) Provide for the standing of vehicles during construction.
- i) If construction vehicles are to be accommodated on the site, provide a scaled drawing showing where these vehicles will stand and the vehicle swept path to show that these vehicles can access and egress the site in a forward direction (including dimensions and all adjacent traffic control devices, such as parking restrictions, pedestrian facilities, kerb extensions, etc.).

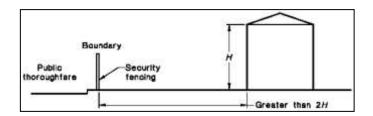
- j) If trucks are to be accommodated on Council property, provide a scaled drawing showing the location of any proposed Works Zone (including dimensions and all adjacent traffic control devices, such as parking restrictions, pedestrian facilities, kerb extensions, etc.).
- k) Show the location of any site sheds and any anticipated use of cranes and concrete pumps and identify the relevant permits that will be required.
- If a crane/s are to be accommodated on site, detail how the crane/s will be erected and removed, including the location, number and size of vehicles involved in the erection/removal of the crane/s, the duration of the operation and the proposed day and times, any full or partial road closures required to erect or remove the crane/s and appropriate Traffic Control Plans (TCPs) prepared by an approved RMS Red or Orange Card holder.
- m) Make provision for all materials, plant, etc. to be stored within the development site at all times during construction.
- n) State that any oversized vehicles proposed to operate on Council property (including Council approved Works Zones) will attain a Permit to Stand Plant on each occasion (Note: Oversized vehicles are vehicles longer than 7.5m or heavier than 4.5T.
- o) Show the location of any proposed excavation and estimated volumes.
- p) When excavation works are to be undertaken on school days, all vehicular movements associated with this work shall only be undertaken between the hours of 9.30am and 2.30pm, in order to minimise disruption to the traffic network during school pick up and drop off times.
- q) Show the location of all Tree Protection (Exclusion) zones (Note: storage of building materials or access through Reserve will not be permitted without prior approval by Council).

**Note:** A minimum of eight weeks will be required for assessment. Work must not commence until the Construction Management Plan is approved. Failure to comply with this condition may result in fines and proceedings to stop work.

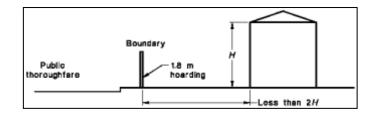
Standard Condition: D9 (Autotext: DD9)

### D.4 Security Fencing, Hoarding and Overhead Protection

Security fencing must be provided around the perimeter of the development site, including any additional precautionary measures taken to prevent unauthorised entry to the site at all times during the demolition, excavation and construction period. Security fencing must be the equivalent 1.8m high chain wire as specified in AS 1725.



Where the development site adjoins a public thoroughfare, the common boundary between them must be fenced for its full length with a hoarding, unless the least horizontal distance between the common boundary and the nearest parts of the structure is greater than twice the height of the structure. The hoarding must be constructed of solid materials (chain wire or the like is not acceptable) to a height of not less than 1.8 m adjacent to the thoroughfare.

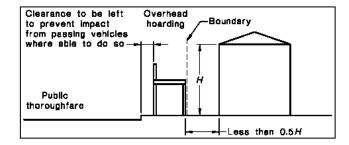


Where a development site adjoins a public thoroughfare with a footpath alongside the common boundary then, in addition to the hoarding required above, the footpath must be covered by an *overhead protective structure* and the facing facade protected by heavy-duty scaffolding, unless either:

- a) The vertical height above footpath level of the structure being demolished is less than 4.0 m; or
- b) The least horizontal distance between footpath and the nearest part of the structure is greater than half the height of the structure.

The overhead structure must consist of a horizontal platform of solid construction and vertical supports, and the platform must:

- a) Extend from the common boundary to 200mm from the edge of the carriageway for the full length of the boundary;
- b) Have a clear height above the footpath of not less than 2.1 m;
- c) Terminate 200mm from the edge of the carriageway (clearance to be left to prevent impact from passing vehicles) with a continuous solid upstand projecting not less than 0.5 m above the platform surface; and
- d) Together with its supports, be designed for a uniformly distributed live load of not less than 7 kPa.



The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must pay all fees associated with the application and occupation and use of the road (footway) for required hoarding or overhead protection.

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that Overhead Protective Structures are installed and maintained in accordance with WorkCover NSW Code of Practice - Overhead Protective Structures, gazetted 16 December 1994, as commenced 20 March 1995. This can be downloaded from:

 $\underline{http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/formspublications/publications/Pages/WC00017\_OverheadProtectiveStructuresCodeofPracti\_.aspx$ 

Security fencing, hoarding and overhead protective structure must not obstruct access to utilities services including but not limited to man holes, pits, stop valves, fire hydrants or the like.

**Note**: The *principal contractor* or *owner* must allow not less than two (2) weeks from the date of making a hoarding application for determination. Any approval for a hoarding or overhead protection under the *Roads Act* 1993 will be subject to its own conditions and fees.

Standard Condition: D11 (Autotext DD11)

### **D.5** Site Signs

The *Principal Contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the sign/s required by clauses 98A and 227A of the *Regulation* is/are erected and maintained at all times.

Clause 98A of the Regulation provides:

### Erection of signs

- For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the *Act*, the requirements of subclauses (2) and (3) are prescribed as conditions of a development consent for development that involves any building work, subdivision work or demolition work.
- A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision `work or demolition work is being carried out:
  - showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
  - b. showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
  - c. stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.
- Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
- This clause does not apply in relation to building work, subdivision work or demolition work that is carried out inside an existing building that does not affect the external walls of the building.
- This clause does not apply in relation to Crown building work that is certified, in accordance with section 116G of the Act, to comply with the technical provisions of the State's building laws."

Clause 227A of the Regulation provides:

### Signs on development sites

If there is a person who is the PCA or the principal contractor for any building work, subdivision work or demolition work authorised to be carried out on a site by a development consent or complying development certificate:

• Each such person MUST ensure that a rigid and durable sign showing the person's identifying particulars so that they can be read easily by anyone in any public road or other public place adjacent to the site is erected in a prominent position on the site before the commencement of work, and is maintained on the site at all times while this clause applies until the work has been carried out.

Note: Clause 227A imposes a penalty exceeding \$1,000 if these requirements are not complied with.

**Note**: If *Council* is appointed as the *PCA* it will provide the sign to the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* who must ensure that the sign is erected and maintained as required by Clause 98A and Clause 227A of the *Regulation*.

Standard Condition: D12 (Autotext DD12)

### **D.6** Toilet Facilities

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site. Each toilet provided:

- a) Must be a standard flushing toilet, and
- b) Must be connected to a public sewer, or

- c) If connection to a public sewer is not practicable, to an accredited sewage management facility approved by the council, or
- d) If connection to a public sewer or an accredited sewage management facility is not practicable, to some other sewage management facility approved by the council.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this condition must be completed before any other work is commenced.

In this condition:

accredited sewage management facility means a sewage management facility to which Division 4A of Part 3 of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation* 1993 applies, being a sewage management facility that is installed or constructed to a design or plan the subject of a certificate of accreditation referred to in clause 95B of the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation* 1993.

approved by the council means the subject of an approval in force under Division 1 of Part 3 of the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

*public sewer* has the same meaning as it has in the *Local Government (Approvals) Regulation* 1993.

sewage management facility has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1993.

**Note:** This condition does not set aside the requirement to comply with Workcover NSW requirements. Standard Condition: D13 (Autotext DD13)

### **D.7** Erosion and Sediment Controls – Installation

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must install and maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan if required under this consent;
- b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition" ('The Blue Book').

Where there is any conflict The Blue Book takes precedence.

Note: The International Erosion Control Association – Australasia (<a href="http://www.austieca.com.au/">http://www.austieca.com.au/</a>) lists consultant experts who can assist in ensuring compliance with this condition. Where Soil and Water Management Plan is required for larger projects it is recommended that this be produced by a member of the International Erosion Control Association – Australasia.

**Note**: The "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" publications can be down loaded free of charge from www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au.

**Note**: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

**Note**: Section 257 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997 provides inter alia that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution"

**Warning**: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of their occupation of the land being developed.

Standard Condition: D14 (Autotext DD14)

# D.8 Building - Construction Certificate, Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority, Appointment of Principal Contractor and Notice of Commencement (s81A(2) of the Act)

The erection of the building in accordance with this development consent must not be commenced until:

- A construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, the council (if the council is not the consent authority) or an accredited Certifier, and
- b) The person having the benefit of the development consent has:
  - Appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
  - Notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- c) The principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
  - Notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
  - Notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- d) The person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
  - Appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
  - Notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
  - Unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
  - Given at least 2 days' notice to the council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

**Note:** *building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the *Act* and includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure.

**Note**: *new building* has the same meaning as in section 109H of the Act and includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building.

**Note**: The commencement of demolition works associated with an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building is considered to be the commencement of building work requiring compliance with section 82A(2) of the *Act* (including the need for a *Construction Certificate*) prior to any demolition work. See: *Over our Dead Body Society Inc v Byron Bay Community Association Inc* [2001] NSWLEC 125.

**Note**: *Construction Certificate* Application, *PCA* Service Agreement and *Notice of Commencement* forms can be downloaded from Council's website www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au .

Note: It is an offence for any person to carry out the erection of a *building* in breach of this condition and in breach of section 81A(2) of the Act.

Standard Condition: D15 (Autotext DD15)

# E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work

# E.1 Compliance with Building Code of Australia and insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989

For the purposes of section 80A (11) of the Act, the following condition is prescribed in relation to a development consent for development that involves any building work:

- a) That the work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia.
- b) In the case of residential building work for which the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u> requires there to be a contract of insurance in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act, that such a contract of insurance is in force before any building work authorised to be carried out by the consent commences.

This condition does not apply:

- a) To the extent to which an exemption is in force under clause 187 or 188, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in clause 187 (6) or 188 (4) of the Regulation, or
- b) To the erection of a temporary building.

In this clause, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant construction certificate is made.

**Note:** All new guttering is to comply with the provisions of Part 3.5.2 of the Building Code of Australia. Standard Condition: E1 (Autotext EE1)

### **E.2** Compliance with Australian Standard for Demolition

Demolition of buildings and structures must comply with Australian Standard AS 2601—2001: The Demolition of Structures, published by Standards Australia, and as in force at 13 September 2001.

Standard Condition: E2 (Autotext EE2)

### **E.3** Compliance with Construction Management Plan

All development activities and traffic movements must be carried out in accordance with the approved construction management plan. All controls in the Plan must be maintained at all times. A copy of the Plan must be kept on-site at all times and made available to the *PCA* or *Council* on request.

**Note**: Irrespective of the provisions of the Construction Management Plan the provisions of traffic and parking legislation prevails.

Standard Condition: E3 (Autotext EE3)

### E.4 Requirement to notify about new evidence

a. Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination, heritage significance, threatened species or other relevant matters must be immediately notified to Council and the Principal Certifying Authority.

b. In the unlikely event that historical archaeological remains or deposits are exposed during the works, all work should cease while an evaluation of their potent extent and significance is undertaken and the NSW Heritage Division notified under the requirements of the Heritage Act 1977.

Standard Condition: E4 (Autotext EE4)

### **E.5** Critical Stage Inspections

Critical stage inspections must be called for by the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* as required by the PCA, any PCA service agreement, the *Act* and the *Regulation*. Work must not proceed beyond each critical stage until the PCA is satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent, the Construction Certificate(s) and the *Act*. *Critical stage inspections* means the inspections prescribed by the *Regulations* for the purposes of section 109E(3)(d) of the *Act* or as required by the *PCA* and any PCA Service Agreement.

**Note**: The PCA may require inspections beyond mandatory critical stage inspections in order that the PCA be satisfied that work is proceeding in accordance with this consent.

**Note**: The PCA may, in addition to inspections, require the submission of Com*pliance Certificates*, survey reports or evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA in relation to any matter relevant to the development.

Standard Condition: E5 (Autotext EE5)

### E.6 Hours of Work - Amenity of the neighbourhood

- a) No work must take place on any Sunday or public holiday,
- b) No work must take place before 7am or after 5pm any weekday,
- c) No work must take place before 7am or after 1pm any Saturday,
- d) The following *work* **must not** take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday;
  - i) Piling;
  - ii) Piering;
  - iii) Rock or concrete cutting, boring or drilling;
  - iv) Rock breaking;
  - v) Rock sawing;
  - vi) Jack hammering; or
  - vii) Machine excavation,
- e) No loading or unloading of material or equipment associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday
- f) No <u>operation of any equipment</u> associated with the activities listed in part d) above must take place before 9am or after 4pm any weekday, or before 9am or after 1pm any Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or public holiday
- g) No rock excavation being cutting, boring, drilling, breaking, sawing, jack hammering or bulk excavation of rock, must occur without a 15 minute break every hour.

This condition has been imposed to mitigate the impact of work upon the amenity of the neighbourhood. Impact of work includes, but is not limited to, noise, vibration, dust, odour, traffic and parking impacts.

**Note**: The use of noise and vibration generating plant and equipment and vehicular traffic, including trucks in particular, significantly degrade the amenity of neighbourhoods and more onerous restrictions apply to these activities. This more invasive work generally occurs during the foundation and bulk excavation stages of development. If you are in doubt as to whether or not a particular activity is considered to be subject to the more onerous requirement (9am to 4pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays) please consult with Council.

**Note**: Each and every breach of this condition by any person may be subject to separate penalty infringement notice or prosecution.

**Note**: The delivery and removal of plant, equipment and machinery associated with wide loads subject to RTA and Police restrictions on their movement outside the approved hours of work will be considered on a case by case basis.

**Note**: Compliance with these hours of work does not affect the rights of any person to seek a remedy to offensive noise as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997, the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation* 2000.

Note: EPA Guidelines can be down loaded from <a href="http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm">http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm</a> .

Note: see <a href="http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci\_build\_sheet7.pdf">http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/ci\_build\_sheet7.pdf</a>
Standard Condition: E6 (Autotext EE6)

### **E.7** Tree Preservation

All persons must comply with Council's Development Control Plan (DCP) 2015, Tree Management Chapter E3 other than where varied by this consent. The DCP applies to any tree with a height greater than 5 metres or a diameter spread of branches greater than 3 metres.

### **General Protection Requirements**

- a) There shall be no excavation or work within a Tree Protection Zone (TPZ). The TPZ must be maintained during all development work unless otherwise specified within these conditions of consent.
- b) Excavation must cease where tree roots with a diameter exceeding 30mm are exposed. The *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the exposed tree roots by an arborist with a minimum AQF Level 5 qualification. Excavation must only recommence with the implementation of the recommendations of the arborist.
- c) Where there is damage to any part of a tree the *principal contractor* must procure an inspection of the tree by a qualified arborist immediately. The *principal contractor* must immediately implement treatment as directed by the arborist. The arborist is to supply a detailed report to the appointed certifier.

**Note**: Trees must be pruned in accordance with *Australian Standard AS 4373 "Pruning of Amenity Trees"* and *WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Amenity Tree Industry*.

### E.8 Replacement/Supplementary trees which must be planted

Any replacement or supplementary tree shall be grown in accordance with Tree stock for landscape use (AS 2303:2015). The replacement tree shall be planted in *deep soil landscaped area* and maintained in a healthy and vigorous condition. If the replacement tree is found to be faulty, damaged, dying or dead before it attains a size whereby it is protected by Council's Tree Preservation Order, it must be replaced with another of the same species which complies with the criteria outlined below.

Species/Type	Planting/Location	Container Size/Size of Tree (at planting)	Minimum Dimensions at Maturity (metres)
<b>1 x</b> Lagerstroemia indica x	North boundary of new	200 litre	8 x 6
L. fauriei ('Natchez')	landscape courtyard		
<b>7 x</b> Acer palmatum	South boundary of	100 litre	6 x 4
'Senkaki' (Japanese Maple)	landscape courtyard		

The project arborist shall document compliance with the above condition.

### E.9 Level changes in the vicinity of trees

No level changes shall occur within the specified radius from the trunks of the following trees.

Council Ref No.	Species	Radius from Trunk (metres)
145	Ulmus parvifolia (Chinese Elm)	2.5m

The project arborist shall document compliance with the above condition.

### E.10 Hand excavation within tree root zones

Excavation undertaken within the specified radius from the trunks of the following trees shall be hand dug.

Council Ref No.	Species	Radius from Trunk (metres)
145	Ulmus parvifolia (Chinese Elm)	4.7m
181	Araucaria bidwillii (Bunya pine)	4m

Small hand tools such as mattocks or using compressed air or water jetting only shall be used. Roots with a diameter equal to or in excess of 30mm shall not be severed or damaged unless approved in writing by the project arborist.

Mechanical excavation is permitted beyond this radius when root pruning by hand along the perimeter line is completed. Exposed roots to be retained shall be covered with mulch or a geotextile fabric and kept in a moist condition and prevented from drying out.

All root pruning must be undertaken in accordance with the Australian Standard 4373 "Pruning of Amenity Trees" and carried out by a qualified Arborist (minimum qualification of Australian Qualification Framework Level 4 or recognised equivalent).

The project arborist shall document compliance with the above condition.

### E.11 Public Footpaths – Safety, Access and Maintenance

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* and any other person acting with the benefit of this consent must:

a) Not erect or maintain any gate or fence swing out or encroaching upon the road or the footway.

- b) Not use the road or footway for the storage of any article, material, matter, waste or thing.
- c) Not use the road or footway for any *work*.
- d) Keep the road and footway in good repair free of any trip hazard or obstruction.
- e) Not stand any plant and equipment upon the road or footway.
- f) Provide a clear safe pedestrian route a minimum of 1.5m wide.
- g) Protect heritage listed street name inlays in the footpath which are not to be removed or damaged during development.

This condition does not apply to the extent that a permit or approval exists under the section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act* 1999, section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993 or section 94 of the *Local Government Act* 1993 except that at all time compliance is required with:

- a) Australian Standard AS 1742 (Set) Manual of uniform traffic control devices and all relevant parts of this set of standards.
- b) Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation* 1999.

**Note**: Section 73 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act* 1999 allows the Police to close any road or road related area to traffic during any temporary obstruction or danger to traffic or for any temporary purpose. Any road closure requires Police approval.

**Note**: Section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993 provides that a person must not:

- erect a structure or carry out a work in, on or over a public road, or
- dig up or disturb the surface of a public road, or
- remove or interfere with a structure, work or tree on a public road, or
- pump water into a public road from any land adjoining the road, or
- connect a road (whether public or private) to a classified road, otherwise than with the consent of the appropriate roads authority.

**Note**: Section 68 of the *Local Government Act* 1993 provides that a person may carry out certain activities only with the prior approval of the council including:

- Part C Management of Waste:
  - a. For fee or reward, transport waste over or under a public place
  - b. Place waste in a public place
  - c. Place a waste storage container in a public place."
- Part E Public roads:
  - a. Swing or hoist goods across or over any part of a public road by means of a lift, hoist or tackle projecting over the footway
  - b. Expose or allow to be exposed (whether for sale or otherwise) any article in or on or so as to overhang any part of the road or outside a shop window or doorway abutting the road, or hang an article beneath an awning over the road."
  - c. Any work in, on or over the Road or Footway requires *Council* Approval and in the case of classified roads the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority. Road includes that portion of the road uses as a footway.

Standard Condition: E7 (Autotext EE7)

### **E.12** Maintenance of Environmental Controls

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that the following monitoring, measures and controls are maintained:

- a) Erosion and sediment controls,
- b) Dust controls,
- c) Dewatering discharges,
- d) Noise controls;

- e) Vibration monitoring and controls;
- f) Ablutions;

**Note:** See <a href="http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small\_business/builders.htm">http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/small\_business/builders.htm</a> for additional information. Standard Condition: E11

### E.13 Compliance with Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program

Excavation must be undertaken in accordance with the recommendations of the *Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program* and any oral or written direction of the supervising *professional engineer*.

The *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor must strictly follow the *Geotechnical / Hydrogeological Monitoring Program* for the development including, but not limited to;

- a) the location and type of monitoring systems to be utilised;
- b) recommended hold points to allow for inspection and certification of geotechnical and hydrogeological measures by the *professional engineer*; and
- c) the contingency plan.

**Note**: The consent authority cannot require that the author of the geotechnical/hydrogeological report submitted with the Development Application to be appointed as the *professional engineer* supervising the work however, it is the Council's recommendation that the author of the report be retained during the construction stage.

Standard Condition: E12 (Autotext EE12)

### E.14 Support of adjoining land and buildings

A person must not to do anything on or in relation to the *site* (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other land (the supported land) or building (the supported building).

For the purposes of this condition, supporting land includes the natural surface of the site, the subsoil of the site, any water beneath the site, and any part of the site that has been reclaimed.

**Note**: This condition does not authorise any trespass or encroachment upon any adjoining or supported land or building whether private or public. Where any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary or permanent) or the like is considered necessary upon any adjoining or supported land by any person the *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must obtain:

- a. the consent of the owners of such adjoining or supported land to trespass or encroach, or
- b. an access order under the Access to Neighbouring Land Act 2000, or
- c. an easement under section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919, or
- d. an easement under section 40 of the Land & Environment Court Act 1979 as appropriate.

**Note**: Section 177 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* creates a statutory duty of care in relation to support of land. Accordingly, a person has a duty of care not to do anything on or in relation to land being developed (the supporting land) that removes the support provided by the supporting land to any other adjoining land (the supported land).

**Note**: Clause 20 of the *Roads* (*General*) *Regulation* 2000 prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "**Excavations adjacent to road** - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary)) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road.

**Note**: The encroachment of work or the like is a civil matter of trespass or encroachment and Council does not adjudicate or regulate such trespasses or encroachments except in relation to encroachments upon any road, public place, crown land under Council's care control or management, or any community or operational land as defined by the *Local Government Act* 1993.

Standard Condition: E13 (Autotext EE13)

### **E.15 Vibration Monitoring**

Vibration monitoring equipment must be installed and maintained, under the supervision of a *professional engineer* with expertise and experience in geotechnical engineering, between any potential source of vibration and any *building* identified by the *professional engineer* as being potentially at risk of movement or damage from settlement and/or vibration during the excavation and during the removal of any excavated material from the land being developed.

If vibration monitoring equipment detects any vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building exceeding the peak particle velocity adopted by the *professional engineer* as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity an audible alarm must activate such that the *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor are easily alerted to the event.

Where any such alarm triggers all excavation works must cease immediately.

Prior to the vibration monitoring equipment being reset by the *professional engineer* and any further work recommencing the event must be recorded and the cause of the event identified and documented by the *professional engineer*.

Where the event requires, in the opinion of the *professional engineer*, any change in work practices to ensure that vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building does not exceed the peak particle velocity adopted by the *professional engineer* as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity these changes in work practices must be documented and a written direction given by the *professional engineer* to the *principal contractor* and any subcontractor clearly setting out required work practice.

The *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor must comply with all work directions, verbal or written, given by the *professional engineer*.

A copy of any written direction required by this condition must be provided to the *Principal Certifying Authority* within 24 hours of any event.

Where there is any movement in foundations such that damaged is occasioned to any adjoining *building* or such that there is any removal of support to *supported land* the *professional engineer*, *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor responsible for such work must immediately cease all work, inform the owner of that *supported land* and take immediate action under the direction of the *professional engineer* to prevent any further damage and restore support to the *supported land*.

**Note**: *Professional engineer* has the same mean as in Clause A1.1 of the BCA.

**Note**: *Building* has the same meaning as in section 4 of the Act i.e. "*building* includes part of a building and any structure or part of a structure".

**Note:** Supported land has the same meaning as in section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919. Standard Condition: E14 (Autotext EE14)

#### E.16 Erosion and Sediment Controls – Maintenance

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must maintain water pollution, erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with:

- a) The Soil and Water Management Plan required under this consent;
- b) "Do it Right On Site, Soil and Water Management for the Construction Industry" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils, 2001; and
- c) "Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction" published by the NSW Department of Housing 4th Edition ("The Blue Book").

Where there is any conflict *The Blue Book* takes precedence.



**Note**: A failure to comply with this condition may result in penalty infringement notices, prosecution, notices and orders under the Act and/or the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 without any further warning. It is a criminal offence to cause, permit or allow pollution.

**Note**: Section 257 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides that "the occupier of premises at or from which any pollution occurs is taken to have caused the pollution".

**Warning**: Irrespective of this condition any person occupying the site may be subject to proceedings under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 where pollution is caused, permitted or allowed as the result of the occupation of the land being developed whether or not they actually cause the pollution.

Standard Condition: E15 (Autotext EE15)

## E.17 Disposal of site water during construction

The principal contractor or owner builder must ensure:

- a) Prior to pumping any water into the road or public stormwater system that approval is obtained from *Council* under section 138(1)(d) of the *Roads Act* 1993;
- b) That *water pollution*, as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997, does not occur as the result of the discharge to the road, public stormwater system or other place or any site water;
- c) That stormwater from any roof or other impervious areas is linked, via temporary downpipes and stormwater pipes, to a Council approved stormwater disposal system immediately upon completion of the roof installation or work creating other impervious areas.

**Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that adjoining and neighbouring land is not adversely affected by unreasonable overland flows of stormwater and that site water does not concentrate water such that they cause erosion and water pollution.

Standard Condition: E17 (Autotext EE17)

# E.18 Check Surveys - boundary location, building location, building height, stormwater drainage system and flood protection measures relative to Australian Height Datum

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that a surveyor registered under the *Surveying Act 2002* carries out check surveys and provides survey certificates confirming the location of the building(s), ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to the boundaries of the *site* and that the height of buildings, ancillary works, flood protection works and the stormwater drainage system relative to Australian Height Datum complies with this consent at the following critical stages.

The *Principal Contractor* or *Owner Builder* must ensure that work must not proceed beyond each of the following critical stages until compliance has been demonstrated to the *PCA*'s satisfaction:

- a) Upon the completion of foundation walls prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any floor slab and generally at damp proof course level;
- b) Upon the completion of formwork for floor slabs prior to the laying of any floor or the pouring of any concrete and generally at each storey;
- c) Upon the completion of formwork or framework for the roof(s) prior to the laying of any roofing or the pouring of any concrete roof;
- d) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for any ancillary structure, flood protection work, swimming pool or spa pool or the like;
- e) Upon the completion of formwork and steel fixing prior to pouring of any concrete for driveways showing transitions and crest thresholds confirming that driveway levels match Council approved driveway crossing levels and minimum flood levels.;
- f) Stormwater Drainage Systems prior to back filling over pipes confirming location, height and capacity of works.
- g) Flood protection measures are in place confirming location, height and capacity.

**Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that development occurs in the location and at the height approved under this consent. This is critical to ensure that building are constructed to minimum heights for flood protection and maximum heights to protect views and the amenity of neighbours. Standard Condition: E20 (Autotext EE20)

#### E.19 Placement and use of Skip Bins

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must ensure that all waste storage containers, including but not limited to skip bins, must be stored within the site unless:

- a) Activity Approval has been issued by Council under section 94 of the *Local Government Act* 1993 to place the waste storage container in a public place, and
- b) Where located on the road it is located only in a positions where a vehicle may lawfully park in accordance with the Australian Road Rules to the extent they are adopted under the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation* 1999.

**Note**: Waste storage containers must not be located on the footpath without a site specific activity approval. Where such site specific activity approval is granted a 1.5m wide clear path of travel is maintained free of any trip hazards.

Standard Condition: E21 (Autotext EE21)

## **E.20** Prohibition of burning

There must be no burning of any waste or other materials. The burning of CCA (copper chrome arsenate) or PCP (pentachlorophenol) treated timber is prohibited in all parts of NSW.

All burning is prohibited in the Woollahra local government area.

**Note**: Pursuant to the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Control of Burning) Regulation* 2000 all burning (including burning of vegetation and domestic waste) is prohibited except with approval. No approval is granted under this consent for any burning.

Standard Condition: E22 (Autotext EE22)

## **E.21 Dust Mitigation**

Dust mitigation must be implemented in accordance with "Dust Control - Do it right on site" published by the Southern Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils.

This generally requires:

- a) Dust screens to all hoardings and site fences.
- b) All stockpiles or loose materials to be covered when not being used.
- c) All equipment, where capable, being fitted with dust catchers.
- d) All loose materials being placed bags before placing into waste or skip bins.
- e) All waste and skip bins being kept covered when not being filled or emptied.
- f) The surface of excavation work being kept wet to minimise dust.
- g) Landscaping incorporating trees, dense shrubs and grass being implemented as soon as practically possible to minimise dust.

**Note**: "Dust Control - Do it right on site" can be down loaded free of charge from Council's web site www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au or obtained from Council's office.

**Note:** Special precautions must be taken when removing asbestos or lead materials from development sites. Additional information can be obtained from <a href="www.workcover.nsw.gov.au">www.workcover.nsw.gov.au</a> and <a href="www.workcover.nsw.gov.au">www.epa.nsw.gov.au</a>. Other specific condition and advice may apply.

**Note:** Demolition and construction activities may affect local air quality and contribute to urban air pollution. The causes are dust, smoke and fumes coming from equipment or activities, and airborne chemicals when spraying for pest management. Precautions must be taken to prevent air pollution. Standard Condition: E23 (Autotext EE23)

#### **E.22** Site waste minimisation and management – Demolition

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from demolition activities:

- a) The provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work
- b) An area is to be allocated for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (giving consideration to slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets, vegetation and access and handling requirements)
- c) Provide separate collection bins and/or areas for the storage of residual waste
- d) Clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the bins and/or storage areas
- e) Implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour, health risks and windborne litter
- f) Minimise site disturbance, limiting unnecessary excavation

When implementing the SWMMP the applicant must ensure:

- a) Footpaths, public reserves and street gutters are not used as places to store demolition waste or materials of any kind without Council approval
- b) Any material moved offsite is transported in accordance with the requirements of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act (1997)*
- c) Waste is only transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility
- d) Generation, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous waste and special waste (including asbestos) is conducted in accordance with relevant waste legislation administered by the EPA and relevant Occupational Health and Safety legislation administered by Workcover NSW
- e) Evidence such as weighbridge dockets and invoices for waste disposal or recycling services are retained

**Note**: Materials that have an existing reuse or recycling market should not be disposed of in a land fill. Reuse and recycling opportunities are decreased when asbestos is not carefully removed and segregated from other waste streams.

Standard Condition: E31 (Autotext EE31)

#### E.23 Site waste minimisation and management – Construction

In order to maximise resource recovery and minimise residual waste from construction activities:

- a) The provisions of the Site Waste Minimisation and Management Plan (SWMMP) are to be implemented at all times during the course of the work
- b) Arrange for the delivery of materials so that materials are delivered 'as needed' to prevent the degradation of materials through weathering and moisture damage
- c) Consider organising to return excess materials to the supplier or manufacturer
- d) Allocate an area for the storage of materials for use, recycling and disposal (considering slope, drainage, location of waterways, stormwater outlets and vegetation)
- e) Clearly 'signpost' the purpose and content of the storage areas
- f) Arrange contractors for the transport, processing and disposal of waste and recycling. Ensure that all contractors are aware of the legal requirements for disposing of waste.
- g) Promote separate collection bins or areas for the storage of residual waste
- h) implement measures to prevent damage by the elements, odour and health risks, and windborne litter
- i) Minimise site disturbance and limit unnecessary excavation
- j) Ensure that all waste is transported to a place that can lawfully be used as a waste facility
- k) Retain all records demonstrating lawful disposal of waste and keep them readily accessible for inspection by regulatory authorities such as council, Department of Environment and Climate Change (DECC) or WorkCover NSW

  Standard Condition: E32 (Autotext EE32)

### E.24 Asbestos Removal

Where hazardous material, including bonded or friable asbestos has been identified in accordance with condition B6 above, and such material must be demolished, disturbed and subsequently removed, all such works must comply with the following criteria:

- a) Be undertaken by contractors who hold a current WorkCover Asbestos or "Demolition Licence" and a current WorkCover "Class 2 (restricted) Asbestos License,
- b) Be carried out in accordance with National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC): "Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos",
- c) No asbestos products may be reused on the site
- d) No asbestos laden skip or bins shall be left in any public place

**Note:** This condition is imposed to protect the health and safety of persons working on the site and the public Standard Condition: E39

#### **E.25** Classification of Hazardous Waste

Prior to the exportation of hazardous waste (including hazardous fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provision of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the NSW DECC *Waste Classification Guidelines*, *Part1: Classifying Waste* (April 2008).

Note: This condition is imposed to ensure that where hazardous waste will be removed from a site an Asbestos Licensed contractor can definitively determine where the waste may be legally taken for disposal.

Standard Condition: E40

#### E.26 Disposal of Asbestos and Hazardous Waste

Asbestos and hazardous waste, once classified in accordance with condition E 40 above must only be transported to waste facilities licensed to accept asbestos and appropriate classifications of hazardous waste.

**Note:** This condition is imposed to ensure that asbestos and other Hazardous waste is disposed of lawfully under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and relevant EPA requirements.

Standard Condition: E41

## E.27 Asbestos Removal Signage

Standard commercially manufactured signs containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" measuring not less than 400mm x 300mm are to be erected in prominent visible positions on the site when asbestos is being removed.

**Note:** This condition is imposed to ensure awareness of any hazard to the health and safety of persons working on the site and public.

Standard Condition: E42

### E.28 Notification of Asbestos Removal

In addition to the requirements for licensed asbestos removalists to give written notice to WorkCover all adjoining properties and those opposite the development site must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted. The notification is to identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone and facsimile numbers and email addresses.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that local residents are informed and have adequate communication facilitated for incidents of asbestos removal.

Standard Condition: E43

# F. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to any occupation or use of the building (Part 4A of the Act and Part 8 Division 3 of the Regulation)

## F.1 Occupation Certificate (section 109M of the Act)

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building (within the meaning of section 109H (4) of the *Act*) unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

**Note:** New building includes an altered portion of, or an extension to, an existing building. Standard Condition: F1 (Autotext FF1)

### F.2 Commissioning and Certification of Systems and Works

The *principal contractor* or *owner builder* must submit to the satisfaction of the *PCA* works-as-executed ("WAE") plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA confirming that the *works*, as executed and as detailed, comply with the requirement of this consent, the *Act*, the *Regulations*, any relevant *construction certificate*, the *BCA* and relevant *Australian Standards*.

Works-as-executed ("WAE") plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the BCA must include but may not be limited to:

- a) Certification from the supervising professional engineer that the requirement of the Geotechnical/Hydrogeological conditions and report recommendations were implemented and satisfied during development work.
- b) All flood protection measures.
- c) All garage/car park/basement car park, driveways and access ramps comply with Australian Standard AS 2890.1 "Off-Street car parking."
- d) All stormwater drainage and storage systems.
- e) All mechanical ventilation systems.
- f) All hydraulic systems.
- g) All structural work.
- h) All acoustic attenuation work.
- i) All waterproofing.
- j) Such further matters as the Principal Certifying Authority may require.

**Note**: This condition has been imposed to ensure that systems and works as completed meet *development standards* as defined by the *Act*, comply with the BCA, comply with this consent and so that a public record of works as execute is maintained.

**Note**: The *PCA* may require any number of WAE plans, certificates, or other evidence of suitability as necessary to confirm compliance with the *Act*, *Regulation*, Development Standards, *BCA*, and relevant *Australia Standards*. As a minimum WAE plans and certification is required for stormwater drainage and detention, mechanical ventilation work, hydraulic services (including but not limited to fire services).

**Note**: The *PCA* must submit to Council, with any *Occupation Certificate*, copies of works-as-executed ("WAE") plans, *Compliance Certificates* and evidence of suitability in accordance with Part A2.2 of the *BCA* upon which the *PCA* has relied in issuing any *Occupation Certificate*.

Standard Condition: F7 (Autotext FF7)

#### F.3 Provision of Category 1 Fire Safety Provisions (clause 93 of the Regulation)

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or any part of a the building unless such of the Category 1 fire safety provisions as are applicable to the building's proposed new use are provided.

Note: Category 1 fire safety provision means the following provisions of the BCA, EP1.3, EP1.4, EP1.6, EP2.1, EP2.2 and EP3.2 in Volume One of that Code and P2.3.2 in Volume Two of that Code. Standard Condition: F3

## **F.4** Fire Safety Certificates

In the case of a *final occupation certificate* to authorise a person:

- a) to commence occupation or use of a new building, or
- b) to commence a change of building use for an existing building,

a *certifying authority* must be satisfied that a final fire safety certificate has been issued for the building.

In the case of an *interim occupation certificate* to authorise a person:

- a) to commence occupation or use of a partially completed new building, or
- b) to commence a change of building use for part of an existing building,

a *certifying authority* must be satisfied that a final fire safety certificate or an interim fire safety certificate has been issued for the relevant part of the building.

**Note**: This condition does not apply to a class 1a or class 10 building within the meaning of clause 167 of the Regulation.

**Note**: In this condition:

interim fire safety certificate has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the Regulation. final fire safety certificate has the same meaning as it has in Part 9 of the Regulation. new building has the same meaning as it has in section 109H of the Act. Standard Condition: F4

## G. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any Subdivision Certificate

No conditions

## H. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate (s109C(1)(c))

#### H.1 Landscaping

The *principal contractor* or *owner* must provide to *PCA* a works-as-executed landscape plan and certification from a qualified landscape architect/designer, horticulturist and/or arborist as applicable to the effect that the works comply with this consent.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to ensure that all Landscaping work is completed prior to the issue of the Final Occupation Certificate.

## H.2 Removal of Ancillary Works and Structures

The *principal contractor* or *owner* must remove from the land and any adjoining public place:

- a) The site sign;
- b) Ablutions;
- c) Hoarding;
- d) Scaffolding; and
- e) Waste materials, matter, article or thing.

Note: This condition has been imposed to ensure that all ancillary matter is removed prior to the issue of the *Final Occupation Certificate*.

Standard Condition: H12 (Autotext HH12)

## I. Conditions which must be satisfied during the ongoing use of the development

## I.1 Staff, pupil and boarder numbers

- a) The existing number of staff, pupils and boarders at Ascham School shall not exceed 255 staff, 1240 students inclusive of 135 boarders (enrolled students).
- b) An annual statement is required to be submitted to Council showing the total number of staff and students enrolled and verifying compliance with the cap imposed.

**Note:** This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood with regard to on and off-street car parking and traffic movements.

#### I.2 Hours of use

The hours of use of the proposed new English Centre building is limited to the following:

a) Monday to Sunday: 7am to 10pm

This condition has been imposed to mitigate amenity impacts upon the neighbourhood.

Note: Deliveries to or dispatches from the site must not be made outside these hours. Trading Hours may be more onerous than these general hours of use. This condition does not apply to activities such as cleaning which takes place wholly within the building and which are not audible within any adjoining residential dwelling. If internal activities are audible within any adjoining residential dwelling such that they cause a nuisance to the occupiers of such dwelling than such internal activities must not occur outside these hours of use. This condition does not restrict the operation of noise pollution laws.

Standard Condition: II

#### I.3 Noise Control

The use of the premises must not give rise to the transmission of *offensive noise* to any place of different occupancy. *Offensive noise* is defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Note: Council will generally enforce this condition in accordance with the *Noise Guide for Local Government* (<a href="http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm">http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm</a>) and the *Industrial Noise Guidelines* (<a href="http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/industrial.htm">http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/industrial.htm</a>) publish by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Other state government authorities also regulate the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997.

#### Useful links:

**Community Justice Centres**—free mediation service provided by the NSW Government (www.cjc.nsw.gov.au).

**Department of Environment and Conservation NSW**, Noise Policy Section web page (www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise).

**New South Wales Government Legislation** home page for access to all NSW legislation, including the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the Protection of the Environment Noise Control Regulation 2000 (www.legislation.nsw.gov.au).

**Australian Acoustical Society**—professional society of noise-related professionals (<u>www.acoustics.asn.au</u>/<u>index.php</u>).

**Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants**—professional society of noise related professionals (www.aaac.org.au).

**Department of Gaming and Racing - (www.dgr.nsw.gov.au).** 

Standard Condition: I50

## I.4 Noise from mechanical plant and equipment

The noise level measured at any boundary of the site at any time while the mechanical plant and equipment is operating must not exceed the *background noise level*. Where noise sensitive receivers are located within the site, the noise level is measured from the nearest strata, stratum or community title land and must not exceed *background noise level* at any time.

The *background noise level* is the underlying level present in the ambient noise, excluding the subject noise source, when extraneous noise is removed. For assessment purposes the background noise level is the  $L_{A90,\ 15\ minute}$  level measured by a sound level meter.

This condition has been imposed to protect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

**Note**: Words in this condition have the same meaning as in the:

NSW Industrial Noise Policy (<a href="http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind\_noise.pdf">http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/ind\_noise.pdf</a>) ISBN 0731327152, dated January 2000, and

*Noise Guide for Local Government* (<u>http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/noise/nglg.htm</u>) ISBN 1741370671 , dated December 2004.

Standard Condition: I53

### I.5 Annual Fire Safety Statements (Class 1b to 9c buildings inclusive)

Each year, the owner of a building to which an *essential fire safety measure* is applicable must provide an *annual fire safety statement* to *Council* and the Commissioner of the NSW Fire Brigades. The *annual fire safety statement* must be prominently displayed in the building.

**Note**: Essential fire safety measure has the same meaning as in clause 165 of the Regulation. Annual fire safety statement has the same meaning as in clause 175 of the Regulation. Part 9 Division 5 of the Regulation applies in addition to this condition at the date of this consent. Visit Council's web site for additional information in relation to fire safety <a href="https://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a>. Standard Condition: 122

#### J. Miscellaneous Conditions

No conditions

## K. Advisings

### K.1 Criminal Offences – Breach of Development Consent and Environmental laws

Failure to comply with this development consent and any condition of this consent is a **criminal offence.** Failure to comply with other environmental laws is also a criminal offence.

Where there is any breach Council may without any further warning:

a) Issue Penalty Infringement Notices (On-the-spot fines);

- b) Issue notices and orders;
- c) Prosecute any person breaching this consent; and/or
- d) Seek injunctions/orders before the courts to restrain and remedy any breach.

## Warnings as to potential maximum penalties

Maximum Penalties under NSW Environmental Laws include fines up to \$1.1 Million and/or custodial sentences for serious offences.

## Warning as to enforcement and legal costs

Should Council have to take any action to enforced compliance with this consent or other environmental laws Council's policy is to seek from the Court appropriate orders requiring the payments of its costs beyond any penalty or remedy the Court may order.

This consent and this specific advice will be tendered to the Court when seeking costs orders from the Court where Council is successful in any necessary enforcement action.

**Note**: The payment of environmental penalty infringement notices does not result in any criminal offence being recorded. If a penalty infringement notice is challenged in Court and the person is found guilty of the offence by the Court, subject to section 10 of *the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act* 1999, a criminal conviction is recorded. The effect of a criminal conviction beyond any fine is serious. You can obtain further information from the following web sites:

 $\frac{http://www.theshopfront.org/documents/ConvictionsCriminalRecords.pdf}{General's} \ and \ the \ Attorney \ General's \ \underline{www.agd.nsw.gov.au}.$ 

Standard Advising: K1 (Autotext KK1)

### K.2 Dial before you dig



The *principal contractor*, *owner builder* or any person digging may be held financially responsible by the asset owner should they damage underground pipe or cable networks. Minimise your risk and Dial 1100 Before You Dig or visit www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au.

When you contact Dial Before You Dig you will be sent details of all Dial Before You Dig members who have underground assets in the vicinity of your proposed excavation.

Standard Advising: K2 (Autotext KK2)

## K.3 Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992 ("DDA")

The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (DDA) makes it against the law for public places to be inaccessible to people with a disability. Compliance with this development consent, Council's Access DCP and the BCA does not necessarily satisfy compliance with the DDA.

The DDA applies to existing places as well as places under construction. Existing places must be modified and be accessible (except where this would involve "unjustifiable hardship").

Further detailed advice can be obtained from the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission ("HEROC"):

- a) http://www.hreoc.gov.au/index.html
- b) http://www.hreoc.gov.au/disability\_rights/dda\_guide/ins/ins.html

If you have any further questions relating to the application of the DDA you can send an email to HEROC at disabdis@humanrights.gov.au. Standard Advising: K3 (Autotext KK3)

### K.4 Builder's Licences and Owner Builders Permits

Section 81A of the Act requires among other matters that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an **owner-builder**, must appointed a principal contractor for residential building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence.

Further information can be obtained from the NSW Office of Fair Trading website about how you obtain an owner builders permit or find a principal contractor (builder): http://www.dft.nsw.gov.au/building.html.

The Owner(s) must appoint the PCA. The PCA must check that Home Building Act insurance is in place before the commencement of building work. The Principal Contractor (Builder) must provide the Owners with a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 for the residential building work. Standard Condition: K5 (Autotext KK5)

## K.5 Building Standards - Guide to Standards and Tolerances

The PCA does not undertake detailed quality control inspections and the role of the PCA is primarily to ensure that the development proceeds in accordance with this consent, Construction Certificates and that the development is fit for occupation in accordance with its classification under the Building Code of Australia. Critical Stage Inspections do not provide the level of supervision required to ensure that the minimum standards and tolerances specified by the "Guide to Standards and Tolerances©" ISBN 0 7347 6010 8 are achieved.

The quality of any development is a function of the quality of the *principal contractor's* or owner builder's supervision of individual contractors and trades on a daily basis during the development. The PCA does not undertake this role.

The NSW Office of Fair Trading have published a "Guide to Standards and Tolerances©" ISBN 0 7347 6010 8. The guide can be obtained from the Office of Fair Trading by calling 13 32 20 or by Fax: 9619 8618 or by post to: Marketing Branch, PO Box 972, Parramatta NSW 2124.

The Guide can be down loaded from: http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/pdfs/corporate/publications/dft242.pdf

Council, as the PCA or otherwise, does not adjudicate building contract disputes between the principal contractor, contractors and the owner.

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Standard Condition: K6 (Autotext KK6)

## **K.6** Workcover requirements

The Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000 No 40 and subordinate regulations, codes of practice and guidelines control and regulate the development industry.

Note: Further information can be obtained from Workcover NSW's website:

<a href="http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm">http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au/Industry/Construction/default.htm</a> or through their head office:

Location: Workcover NSW, 92-100 Donnison Street, GOSFORD 2250 Postal address: WorkCover NSW, Locked Bag 2906, LISAROW 2252, Phone (02) 4321 5000, Fax (02) 4325 4145.

Standard Condition: K7 (Autotext KK7)</a>

#### K.7 Asbestos Removal, Repair or Disturbance

Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW.

Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence.

All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:

- a) The Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000;
- b) The Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001;
- c) The Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos [NOHSC: 2002 (1998)];
- d) The Guide to the Control of Asbestos Hazards in Buildings and Structures [NOHSC: 3002 (1998)] http://www.nohsc.gov.au/];
- e) The Workcover NSW Guidelines for Licensed Asbestos Removal Contractors.

Note: The Code of Practice and Guide referred to above are known collectively as the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. They are specifically referenced in the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001 under Clause 259. Under the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001, the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos are the minimum standards for asbestos removal work. Council does not control or regulate the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. You should make yourself aware of the requirements by visiting <a href="https://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au">www.workcover.nsw.gov.au</a> or one of Workcover NSW's offices for further advice. Standard Advising: K8 (Autotext KK8)

## K.8 Lead Paint

It is beyond the scope of this consent to provide detailed information about dealing with lead paint. Painters working in an area containing lead-based paint should refer to Australian Standard AS 4361.1–1995, Guide to Lead Paint Management—Industrial Applications, or AS 4361.2–1998, Guide to Lead Paint Management—Residential and Commercial Buildings.

Industrial paints may contain lead. Lead is used in some specialised sign-writing and artist paints, and road marking paints, and anti-corrosive paints. Lead was a major ingredient in commercial and residential paints from the late 1800s to 1970. Most Australian commercial buildings and residential homes built before 1970 contain lead paint. These paints were used both inside and outside buildings.

Lead particles are released when old lead paint flakes and peels and collects as dust in ceiling, wall and floor voids. If dust is generated it must be contained. If runoff contains lead particles it must be contained. Lead is extremely hazardous, and stripping of lead-based paint and the disposal of contaminated waste must be carried out with all care. Lead is a cumulative poison and even small levels in the body can have severe effects.

Standard Advising: K9 (Autotext KK9)

## K.9 Appeal

Council is always prepared to discuss its decisions and, in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact Mr T Wong, Senior Assessment Officer, on (02) 9391 7158

However, if you wish to pursue your rights of appeal in the Land & Environment Court you are advised that Council generally seeks resolution of such appeals through a Section 34 Conference, site hearings and the use of Court Appointed Experts, instead of a full Court hearing.

This approach is less adversarial, it achieves a quicker decision than would be the case through a full Court hearing and it can give rise to considerable cost and time savings for all parties involved. The use of the Section 34 Conference approach requires the appellant to agree, in writing, to the Court appointed commissioner having the full authority to completely determine the matter at the conference.

Standard Condition: K14 (Autotext KK14)

## K.10 Release of Security

An application must be made to Council by the person who paid the security for release of the securities held under section 80A of the *Act*.

The securities will not be released until a *Final Occupation Certificate* has lodged with Council, Council has inspected the site and Council is satisfied that the public works have been carried out to Council's requirements. Council may use part or all of the security to complete the works to its satisfaction if the works do not meet Council's requirements.

Council will only release the security upon being satisfied that all damage or all works, the purpose for which the security has been held have been remedied or completed to Council's satisfaction as the case may be.

Council may retain a portion of the security to remedy any defects in any such public work that arise within 6 months after the work is completed.

Upon completion of each section of road, drainage and landscape work to Council's satisfaction, 90% of the Bond monies held by Council for these works will be released upon application. 10% may be retained by Council for a further 6 month period and may be used by Council to repair or rectify any defects or temporary works during the 6 month period.

**Note:** The Application for Refund of Security form can be downloaded from <a href="http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/">http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au/</a> data/assets/pdf file/0004/76405/Refund of Security Form.pdf Standard Condition: K15 (Autotext KK15)

## K.11 Recycling of Demolition and Building Material

It is estimated that building waste, including disposable materials, resulting from demolition, excavation, construction and renovation, accounts for almost 70% of landfill. Such waste is also a problem in the generation of dust and the pollution of stormwater. Council encourages the recycling of demolition and building materials.

Standard Condition: K17 (Autotext KK17)

#### **K.12 Owner Builders**

Under the *Home Building Act 1989* any property owner who intends undertaking construction work to a dwelling house or dual occupancy to the value of \$12,000 or over must complete an approved education course and obtain an owner-builder permit from the Office of Fair Trading (see <a href="https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au">www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au</a>.)

Standard Condition: K18 (Autotext KK18)

## K.13 Pruning or Removing a Tree Growing on Private Property

Woollahra Municipal Council's Development Control Plan (DCP) 2015, Tree Management Chapter E3 may require that an application be made to Council prior to pruning or removing any tree. The aim is to secure the amenity of trees and preserve the existing landscape within our urban environment.

Before you prune or remove a tree, make sure you read all relevant conditions. You can obtain a copy of the DCP from Council's website <a href="www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a> or you may contact Council on 9391-7000 for further advice.

Standard Condition: K19 (Autotext KK19)

#### K.14 Model

If you submitted a model with the application it must be collected from the Council offices within fourteen (14) days of the date of this determination. Models not collected will be disposed of by Council.

Standard Condition: K21 (Autotext KK21)

**ITEM No.** R2 Recommendation to Council

**FILE No.** DA72/2014/2

**ADDRESS** 250-290 Jersey Road Woollahra

**PROPOSED** Extensive alterations and additions of the existing independent seniors

**MODIFICATIONS** living development including an internal and external upgrade

throughout and a new Village Centre

**REASON FOR** In accordance with Council's meeting procedures and policy this **REPORT** matter is referred to full Council to allow Council to make a

submission to the Sydney Central Planning Panel (SCPP).

#### **Recommendation:**

That Council advises the Sydney Central Planning Panel (SCPP), that it raises no objection to the granting of development consent to Development Application No. 72/2014 part 2 for modifications to the approved scheme including layout changes to the Village Centre, balconies to Macquarie Tower, access and layout and access changes to Bourke & Gipps units on land at 250-290 Jersey Road Woollahra, subject to the conditions recommended in the planning assessment report (Annexure 1).

**Note:** The Officer's Report contains the following Recommendations.

#### Pursuant to Section 96 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

THAT the Council, as the consent authority, modify development consent to Development Application No. 72/2014/1 for extensive alterations and additions of the existing independent seniors living development including an internal and external upgrade throughout and a new Village Centre on land at 250-290 Jersey Road Woollahra, in the following manner:

### The following conditions are to be added:

#### A. General Conditions

### A.8 Approved Amended (s96) Plans and supporting documents

Those acting upon or under this amended consent must carry out all work and maintain the use and works in accordance with the approved plans and supporting documents listed in the original consent, as amended by the amended approved plans and supporting documents as submitted by the Applicant and to which is affixed a Council stamp "Approved Section 96 Plans" listed below otherwise than modified by further condition(s). Where the plans relate to amendments, alterations or additions only those works shown in colour or highlighted are approved.

Reference	Description	Author/Drawn	Date(s)
003 Issue D	Site Plan	Environa Studio	11/1/17
004 Issue D	Village Centre Perspective Views	Environa Studio	11/1/17
005 Issue D	3D Model Study	Environa Studio	11/1/17
006 Issue D	3D Model Study	Environa Studio	11/1/17
007 Issue D	3D Model Study	Environa Studio	11/1/17
101 Issue D	Level 1 Floor Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
102 Issue D	Level 2 Floor Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
103 Issue D	Level 3 Floor Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
104 Issue D	Level 4 Floor Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
105 Issue D	Level 5 Floor Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
106 Issue D	Level 6 Floor Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
107 Issue D	Level 7-10 Floor Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
110 Issue D	Roof Plan	Environa Studio	10/1/17
120 Issue D	Section A	Environa Studio	10/1/17
121 Issue D	Section B	Environa Studio	10/1/17
122 Issue D	Section C	Environa Studio	10/1/17
130 Issue D	West Elevation	Environa Studio	10/1/17
131 Issue D	East Elevation	Environa Studio	10/1/17
210 Revision D	Materials and Finishes	Environa Studio	11/1/17
LP-1.0 to	Landscape Plan	John Lock & Ass.	10 Jan 2017
LP-1.3			
LP-2.0			

**Note**: These plans and supporting documentation may be subject to conditions modifying the development imposed under section 80A(1)(g) of the *Act* (refer to conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any *Construction Certificate*.)

Standard Condition: A6 (Autotext AA6)

### C. Conditions which must be satisfied prior to the issue of any construction certificate

### C.21 Amended Landscape Plan

An amended Landscape Plan shall be prepared in accordance with Council's DA Guide and conforming to the conditions of this Development Consent. This plan must be submitted to Council prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. The amended landscape plan must include the following:

- Indicate the planting of a specimen of *Caesalpinia ferrea* (Leopard tree) of 100 litre pot size in the garden bed to the north of Tree 29 which has been removed. This replacement being a condition of the permit to remove Tree 29.
- Indicate to deletion of the proposed planting of a specimen *Eucalyptus saligna* (Sydney Blue Gum) at the south east corner of the Macquarie Tower, adjacent to Tree 30. This being assessed as excessive planting adjacent to a developing tree of the same species.

## **C.22 Ground Anchors**

This development consent does <u>NOT</u> give approval to works or structures over, on or under public roads or footpaths excluding minor works subject to separate Road Opening Permit.

The use of permanent ground anchors under Council land is not permitted.

Temporary ground anchors may be permitted, in accordance with Council's "Rock Anchor Policy", where alternative methods of stabilisation would not be practicable or viable, and where there would be benefits in terms of reduced community impact due to a shorter construction period, reduced disruption to pedestrian and vehicular traffic on adjacent public roads, and a safer working environment.

If temporary ground anchors under Council land are proposed, a separate application, including payment of fees, must be made to Council under Section 138 of the *Roads Act* 1993. Application forms and Council's "Rock Anchor Policy" are available from Councils web-site <a href="http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au">http://www.woollahra.nsw.gov.au</a>. Approval may be granted subject to conditions of consent. Four weeks should be allowed for assessment.

**Note:** To ensure that this work is completed to Council's satisfaction, this consent by separate condition, may impose one or more Infrastructure Works Bonds.

Note: Road has the same meaning as in the Roads Act 1993.

**Note**: Clause 20 of the *Roads* (*General*) *Regulation* 2000 prohibits excavation in the vicinity of roads as follows: "**Excavations adjacent to road** - A person must not excavate land in the vicinity of a road if the excavation is capable of causing damage to the road (such as by way of subsidence) or to any work or structure on the road." Separate approval is required under the Roads Act 1993 for any underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring (temporary)) or the like within or under any road. Council will not give approval to permanent underpinning, shoring, soil anchoring within or under any road. Standard Condition: C41 (Autotext: CC41)

## E. Conditions which must be satisfied during any development work

## **E.23 Vibration Monitoring**

Vibration monitoring equipment must be installed and maintained, under the supervision of a *professional engineer* with expertise and experience in geotechnical engineering, between any potential source of vibration and any *building* identified by the *professional engineer* as being potentially at risk of movement or damage from settlement and/or vibration during the excavation and during the removal of any excavated material from the land being developed.

If vibration monitoring equipment detects any vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building exceeding the peak particle velocity adopted by the *professional engineer* as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity an audible alarm must activate such that the *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor are easily alerted to the event.

Where any such alarm triggers all excavation works must cease immediately. Prior to the vibration monitoring equipment being reset by the *professional engineer* and any further work recommencing the event must be recorded and the cause of the event identified and documented by the *professional engineer*.

Where the event requires, in the opinion of the *professional engineer*, any change in work practices to ensure that vibration at the level of the footings of any adjacent building does not exceed the peak particle velocity adopted by the *professional engineer* as the maximum acceptable peak particle velocity these changes in work practices must be documented and a written direction given by the *professional engineer* to the *principal contractor* and any subcontractor clearly setting out required work practice.

The *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor must comply with all work directions, verbal or written, given by the *professional engineer*.

A copy of any written direction required by this condition must be provided to the *Principal Certifying Authority* within 24 hours of any event.

Where there is any movement in foundations such that damaged is occasioned to any adjoining *building* or such that there is any removal of support to *supported land* the *professional engineer*, *principal contractor* and any sub-contractor responsible for such work must immediately cease all work, inform the owner of that *supported land* and take immediate action under the direction of the *professional engineer* to prevent any further damage and restore support to the *supported land*.

**Note**: *Professional engineer* has the same mean as in Clause A1.1 of the BCA.

Note: Building has the same meaning as in section 4 of the Act i.e. "building includes part of a building and any

structure or part of a structure".

Note: Supported land has the same meaning as in section 88K of the Conveyancing Act 1919.

Standard Condition: E14 (Autotext EE14)

## E.24 Replacement/Supplementary trees which must be planted

Any replacement or supplementary tree shall be grown in accordance with Tree stock for landscape use (AS 2303:2015). The replacement tree shall be planted in *deep soil landscaped area* and maintained in a healthy and vigorous condition. If the replacement tree is found to be faulty, damaged, dying or dead before it attains a size whereby it is protected by Council's Tree Preservation Order, it must be replaced with another of the same species which complies with the criteria outlined below.

Species/Type	Planting/Location	Container Size/Size of Tree (at planting)	Minimum Dimensions at Maturity (metres)
1 x Caesalpinia ferrea (Leopard tree)	East side of Macquarie Tower – Garden bed north of Tree 29 previously removed	100 litre	10 x 8

The project arborist shall document compliance with the above condition.

## 9.4. Community & Environment Committee

## Items with Recommendations from the Committee Meeting of Monday 10 April 2017 Submitted to the Council for Determination

**Item No:** R1 Recommendation to Council

Subject: RUSHCUTTERS BAY PARK YOUTH RECREATION FACILITY

**Author:** Caitlin Moffat, Team Leader Open Space & Rec Planning

**Approvers:** Paul Fraser, Manager - Open Space & Trees

Tom O'Hanlon, Director - Technical Services

**File No:** 17/41719

**Reason for Report:** Follow up report to discuss the community consultation around the Youth

Recreation Facility.

#### **Recommendation:**

That Council proceed to construct the Rushcutters Bay Youth Recreation Facility, including a skate facility, as shown in the concept design included as Annexure 1 of the report.

**Item No:** R2 Recommendation to Council

Subject: COMMUNITY CULTURAL ENVIRONMENTAL AND

PLACEMAKING GRANTS PROGRAM

**Authors:** Romi Scodellaro, Community Development Officer

Peter Kauter, Manager Placemaking

Sharon Campisi, Manager - Community Development

**Approvers:** Allan Coker, Director - Planning & Development

Kylie Walshe, Director - Community Services

**File No:** 17/42042

**Reason for Report:** To update and establish a more consistent framework for the management

of Council's grants programs, including community, environmental and

placemaking grants.

#### **Recommendation:**

A. That Council approve the revised Community and Cultural Grants Program Policy and Guidelines and the Community Environmental Grant Guidelines.

B. That Council approve the draft Placemaking Grants Program Policy and Guidelines.

## 12. Questions for Next Meeting

**Item No:** 12.1

**Subject:** QUESTIONS FOR NEXT MEETING

**Author:** Sue O'Connor, Secretarial Support - Governance

**Approver:** Craig Bennett, Manager Governance & Council Support

**File No:** 17/50570

**Reason for Report:** To provide a response to Questions for Next Meeting from Council

Meeting of 10 April 2017 and for Councillors to ask Questions for Next

Meeting in accordance with Council's Code of Meeting Practice.

#### **Recommendation:**

A. That the responses to previous Questions for Next Meeting be noted.

B. That Councillors ask Questions for Next Meeting in accordance with Council's Code of Meeting Practice.

## 1. Background:

The provision for Councillors to ask Questions for Next Meeting is contained in Section 3.1 of Council's Code of Meeting Practice which states:

### 3.1 QUESTIONS

- As a standard practice, a report on "Questions for Next Meeting" shall be listed in all agendas of ordinary meetings of council. The agenda item shall contain a report of the questions asked at the last council meeting and the responses to those questions and provide an opportunity for the councillors to ask questions for the next Council Meeting. Councillors may also submit Questions on Notice for inclusion in the council meeting business paper. Questions on Notice are to be submitted to the Council's Governance Department by no later than 10.00am on the Thursday preceding the council meeting.
- (2) Questions asked at a council meeting shall also be submitted in writing.
- (3) The councillor must put every question directly, succinctly and without argument.
- (4) The mayor shall refer the question to the general manager or responsible division head, or if the question is directed to another councillor, the councillor concerned. There shall be no requirement to answer the question immediately.
- (5) If the answer to a question can be given immediately, and it makes sense to do so, then such shall be done and a record made in the minutes of the meeting. If an answer can be given, but not immediately, then the mayor shall indicate to whom the question is to be directed.
- (6) In the spirit of achieving the expeditious discharge of council business the agenda item "Questions for Next Meeting" shall generally be limited to not more than 30 minutes duration unless the Council determines otherwise, on the evening in question and by way of specific resolution.

Questions for Next Meeting should be asked in accordance with the Code of Meeting Practice. Responses to Councillors Questions for Next meeting on 10 April 2017 are as follows:

**Question Number:** 12.1 Cross Street Cinema Proposal

## Councillor O'Regan asking:

Can you please provide an update on the cinema for Double Bay. The successful tenderer and Council may have had discussions to progress the matter and the cinema is much anticipated by the Double Bay and broader community.

#### **Acting General Manager in response:**

A report is being prepared for the next Corporate and Works Committee Meeting, which is being held on Monday 24 April, 2017. The report will provide an update regarding the negotiations with the Built/Axiom/Palace Cinemas Consortium in relation to the draft commercial terms as well as an update from the Director Planning and Development in relation to the discussions on the design issues.

In respect of the commercial terms, we have put a number of options back to the consortium in terms of the ownership, the structure and tenure of the various stratums and CBRE are currently in the process of analysing the impacts of those suggested amendments. So we are outlining all of that to you in the report which is going to the next Corporate and Works Committee Meeting.

**Question Number:** 12.2 Council Roadside Reserve Grants

## Councillor O'Regan asking:

Has Council considered putting in a submission for the Council Roadside Reserve programme? This is a programme of the NSW Environmental Trust to trial new frameworks for the management and long term value of roadside reserves. There are many roadside reserves in our community and this may be valuable assistance in developing and maintaining community amenity, safety and environmental outcomes.

## Team Leader Environment & Sustainability in response:

Council is aware of the Roadside Environmental Management Framework (CREMF) and is currently preparing a submission. The program aims to streamline roadside environmental management in council's.

Grants are available for council's to improve the management and long-term environmental value of their roadside reserve assets. The Council Roadside Reserve (CRR) Project is a three year project funded by the NSW Environmental Trust and managed by LGNSW. Applications are due by 9 May 2017.

Question Number: 12.3 Verges on the corner of Nelson and Queen Street, Woollahra

## **Councillor Elsing asking:**

What is happening to the maintenance of the verge on the corner of Nelson Street and Queen Street, Woollahra? It appears to be in a state of disrepair. What is the policy in relation to Council and residents plantings in these verges?

### **Director - Technical Services in response:**

This matter was referred to Council's Open Space & Trees Department who have advised that the four small Traffic Islands on the corner of Queen Street and Nelson Street have previously been planted and managed by nearby residents. There is Rosemary growing over the edge of the two southern traffic devices via a resident and the northern two traffic devices were replanted by Parks Staff last winter.

Parks staff intend to remove the Rosemary in the next month and the four Traffic Devices will all be planted consistently.

We frequently have areas such as this where Residents sometimes plant and maintain them in agreement with council. This is generally not an issue until the resident moves or becomes unable to maintain the area for some reason. Grass Verges can be planted out by residents via the Verge Planting Application Form. There are many instances where residents have planted Tree Pits, Verges and Traffic Islands throughout the LGA. Most of these areas pose few problems as residents maintain them regularly and ensure clear pedestrian access. If there is an issue with an area, a CRM is raised and the property owner issued a Civic Pride Notice if required.

**Question Number:** 12.4 Chapter B3 Controls - Boundary to Boundary Developments

#### **Councillor Robertson asking:**

How many partial boundary to boundary developments in our Chapter B3 controls, particularly in Double Bay be permitted where it may achieve better development outcomes (particularly amenity and solar access) and overcome the negative impacts of eave overhangs currently permissible, with very close proximity to adjacent properties?

## **Director - Planning & Development in response:**

Madam Chair, I think that my responsibility is to comply with the Council Resolution. We have just had a debate on this tonight and there has been a decision about the setbacks.

You will note also from the recommendation on the same matter that there are other related issues that continue through that working party. If Council was so disposed it would seem to me that that would probably be the venue that that issue could be discussed. Perhaps at some stage Councillor Robertson could be given an invitation to attend that working party? I have to say that I would be very nervous about taking action however that may be seen as contrary to the Council Resolution.

**Question Number:** 12.5 Likelihood of Election being held in Woollahra in 2017

## **Councillor Robertson asking:**

What is the latest update we have on the likelihood of a general election being held in Woollahra in 2017, in spite of the ongoing uncertainty around the government's timetable for forcibly merging Councils?

## **Acting General Manager in response:**

Thank you Madam Mayor. The official position from the Electoral Commission is that Woollahra Council is preparing for the election on the 9<sup>th</sup> September, 2017. We are currently in discussions with the Electoral Commission about the planning for that election, including as recently as today some email exchanges about locations for the pre-poll office and returning officer.

## Political Donations – matters to be considered by Councillors at Meetings

